TOWN OF WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2011

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Windsor Locks Windsor Locks, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2011 on our consideration of the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 42 through 49 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

November 30, 2011

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

TOWN OF WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

Management of the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut (the Town) offers readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$70.6 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$18.1 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On a government-wide basis, during the year the Town's total net assets increased by \$2.27 million (3.3%) from \$68.3 million to \$70.6 million. The majority of the increase is attributable to the increase in Capital Assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12.3 million, a decrease of \$1.7 million in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9.0 million, or 20% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The Town's bonded debt excluding capital leases decreased by \$1.8 million or 11% during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements present only governmental activities whose functions are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, since the Town does not operate any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, recreation and education.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Sewer Administration Fund and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twelve governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided as required supplementary information.

Proprietary Funds

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for its medical insurance benefits. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary type funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's net assets from a year ago increased from \$68.3 million to \$70.6 million. The analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET ASSETS In Thousands

		Governmental Activities				
		2011	_	2010		
Current and other assets	\$	23,159	\$	20,654		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		70,216		67,830		
Total assets		93,375		88,484		
Long-term debt outstanding		17,388		18,570		
Other liabilities		5,416		1,616		
Total liabilities	_	22,804		20,186		
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		52,443		50,797		
Restricted		4		4		
Unrestricted		18,124	_	17,497		
Total Net Assets	\$	70,571	\$_	68,298		

Net assets of the Town's governmental activities increased by 3.3%. Unrestricted net assets - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$17.5 million at June 30, 2010 to \$18.1 million at the end of this year.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET ASSETS In Thousands

Governmental

		Activities				
		2011		2010		
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services:	\$	3,432	\$	3,541		
Operating grants and contributions		10,301		10,665		
Capital grants and contributions		541		850		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		29,725		28,124		
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific						
purposes		6,233		5,496		
Investment income		201		241		
Miscellaneous		146		99		
Total revenues		50,579		49,016		
Expenses:						
General government		1,919		2,196		
Public safety		4,912		4,776		
Public works		4,956		5,620		
Health and welfare		474		463		
Recreation		1,261		1,103		
Education		34,232		34,714		
Interest on long-term debt		552		576		
Total program expenses		48,306		49,448		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$_	2,273	\$	(432)		

The Town's total revenues were \$50.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$48.3 million. Our analysis below considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

Approximately 58.8% of the revenues were derived from property taxes, followed by 20.3% from operating grants and contributions, 13.4% from other grants and 6.8% charges for services. The remaining 0.7% was derived from investment earnings and miscellaneous revenue.

Major revenue factors included:

- Property tax revenues recorded for fiscal year 2011 reflect an increase in the Town's tax rate of 6.93%. The additional tax rate resulted in additional revenues of \$1.7 million.
- Operating and capital grants decreased by \$673 thousand.
- Charges for services decreased by \$100 thousand.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes increased by \$737 thousand.

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. However, there were a couple of exceptions noted below.

- Conservative efforts by public works, public safety, and general government added to a positive position from budget to actual.
- Property and liability insurance averaged a 14.89% increase, medical insurance increased by 4.36% and worker's compensation increased by 5%
- The cost of education services increased due to negotiated wage settlements, employee health insurance cost increases, special education cost.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's largest programs - general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, recreation and education - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
In Thousands

		Total Cost of Services				Net Cost	of S	ervices
	_	2011	_	2010	_	2011	_	2010
General government	\$	1,919	\$	2,196	\$	907	\$	912
Public safety		4,912		4,776		4,609		4,471
Public works		4,956		5,620		2,092		2,946
Health and welfare		474		463		318		355
Recreation		1,261		1,103		693		171
Education		34,232		34,714		24,909		25,016
Interest	_	552	_	576		503		521
			_					
Totals	\$_	48,306	\$_	49,448	\$_	34,031	\$_	34,392

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$12.3 million, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$14 million. Approximately \$7.3 million (60%) of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion. \$198 thousand (1.6%) is assigned as encumbrances. \$4.6 million (37.3%) is committed to designated use. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for spending because it has already been obligated for permanently restricted endowments inventory (\$185 thousand).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9.1 million and \$8.9 million, respectively.

There is no designated use of fund balance for next year's budget, while unassigned fund balance was \$8.9 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 20% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$754 thousand during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this growth was a decrease in town expenses for the budget year and additional collection efforts.

Sewer Administration Fund

The fund balance decreased by approximately \$154 thousand. A transfer to the General Fund of \$103 thousand was for debt service.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major equipment or construction of facilities. Appropriations are made annually by the Board of Finance and citizen referendum pursuant to the Town Charter. Expenditures for capital projects and equipment for 2010-11 were \$4.8 million.

The Town is continuing renovations and upgrade projects for Town Hall. The Town has secured several Small Cites and STEAP grants for road construction and land improvements for several facilities in town. A two year sewer and road construction project was begun for South Center Street. The Town was recently awarded a Small Cities Grant for road reconstruction on Pearl and Fern Streets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, the Town had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures and infrastructure (roads, sewer lines, sidewalks) on a gross basis of \$106 million and \$70.2 million net of accumulated depreciation.

TABLE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation) In Thousands

		Governmental Activities				
	_	2011	_	2010		
Land	\$	3,694	\$	3,694		
Construction in progress		2,759		2,786		
Land improvements		1,602		1,099		
Buildings		8,110		8,318		
Building improvements		28,206		27,578		
Machinery and equipment		6,497		6,422		
Vehicles		2,248		1,797		
Furniture and fixtures		162		77		
Infrastructure	_	16,938	_	16,059		
Totals	\$	70,216	\$	67,830		

This year's major additions included:

- Town Hall renovations \$1,293,809
- Fire truck \$590,133
- Pesci Park lights \$407,000
- Skateboard park \$131,629
- High School Heating Exchange roof \$262,930
- Various road and sewer projects totaling \$1.4 million

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2011, the Town had bonded debt outstanding of \$14.2 million. All of this debt comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

The Town's total debt decreased by a net of \$1.2 million. The Town maintains an "Aa1" rating from Moody's Investors Service and "AA" from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that towns can issue on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$207.1 million State-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The unemployment rate for the Town is currently 7.8%, which is a decrease from a rate of 8.7% a year ago. This compares favorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 8.2% as of November 29, 2011. Recessionary trends are consistent with national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2012 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$754 thousand.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, 50 Church Street, Windsor Locks, Connecticut 06096-2348.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

	 overnmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,295,567
Investments	7,230,820
Receivables, net	3,622,541
Inventories	10,096
Capital assets:	
Assets not being depreciated	6,453,306
Assets being depreciated, net	63,762,589
Total assets	 93,374,919
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Bond anticipation note payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities	1,584,549 3,520,000 311,663 2,082,476 15,305,167 22,803,855
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for trust purposes:	52,442,729
Nonexpendable	3,835
Unrestricted	 18,124,500
Total Net Assets	\$ 70,571,064

Net (Expense)

TOWN OF WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

					Pr	ogram Revenue	es			Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	· -	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	1,919,609	\$	298,197	\$	714,877	\$		\$	(906,535)
Public safety		4,911,685		266,972		35,303				(4,609,410)
Public works		4,956,163		1,750,815		575,632		537,558		(2,092,158)
Health and welfare		473,883		79,670		76,456				(317,757)
Recreation		1,260,920		429,201		138,553				(693,166)
Education		34,231,839		607,520		8,711,251		3,750		(24,909,318)
Interest on long-term debt	-	551,796			_	49,016			-	(502,780)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	48,305,895	\$	3,432,375	\$	10,301,088	\$	541,308	: -	(34,031,124)
General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous									29,725,288 6,232,971 200,645 145,696	
Total general revenues								36,304,600		
	Change in net assets						2,273,476			
	Net Assets at Beginning of Year							68,297,588		
		Net Assets at l	End	of Year					\$	70,571,064

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

	-	General	<u> </u>	Sewer Administration	-	Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories	\$	3,766,604 5,997,558 2,529,666 614,479	\$	548,074 1,229,427 244,906	\$	4,205,500 21,950 313,813	\$	1,168,480 3,835 250,574 10,096	\$ 9,688,658 7,230,820 3,047,096 928,292 10,096
Total Assets	\$	12,908,307	\$_	2,022,407	\$	4,541,263	\$_	1,432,985	\$ 20,904,962
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	892,520	\$	56,024	\$	3,520,000	\$	112,138	\$ 1,060,682 3,520,000
Due to other funds		433,907		82,756		3,320,000		531,723	1,048,386
Deferred revenue		2,432,926		241,170				270,289	2,944,385
Total liabilities	-	3,759,353	_	379,950		3,520,000		914,150	8,573,453
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable								13,096	13,096
Restricted								172,071	172,071
Committed				1,642,457		2,593,398		365,333	4,601,188
Assigned		197,984							197,984
Unassigned	-	8,950,970	_		-	(1,572,135)	_	(31,665)	7,347,170
Total fund balances	-	9,148,954	_	1,642,457	-	1,021,263	_	518,835	12,331,509
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,908,307	\$_	2,022,407	\$	4,541,263	\$	1,432,985	\$ 20,904,962

(Continued on next page)

\$ 12,331,509

TOWN OF WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 106,057,189 Less accumulated depreciation (35,841,294) Net capital assets 70,215,895

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	764,860
Interest and lien receivable on property taxes	419,928
Assessments receivable	241,170
Interest and lien receivable on assessments	102,288
Receivable from the state for school construction projects	1,626,692

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

the statement of net assets. 2,421,274

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(15,181,173)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(164,909)
Compensated absences	(907,089)
Capital leases	(626,079)
OPEB obligation	(610,343)
Heart and hypertension	(119,500)
Deferred charges on refunding	56,541

Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

\$ 70,571,064

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Sewer Administration	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
	\$ 29,739,882	\$	\$	\$	\$ 29,739,882
Intergovernmental	14,469,734	4,978	318,400	2,532,283	17,325,395
Charges for services	713,082	1,478,960	,	1,160,718	3,352,760
Contributions				18,855	18,855
Income on investments	162,101	23,091	7,754	63	193,009
Other revenues	143,062	201	21,950	14,483	179,696
Total revenues	45,227,861	1,507,230	348,104	3,726,402	50,809,597
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	1,665,489			996	1,666,485
Public safety	4,001,008			314,179	4,315,187
Public works	2,318,266	1,490,249		686,777	4,495,292
Health and welfare	364,845			131,171	496,016
Recreation	774,576			421,779	1,196,355
Employee benefits and insurance	2,527,293				2,527,293
Education	29,185,597			2,138,329	31,323,926
Capital outlay			4,644,688		4,644,688
Debt service	2,450,377		118,860		2,569,237
Total expenditures	43,287,451	1,490,249	4,763,548	3,693,231	53,234,479
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,940,410	16,981	(4,415,444)	33,171	(2,424,882)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of capital leases			720,086		720,086
Transfers in	93,047		1,356,487		1,449,534
Transfers out	(1,278,732)			(49)	(1,449,534)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,185,685)	(170,753)	2,076,573	(49)	720,086
Net Change in Fund Balances	754,725	(153,772)	(2,338,871)	33,122	(1,704,796)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,394,229	1,796,229	3,360,134	485,713	14,036,305
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 9,148,954	\$ 1,642,457	\$ 1,021,263	\$ 518,835	\$ 12,331,509

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Not change in fund belonges total governmental funds (Eybibit IV)	\$	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	Ψ	(1,704,796)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense		4,678,430 (2,227,676)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.		
Thus the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(65,106)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:		
School building grant receipts		(268,883)
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change		(45,618)
Property tax interest and lien receivable - accrual basis change		31,024
Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change		54,779 24,836
Sewer assessment interest and lien receivable - accrual change		24,630
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:		
Bond and note principal payments		1,837,067
Capital lease proceeds		(720,086)
Capital lease payments		181,780
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Compensated absences		(42,372)
OPEB obligation		(110,607)
Accrued interest		14,218
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Heart and hypertension claims		(16,082) 53,152
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	599,416
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$	2,273,476

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2011

		Governmental Activities
		Internal Service Fund
Assets:		
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,606,909
Accounts receivable		53,229
Due from other funds	_	120,094
Total assets	-	2,780,232
Liabilities:		
Claims payable	_	358,958
Net Assets:		
Unrestricted	\$ <u>_</u>	2,421,274

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Governmental Activities
	_	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:		
Premiums	\$_	5,763,794
Operating Expenses:		
Claims		4,517,990
Administration		654,026
Total operating expenses	_	5,172,016
Operating Income		591,778
Nonoperating Revenue:		
Income on investments	-	7,638
Change in Net Assets		599,416
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	-	1,821,858
Net Assets at End of Year	\$_	2,421,274

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Suppose the Cash payments to providers of benefits and administration Net cash provided by operating activities	5,638,276 (5,192,758) 445,518
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income on investments	7,638
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	453,156
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,153,753
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$	2,606,909
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	591,778
Increase in due from other funds	(120,094)
Increase in accounts receivable Decrease in claims payable	(5,424) (20,742)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$	445,518

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

	-	OPEB Trust Fund	_	Student Activity Fund
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$_	243,460
Investments		1,065,348	=	
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	-		\$_	243,460
Net Assets:				
Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits	\$	1,065,348	<u>.</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS - OPEB TRUST FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		OPEB Trust Fund	
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	330,534	
Employee		376,957	
Total contributions		707,491	
Investment income:			
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	_	167,735	
Total additions		875,226	
Deductions:			
Benefits	_	541,154	
Net Increase		334,072	
Net Assets Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits at Beginning of Year		731,276	
Net Assets Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits at End of Year	\$	1,065,348	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Windsor Locks, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Windsor Locks was incorporated in 1854, under the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town adopted a Town Charter effective January 5, 1981, which was revised on December 2, 1993. The form of government includes a Board of Selectmen consisting of a First Selectman, who is the chief administrative and executive official of the Town, and two other members. The Board of Selectmen and the Town Meeting have the legislative power of the Town, and may enact ordinances consistent with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut and specific provisions of the Town Charter. The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity, is responsible for the operation of the public school system.

Additionally, the Charter includes a Board of Finance and a Treasurer. The Board of Finance is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town approval. The Treasurer receives all money belonging to the Town and makes expenditures based upon the appropriate authority.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sewer Administration Fund accounts for sewer services provided to certain residents of the Town. The major source of revenue is sewer assessment charges.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases. The major sources of revenue are grants, capital leases and bond issuances.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for risk financing activities for medical insurance benefits as allowed by GASB Statement No. 10.

The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Windsor Locks other postemployment benefits for town retirees and their beneficiaries.

The Agency Fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of students.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund are charges to customers for medical insurance benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." An amount of \$295,450 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2011, this represents 26% of all property taxes receivable.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30, 2011, which have not been collected within 60 days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred revenue since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year. Taxes collected during the 60-day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the fiscal year following the due date. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at 1-1/2% per month.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	75
Building improvements	75
Land improvements	20
Roads	25-50
Sidewalks	25
Sewer plant	50
Sewer lines	70
Storm drains	70
Vehicles	8
Office equipment	5-10

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are paid by prescribed formula for absence due to vacation or sickness. For certain Town employees and Board of Education employees, vacation time and sick time may be accumulated and paid upon death or retirement, up to certain limits.

H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net assets" and is classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This component of net assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Assets - Net assets are restricted because they are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

Unrestricted Net Assets - This component consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Windsor Locks Board of Finance and Town Meeting).

Assigned Fund Balance - For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter (Windsor Locks Finance Director and Board of Education Business Manager).

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

J. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the general fund financial statements. On or before February 1 of each year, each officer and the head of each office, board or commission supported wholly or in part from Town funds, files a detailed estimate of the expenditures to be made and revenues to be collected in the ensuing year with the Board of Finance.

The Board of Finance then prepares a proposed general Town budget and tax mill rate, holds a public hearing and presents the budget to the annual Town budget meeting, at which time it is legally adopted.

Funds for any additional appropriations less than \$10,000 or any emergency appropriations shall be drawn as directed by the Board of Finance from any available fund balance, an approved contingency fund or funds received or to be received from State, Federal or other sources.

Additional appropriations in excess of \$10,000 (except for emergency situations) require Town Meeting approval. Appropriations for capital expenditures in excess of \$200,000, to be funded by borrowing, require a referendum.

Additional appropriations of \$261,182 were made during the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a department of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education, Board of Finance and Town Meeting approval (in excess of \$10,000 in the aggregate for the year).

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2011, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund in Transfers by \$38,410, which were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$6,258,743 of the Town's bank balance of \$14,257,571, of which \$7,230,820 were certificates of deposit, was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	5,584,221
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name		674,522
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	6,258,743

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2011, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$6,805,810. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard and Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) Cutwater Asset Management - Connecticut	AAAm
CLASS Plus Money Market Funds*	AAAm

*Not rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the Town had the following investments:

			_	Invest	(Years)		
Investment Type	Credit Rating		Fair Value	Less Than 1	_	1-10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments: Certificates of deposit	*	\$	7,230,820 \$	-	\$	7,230,820 \$	-
Other investments: Mutual funds	n/a	-	1,065,348				
Total Investments		\$	8,296,168				

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

Interest Rate Risk - The Town limits their maximum final stated maturities to five years, unless specific authority is given to exceed. To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - At the time of acquisition, no more than 10% of the overall portfolio may be invested in deposits with a single bank, unless the deposits are fully insured or fully collateralized, or in repurchase agreements for a period longer than two days conducted through a single dealer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2011, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	Adı	Sewer ministration		Capital Projects		Nonmajor and Other Funds	 Total
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$	1,143,546	\$		\$		\$		\$ 1,143,546
Accounts		52,789		3,736		21,950		103,664	182,139
Sewer assessments				245,670					245,670
Intergovernmental		1,628,781						200,139	1,828,920
Gross receivables	_	2,825,116		249,406	_	21,950	-	303,803	3,400,275
Less allowance for									
uncollectibles	_	(295,450)		(4,500)	_				 (299,950)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	2,529,666	\$	244,906	\$	21,950	\$	303,803	\$ 3,100,325

Note: Above does not include accrued interest and liens on property taxes of \$419,928 and sewer use charges of \$102,288.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

_	Unavailable	-	Unearned
\$	764,860	\$	
	241,170		
			26,272
5			270,289
	1,626,692		
_		_	15,102
		-	
\$	2,632,722	\$	311,663
	\$	\$ 764,860 241,170 1,626,692	\$ 764,860 \$ 241,170 1,626,692

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Transfers	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,694,247	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,694,247
Construction in progress	2,785,524	(26,465)			2,759,059
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,479,771	(26,465)	-	-	6,453,306
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	14,750,314				14,750,314
Building improvements	33,460,579	26,465	1,328,159	(11,330)	34,803,873
Land improvements	1,672,912		538,629		2,211,541
Machinery and equipment	12,144,321		725,368	(219,968)	12,649,721
Vehicles	3,976,468		691,570	(38,333)	4,629,705
Furniture and fixtures	96,325		88,361		184,686
Infrastructure	29,138,202		1,306,343	(70,502)	30,374,043
Total capital assets being depreciated	95,239,121	26,465	4,678,430	(340,133)	99,603,883
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(6,432,737)		(207,179)		(6,639,916)
Building improvements	(5,882,268)		(719,880)	4,343	(6,597,805)
Land improvements	(574,181)		(35,396)		(609,577)
Machinery and equipment	(5,722,800)		(617,132)	186,981	(6,152,951)
Vehicles	(2,178,115)		(223,178)	18,620	(2,382,673)
Furniture and fixtures	(19,341)		(3,472)		(22,813)
Infrastructure	(13,079,203)		(421,439)	65,083	(13,435,559)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,888,645)		(2,227,676)	275,027	(35,841,294)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	61,350,476	26,465	2,450,754	(65,106)	63,762,589
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 67,830,247	\$	\$ 2,450,754	\$ (65,106)	\$ 70,215,895

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

General government	\$	182,998
Public safety		214,111
Public works		896,392
Recreation		47,440
Education	_	886,735
	_	
Total	\$_	2,227,676

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Sewer Administration Fund \$	82,756
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	531,723
		614,479
Capital Projects	General Fund	313,813
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	120,094
	\$	1,048,386

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

		Tra	nsfe		
	-	General Fund	_	Capital Projects	Total Transfers Out
Transfers out: General Fund Sewer Administration Fund Nonmajor Governmental	\$	92,998 49	\$	1,278,732 77,755	\$ 1,278,732 170,753 49
Total Transfers In	\$	93,047	\$	1,356,487	\$ 1,449,534

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending		Due Within
	-	Balance		Additions		Reductions	-	Balance	_	One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds and serial notes										
payable:										
General obligation										
bonds	\$	15,925,000	\$		\$	1,755,000	\$	14,170,000	\$	1,740,000
Clean water notes	·	1,093,240	·		·	82,067	·	1,011,173	·	83,724
Total	-	17,018,240	•	_		1,837,067	-	15,181,173	_	1,823,724
Less deferred amounts										
on refunded bonds		(72,623)				(16,082)		(56,541)		
Total bonds and	•		•				-		_	
notes payable		16,945,617		-		1,820,985		15,124,632		1,823,724
Capital leases		87,773		720,086		181,780		626,079		126,977
OPEB obligation		499,736		110,607				610,343		
Compensated absences		864,717		76,453		34,081		907,089		71,775
Heart and hypertension										
claims	-	172,652				53,152	_	119,500	_	60,000
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	18,570,495	\$	907,146	\$	2,089,998	\$	17,387,643	\$	2,082,476
8			Ė				•		-	

The following is a summary of bond and note issues at June 30, 2011:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2011
Bonds/notes:					
Town:					
New issue	11/1/2009	8/1/2024	2.0-4.0	\$ 5,518,350 \$	5,169,914
Schools:					
Refunding bond	3/1/2005	9/15/2018	3.0-5.0	10,705,000	5,885,000
Refunding bond	3/15/2003	3/15/2016	2.125-4.0	6,630,000	2,350,000
New issue	11/1/2009	8/1/2024	2.0-4.0	816,650	765,086
Sewer:					
Clean water loan	5/31/2003	5/31/2022	2.0	1,715,669	1,011,173
				\$	15,181,173

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund except for sewer notes, which are liquidated by the Sewer Administration Fund.

The following is a summary of long-term debt principal and interest maturities:

Year								
Ending		Bond	S	Note	s	Total		
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
		_					·	
2012	\$	1,740,000 \$	470,267 \$	83,724 \$	19,459 \$	1,823,724 \$	489,726	
2013		1,715,000	415,999	85,414	17,769	1,800,414	433,768	
2014		1,695,000	360,584	87,138	16,045	1,782,138	376,629	
2015		1,685,000	300,515	88,897	14,286	1,773,897	314,801	
2016		1,670,000	238,208	90,691	12,492	1,760,691	250,700	
2017-2021		3,965,000	576,625	481,664	34,250	4,446,664	610,875	
2022-2025		1,700,000	131,219	93,645	939	1,793,645	132,158	
	-							
Total	\$	14,170,000 \$	2,493,417 \$	1,011,173 \$	115,240 \$	15,181,173 \$	2,608,657	

Bond Anticipation Notes

The following is a schedule of changes in bond anticipation notes for the year ended June 30, 2011:

Capital Projects

Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Balance July 1, 2010	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2011
10-7-10	10-6-11	1.00	S -	\$ 3,520,000	\$	\$ 3,520,000

As of June 30, 2011, the Town had authorized unissued bonds of \$4,925,000 available to fund capital projects.

Subsequent Event

On October 6, 2011, the Town issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$4,400,000 with an interest rate of 1.50% due July 5, 2012.

Debt Limit

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	Debt				
Category	 Limitation	_	Indebtedness		Balance
General purpose	\$ 66,560,567	\$	8,374,914 \$	5	58,185,653
Schools	133,121,133		9,093,394		124,027,739
Sewers	110,934,278		1,011,173		109,923,105
Urban renewal	96,143,041				96,143,041
Pension deficit	88,747,422				88,747,422

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$207.1 million.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding. School building grants receivable of \$1,626,692 for bond principal are reflected as deductions in the computation of net indebtedness.

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into capital lease agreements for the purchase of a catch-basin vacuum truck, a dump truck, a payloader and a fire truck.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	-	Amount
Asset: Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	1,058,510 126,123
Total	\$	932,387

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capitalized leases together with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

Year Ending June 30	_	Amount
2012	\$	144,823
2013		118,858
2014		118,860
2015		118,859
2016		91,507
2017		91,508
Total minimum lease payments	-	684,415
Less amount representing interest	_	(58,336)
	_	
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payment	\$	626,079

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

					Major Special			
			Capital		Revenue Fund Sewer	•	Nonmajor	
		General	Projects		Administration		Governmental	
	-	Fund	 Fund	-	Fund		Funds	 Total
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Endowment	\$		\$	\$		\$	3,000	\$ 3,000
Inventories							10,096	10,096
Restricted for:								
Grants							172,071	172,071
Committed to:								
Sewer assessment					1,642,457			1,642,457
Capital projects			2,593,398					2,593,398
General government							835	835
Public safety							62,741	62,741
Public works							135,088	135,088
Health and welfare							85,023	85,023
Recreation							81,646	81,646
Assigned to:								
General government		51,121						51,121
Public safety		36,917						36,917
Public works		26,353						26,353
Health and welfare		432						432
Recreation		219						219
Education		82,942						82,942
Unassigned	-	8,950,970	 (1,572,135)				(31,665)	7,347,170
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,148,954	\$ 1,021,263	\$	1,642,457	\$	518,835	\$ 12,331,509

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2011 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; public official liabilities; police liability; heart and hypertension claims; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except medical insurance. The Town established an internal service fund, the medical insurance fund, to account for and finance the retained risk of loss for the Town's medical benefits claims.

A third party administers the medical insurance plan for which the Town pays a fee. The medical insurance fund provides coverage for most Town employees. The Town has purchased a stop loss policy for total claims in any one year exceeding an aggregate of 125% of expected claims and for individual claims exceeding \$100,000. During the year, deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in the prior year.

The medical insurance fund is substantially funded by the Town's General Fund based upon estimates for the number of employees and type of coverage (single or family) and trends in the insurance claims and estimates for administration. The claims liability reported is based on the requirements of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the possible loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

An analysis of the activity in the claims liability is as follows:

Medical Insurance Fund	Balance July 1		Current Year Claims And Changes In Estimates	Claims Payments	_	Balance June 30		
2009-2010 2010-2011	\$	380,211 379,700	\$	4,731,597 4,517,990	\$	4,732,108 4,538,732	\$	379,700 358,958

The Town has Traveler's Insurance Company for workers compensation coverage. The premium is subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period. Traveler's retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence. To limit liability, the Town has additional umbrella coverage provided by American Alternative Insurance Company in the amount of \$10,000,000 per occurrence.

10. PENSION PLANS

Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

A. Plan Description

Town employees, excluding teachers, participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits for the employees of participating municipalities. MERS is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut Retirement and Benefit Services Division, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

Plan provisions are set by Statute of the State of Connecticut. MERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of continuous service. Members who retire after age 55 with 10 years of continuous service or after 25 years of service, irrespective of age, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life.

B. Funding Policy

Covered employees are required by State Statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the remaining costs of the plan.

The required and actual contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 were \$423,637, \$464,813 and \$617,037, respectively.

Teachers' Retirement Plan

All Town teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing plan with a special funding situation, under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. This is a multiple-employer PERS. A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has:

- Attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or;
- Attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$12,984,977.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of actuarially computed unfunded liability. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the Town has recorded in the General Fund intergovernmental revenue schools and schools expenditures in the amount of \$2,064,102 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pension.

The State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN - RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the Retiree Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

B. Plan Description

The RHP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Windsor Locks. The RHP provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the Town are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At July 1, 2009, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree Health Plan
Retired members and their spouses Active plan members	43 303
Total Participants	346

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Town Employees

The cost per month for Town employees receiving coverage is \$604 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,257 per month for retiree and spouse coverage.

Board of Education Employees

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving coverage is \$596 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,242 per month for retiree and spouse coverage.

For the year ended June 30, 2011, plan members contributed \$376,957, and claims and benefits paid were \$541,154. Employer contributions to the OPEB Trust Fund were \$330,534. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	-	Retiree Health Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	443,010 37,480 (39,349)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	-	441,141 330,534
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	-	110,607 499,736
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	610,343

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are presented below.

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/09 \$ 6/30/10 6/30/11	597,850 \$ 608,365 441,141	331,943 374,536 330,534	55.52 61.56 74.93	% \$	265,907 499,736 610,343

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended		Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of ARC Contributed	
6/30/09 6/30/10 6/30/11	\$	597,850 \$ 609,360 443,010	331,943 374,536 330,534	55.52 61.46 74.61	%

Schedule of Funding Progress

Valuation Date	-	Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>-</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	· -	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	l _	·	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
7/1/2007 7/1/2009	\$	- 374,934	\$	5,248,420 4,105,823	\$	5,248,420 3,730,889	- 9	%	\$	23,806,952 24,096,139	22 15	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.5% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 10% initially, reduced by decrements of 1% to an ultimate rate of 5% for 2014 and later. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2009 was 30 years.

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. It is the opinion of Town officials that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Budget	ed A			Variance		
	<u>-</u>	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes:								
Current taxes	\$	27,725,802	\$	27,725,802	\$	27,586,057	\$	(139,745)
Supplemental taxes		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,264,704		164,704
Prior year taxes		250,000		250,000		494,609		244,609
Interest and lien fees		150,000		150,000		217,215		67,215
Telephone access line		71,835		71,835		51,053		(20,782)
Housing authority in lieu of tax		30,000		30,000		26,244		(3,756)
Tax abatement		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Total property taxes	_	29,427,637	_	29,427,637		29,739,882	_	312,245
Intergovernmental:								
General government:								
Elderly property tax relief		5,300		5,300		5,813		513
In lieu of tax, State Property		4,040,353		4,040,353		4,063,531		23,178
P.A. 436 PILOT on boats		6,390		6,390		5,174		(1,216)
Elderly circuit breaker		110,000		110,000		136,547		26,547
Totally Disabled Grants		300		300		278		(22)
Capital improvement program		82,553		82,553				(82,553)
Veterans' Exemptions		11,000		11,000		14,331		3,331
Office of Emergency Management		3,870		3,870		5,748		1,878
Off Track Betting/Teletheater		650,000		650,000		605,115		(44,885)
PILOT - Manufacturing Equipment		651,078		651,078		452,658		(198,420)
Mashantucket Pequot/Mohegan Grant		438,963		438,963		439,947		984
Manufacturing and equipment phase-in		1,411,979		1,411,979		1,114,970		(297,009)
Senior Center Transportation Grant		14,188		14,188		14,935		747
Youth Services		14,000		14,000		14,000		-
Public Works Grants		1		1				(1)
Police Grants		1		1				(1)
Various Grants		1		1		76,226		76,225
Total general government	_	7,439,977	_	7,439,977	-	6,949,273	_	(490,704)
Education:								
Educational Cost Sharing		3,989,004		3,989,004		3,975,249		(13,755)
School Building Grants		317,899		317,899		317,899		-
School Transportation		126,278		126,278		84,389		(41,889)
Education of the Blind		2,850		2,850				(2,850)
ARRA Stabilization		663,364		663,364		663,730		366
Special Education		1		1		278,932		278,931
Total education	_	5,099,396	_	5,099,396		5,320,199	_	220,803
Total intergovernmental	_	12,539,373		12,539,373		12,269,472		(269,901)

(Continued on next page)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgete		Variance	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Charges for Services:				
Conveyance tax	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 67,245	\$ (17,755)
Town Clerk's Office	80,000	80,000	83,600	3,600
Building permits	200,000	200,000	181,885	(18,115)
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,500	1,500	997	(503)
Planning and Zoning	5,000	5,000	2,424	(2,576)
Other licenses and permits	2,500	2,500	8,326	5,826
Trash haulers permits	2,100	2,100	1,800	(300)
Assessors Office	600	600	669	69
Inland Wetland fees	1,000	1,000	229	(771)
False alarm fines	1,000	1,000	400	(600)
Superior Court	4,500	4,500	15,732	11,232
Parking tickets	50,000	50,000	44,985	(5,015)
CONA program fees	3,500	3,500		(3,500)
Airplane registration fees	47,000	47,000	45,680	(1,320)
Tuitions	1,900	1,900	8,401	6,501
Park Revolving Fund	160,000	160,000	159,230	(770)
Police accident reports	1,200	1,200	1,735	535
Senior Citizen Mini-bus fee	2,000	2,000	3,910	1,910
Rental of town building	2,500	2,500	2,100	(400)
Rent from schools	500	500	2,740	2,240
Tower rental	40,000	40,000	75,840	35,840
Admissions tax - Teletheater	1	1		(1)
Town auction	1	1		(1)
Police reimbursement	1,500	1,500	5,154	3,654
Total charges for services	693,302	693,302	713,082	19,780
Investment Income:				
Income on investments	100,000	100,000	162,101	62,101
Od. B				
Other Revenues:	10.000	10.000	01.065	72.065
Miscellaneous receipts	19,000	19,000	91,065	72,065
Workers' Compensation	12,000	12,000	68,486	56,486
Total other revenues	31,000	31,000	159,551	128,551
Total revenues	42,791,312	42,791,312	43,044,088	252,776

(Continued on next page)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

	_	Budget	ed A	mounts			Variance
	_	Original	. <u>–</u>	Final	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds:							
Sewer Administration Fund	\$	130,634	\$	130,634 \$	131,408	\$	774
James DeForest Phelps Fund		100		100	49	_	(51)
Total other financing sources	_	130,734	_	130,734	131,457	_	723
Total	\$_	42,922,046	\$_	42,922,046	43,175,545	\$_	253,499
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues b Transfers are recorded for budget purposes only		(38,410)					
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Co Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg			chers	3'	2,064,102		
The Board of Education does not budget for intergove are credited against education expenditures for bud		· ·					
are recorded as revenues and expenditures for GAA	-				136,160		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances are recognized	(16,489)						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reporte							
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Exhibit IV	es - G	overnmental I	Funds	\$	45,320,908	i.	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Budgeted	l Aı	mounts				Variance Positive
	_	Original		Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual		(Negative)
General government:								
Auditing Services	\$	28,627	\$	36,627	\$	36,127	\$	500
Board of Assessment Appeals	*	1,158	7	1,158	7	979	-	179
Board of Assessors		148,594		150,907		147,069		3,838
Board of Finance		5,632		5,632		4,949		683
Board of Selectmen		137,780		140,073		138,773		1,300
Building Official		196,369		199,475		179,068		20,407
Capital Improvement Advisory Commission		769		769		557		212
Conservation Commission		2,584		2,584		1,881		703
Contingency Fund		277,550		17,766		,		17,766
Economic Development Commission		28,893		28,893		27,639		1,254
Finance Department		221,295		225,469		225,281		188
General expense all buildings		22,776		50,176		49,696		480
Historical Commission		421		421		191		230
Holiday observance		3,000		3,000		3,000		-
Human Resource		67,123		68,326		64,985		3,341
Information Technologies		44,229		44,229		40,102		4,127
Inland/Wetlands Agency		8,441		8,441		7,466		975
Municipal associations		19,421		19,421		19,053		368
Planning and Zoning Commission		29,743		34,743		32,980		1,763
Probate Court		9,725		9,725		9,379		346
Registrar of Voters		41,660		45,529		38,682		6,847
Senior Center		88,733		89,645		82,758		6,887
Tax Collector		165,313		184,607		174,791		9,816
Town Clerk		132,397		147,626		143,321		4,305
Town Counsel		73,000		111,200		105,333		5,867
Town Engineer		50,000		50,000		24,861		25,139
Town Office Building		155,891		156,803		153,024		3,779
Town Treasurer		200		200		200		- -
Zoning Board of Appeals		4,979		4,979		3,185		1,794
Total general government	_	1,966,303		1,838,424	_	1,715,330		123,094
Public safety:								
Ambulance Association		53,000		53,000		53,000		
Fire		384,683		387,641		353,102		34,539
Fire Marshal		62,880		62,880		58,075		4,805
Marine services		300		300		36,073		300
Nine bay garage/safety complex		1,900		3,581		3,481		100
Office of Emergency Management		26,884		26,884		22,542		
Police				2,815,932				4,342
Animal control		2,757,751 5,800		7,237		2,751,632		64,300 1,165
						6,072 153,823		21,522
Safety Complex Water main/street lighting		174,431		175,345				
Total public safety	_	645,000 4,112,629	-	645,000	-	619,530		25,470
rotal public safety	_	4,112,029		4,177,800	_	4,021,257		156,543

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budgeted	l Ar	nounts			Variance	
	_	Original		Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Public works:								
Landfill/refuse removal	\$	1,066,904	\$	1,066,904	\$	861,493	\$	205,411
Public Works Department		1,409,375		1,427,826		1,341,623		86,203
Public Works Garage		29,535		29,536		26,853		2,683
Snow removal		61,500		94,398		83,238		11,160
Spring Street Garage		9,750		9,751	_	9,410		341
Total public works	_	2,577,064	_	2,628,415		2,322,617		305,798
Health and welfare:								
Commission on Needs of the Aging		176,922		179,532		167,156		12,376
Outside services		105,482		105,482		100,981		4,501
Social services		56,826		57,661		44,760		12,901
Youth Service Bureau		53,572		54,320		52,380		1,940
Total health and welfare		392,802	-	396,995		365,277		31,718
Recreation:								
Parks and recreation		370,798		377,962		358,407		19,555
Public library		415,490		415,490		415,490		-
Total recreation	_	786,288		793,452		773,897		19,555
Employee benefits and insurance:								
Employee benefits Employee benefits		2,254,189		2,254,189		2,145,534		108,655
Insurance and bonds		405,000		405,000		367,759		37,241
Total employee benefits and insurance	_	2,659,189	. <u>-</u>	2,659,189		2,513,293		145,896
Education	_	26,959,841	_	26,959,841		26,939,858	-	19,983
Education	_	20,555,011	-	20,757,011	-	20,737,030	-	17,703
Debt service:								
Bond redemption		1,901,645		1,901,645		1,901,642		3
Interest	_	548,735		548,735		548,735		-
Total debt service	_	2,450,380	-	2,450,380	-	2,450,377		3
Total expenditures	_	41,904,496	_	41,904,496		41,101,906		802,590

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

	_	Budgeted	l Aı	nounts	-			Variance
	_	Original	Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Other financing uses:								
Transfers to other funds:								
Capital Improvement Fund	\$	1,017,550	\$	1,278,732	\$	1,278,732	\$	-
Sewer Administration Fund	_					38,410		(38,410)
Total other financing uses		1,017,550		1,278,732		1,317,142		(38,410)
Total	\$_	42,922,046	\$	43,183,228	=	42,419,048	\$	764,180
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expend Transfers are recorded for budget purposes only.		(38,410)						
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Conne Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg		e Teachers'				2,064,102		
The Board of Education does not budget for intergove are credited against education expenditures for bud are recorded as revenues and expenditures for GAA	getary repo	orting. These a	mo	unts		136,160		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordere are reported in the year the order is placed for budge year received for financial reporting purposes.	-	(14,717)	_					
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reporte Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Exhibit IV	\$	44,566,183	<u>.</u>					

SEWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	-	Budget	ed A	mounts			Variance	
	-	Original		Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Sewer use charges and interest	\$	1,546,028	\$	1,546,028	\$	1,444,178	\$	(101,850)
Fees		50,250		50,250		34,782		(15,468)
Investment income		25,000		25,000		23,091		(1,909)
Intergovernmental						4,978		4,978
Miscellaneous	_	100	_	100		201	_	101
Total revenues	-	1,621,378	_	1,621,378	_	1,507,230	_	(114,148)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		593,373		593,373		560,731		32,642
Fringe benefits		269,739		269,845		265,765		4,080
Overtime		38,500		38,500		32,879		5,621
Audit and legal fees		6,000		10,615		10,615		-
Chemicals/chlorine		69,236		74,925		74,925		-
Contingency		10,000						-
Electricity		237,461		194,337		178,872		15,465
Equipment rental/hauling		7,630		7,630		7,584		46
Fuel, oil, natural gas		24,330		24,330		22,827		1,503
Gasoline and diesel		12,970		12,970		8,568		4,402
Insurance		36,621		37,854		37,854		-
Lab equipment		22,000		22,787		22,787		-
Manholes		2,500		2,500				2,500
Mechanical maintenance		37,000		45,855		45,855		-
Outside services		23,633		26,467		26,467		-
Safety training		3,000		3,000		1,837		1,163
Nitrogen credit exchange program		11,335		11,335		11,335		-
Sewer line maintenance		16,460		22,301		22,301		-
Sludge disposal		83,500		83,500		77,264		6,236
Supplies		37,425		37,425		33,005		4,420
Telephone		4,908		4,908		4,817		91
User fee administration		8,500		10,429		10,429		-
Vehicle parts, repairs		4,000		8,442		8,442		-
Water		7,733		9,042		9,042		-
Facilities plan	_		_	11,070	_	16,048	_	(4,978)
Total expenditures	_	1,567,854		1,563,440	_	1,490,249	_	73,191

(Continued on next page)

SEWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	_	Budgeted Ar		Variance Positive				
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	53,524 \$	57,938 \$	16,981 \$	(40,957)			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	_	(176,524)	(176,524)	(170,753)	5,771			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(123,000) \$	(118,586)	(153,772) \$	(35,186)			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			-	1,796,229				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	1,642,457				

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

	_	2011	_	2010
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,766,604	\$	2,485,764
Investments		5,997,558		6,265,939
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for				
\$295,450 in 2011 and \$277,000 in 2010		848,096		907,789
Accounts receivable		1,681,570		1,907,827
Due from other funds		614,479		369,807
Other assets	_		_	973
Total Assets	\$_	12,908,307	\$_	11,938,099
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	892,520	\$	652,583
Due to other funds		433,907		113,544
Deferred revenue		2,432,926	_	2,777,743
Total liabilities	_	3,759,353	_	3,543,870
Fund balance:				
Assigned		197,984		199,758
Unassigned	_	8,950,970	_	8,194,471
Total fund balance	_	9,148,954	_	8,394,229
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	12,908,307	\$_	11,938,099

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Grand List		Uncollected Taxes July 1, 2010		Current Tax Levy	. <u>-</u>	Additions	-	Deductions		Transfers To Suspense	_	Adjusted Taxes Collectible	_ 	Collections Interest and Taxes Lien Fees Tot			Total	_	Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2011	
	1995	\$	4,326	\$		\$	88	\$		\$		\$	4,414	\$	88	\$		\$	88	\$	4,326
	1996	-	4,540	-		_		-		-		-	4,540	-		_		-	-	-	4,540
	1997		4,379										4,379						_		4,379
	1998		4,816										4,816						_		4,816
	1999		1,844								33		1,811						-		1,811
	2000		2,832								32		2,800						_		2,800
	2001		9,664								542		9,122		380		3,873		4,253		8,742
'n	2002		19,656								7,507		12,149		1,169		1,231		2,400		10,980
	2003		13,786								705		13,081						-		13,081
	2004		55,404								23,247		32,157						-		32,157
	2005		52,953				662				1,114		52,501		2,501		1,084		3,585		50,000
	2006		89,125								857		88,268		10,324		4,366		14,690		77,944
	2007		282,050				545		92		64,746		217,757		106,680		21,096		127,776		111,077
	2008	_	630,339				98,980	-	100,997			_	628,322	_	364,077	_	71,374	-	435,451	_	264,245
	Total prior years		1,175,714				100,275		101,089		98,783		1,076,117		485,219		103,024		588,243		590,898
	2009	_			29,679,246		89,621	_	351,383			_	29,417,484	_	28,864,836	_	105,757	_	28,970,593	_	552,648
	Total	\$_	1,175,714	\$	29,679,246	\$	189,896	\$	452,472	\$	98,783	\$	30,493,601	:	29,350,055		208,781		29,558,836	\$_	1,143,546
											Su	spei	nse Collections	_	9,391	_	8,434	_	17,825		
													Total		29,359,446	\$	217,215	\$	29,576,661		

Property taxes receivable considered available:

June 30, 2010 (97,310) June 30, 2011 83,234

Total taxes \$ 29,345,370

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Special Revenue												
	-	Special Grants		Small Cities	. <u>–</u>	Dog		Highway		School Cafeteria	-, -	Police Revolving		Parks and Recreation
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	220,912	\$	10,082	\$	135,088	\$	18,483	\$	61,778	\$	81,646
Investments Receivables, net Inventory	_	143,003								54,149 10,096		38,220	_	
Total Assets	\$_	143,003	\$	220,912	\$	10,082	\$	135,088	\$	82,728	\$	99,998	\$_	81,646
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	119,505	\$	220,912 220,912	\$	7,619 971 8,590	\$		\$	46,264 3,884 50,148	\$	3,249 35,500 38,749	\$ -	
Fund Balances:	_	117,303		220,712	_	6,370	-			30,140	. <u>-</u>	30,747	_	
Nonspendable Restricted		23,498								10,096 54,149				
Committed Unassigned						1,492		135,088		(31,665)		61,249		81,646
Total fund balance	-	23,498		-	_	1,492	-	135,088		32,580		61,249	_	81,646
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	143,003	\$_	220,912	\$	10,082	\$	135,088	\$	82,728	\$	99,998	\$_	81,646

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

Special Revenu	Police		
	Department Human Asset Services Forfeiture	James DeForest Phelps	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 16,792 \$ 458,975 \$ Investments Receivables, net 15,202 Inventory 15,202	70,750 \$ 93,974 \$	3,835	1,168,480 3,835 250,574 10,096
Total Assets \$ 16,792 \$ 474,177 \$	70,750 \$ 93,974 \$	3,835 \$	1,432,985
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: \$ 2,519 \$ 52,487 \$ Accounts payable \$ 375,747 Due to other funds 375,747 Deferred revenue 45,493 Total liabilities 2,519.00 473,727	\$ \$ 		112,138 531,723 270,289 914,150
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted 450 Committed 14,273 Unassigned	70,750	3,000 835	13,096 172,071 365,333 (31,665)
Total fund balance 14,273 450 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 16,792 \$ 474,177 \$	70,750 93,974 70,750 \$ 93,974 \$	3,835 3,835 \$	518,835 1,432,985

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Special Revenue	S	pecial	Revenue
-----------------	---	--------	---------

		Special Grants	_	Small Cities	_	Dog	_	Highway	_	School Cafeteria	-	Police Revolving	<u> </u>	Parks and Recreation
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Contributions Income from investments Other revenues Total revenues	\$	495,837 13,237 14,483 523,557	\$	279,088	\$	4,545	\$	258,871 14 258,885	\$	345,823 429,880 775,703	\$	210,218	\$	269,971
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works	_	996 45,200 251,853	_	279,088	_	9,469	_	155,836	_	,,,,,,,,	-	238,818		200,971
Health and welfare Recreation Education Total expenditures	_	60,383 138,553 15,641 512,626	<u>-</u>	279,088	<u>-</u>	9,469	-	155,836	_	795,228 795,228	-	238,818	_	283,226
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)		10,931 (10,000)	_	-	_	(4,924)	_	103,049	_	(19,525)	_	(28,600)		(13,255)
Net Change in Fund Balances		931		-		(4,924)		103,049		(19,525)		(28,600)		(13,255)
Fund Balances at End of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	22,567 23,498	\$	- -	\$_	6,416 1,492	\$	32,039 135,088	\$_	52,105 32,580	\$	89,849 61,249	\$	94,901 81,646

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Permanent

TOWN OF WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Special Revenue								Fund		
	-	Commission on Needs of the Aging	_	Special Education Grants	_	Human Services	_	Police Department Asset Forfeiture	_	James DeForest Phelps	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Contributions Income from investments Other revenues Total revenues	\$	64,890 5,618 70,508	\$	1,150,975 166,434 1,317,409	\$	14,780	\$	1,689	\$	49	\$	2,532,283 1,160,718 18,855 63 14,483 3,726,402
	-	70,308	-	1,317,409	-	14,760	-	1,069	-	49	-	3,720,402
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Recreation Education Total expenditures	- -	69,468 69,468	<u>-</u>	1,327,460 1,327,460	_	1,320	_	20,692			_	996 314,179 686,777 131,171 421,779 2,138,329 3,693,231
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1,040		(10,051)		13,460		(19,003)		49		33,171
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)	_		_	10,000	_		_		_	(49)	_	(49)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,040		(51)		13,460		(19,003)		-		33,122
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	13,233	_	501	_	57,290	_	112,977		3,835	_	485,713
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	14,273	\$_	450	\$_	70,750	\$_	93,974	\$	3,835	\$_	518,835

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - BY PROJECT

JUNE 30, 2011

	Iı	Capital mprovements	Capital		WPCA Capital		Total Capital Projects		
ASSETS	_	Projects	Projects		Projects	-	Fund		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	2,578,936 \$	1,612,206 21,950	\$	14,358	\$	4,205,500 21,950		
Due from other funds		104	313,709	_		_	313,813		
Total Assets	\$_	2,579,040 \$	1,947,865	\$_	14,358	\$	4,541,263		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Bond anticipation note payable	\$	\$	3,520,000	\$_		\$	3,520,000		
Fund Balances:									
Committed		2,579,040			14,358		2,593,398		
Unassigned			(1,572,135)	_		_	(1,572,135)		
Total fund balance	_	2,579,040	(1,572,135)	_	14,358	_	1,021,263		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,579,040 \$	1,947,865	\$_	14,358	\$	4,541,263		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - BY PROJECT

	Capital Improvements Projects	_	Capital Projects		WPCA Capital Projects	=	Total Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,691	\$	313,709	\$		\$	318,400
Income from investments	3,715		3,841		198		7,754
Other revenue		_	21,950	_		_	21,950
Total revenue	8,406		339,500	_	198	_	348,104
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay	2,059,050		2,464,104		121,534		4,644,688
Debt service	118,860						118,860
Total expenditures	2,177,910		2,464,104		121,534		4,763,548
Deficiency of Revenues	(2.4.50.70.4)		(2.121.501)		(101.005)		
over Expenditures	(2,169,504)	_	(2,124,604)	_	(121,336)	_	(4,415,444)
Other Financing Sources:							
Issuance of capital leases	720,086						720,086
Transfers in	1,278,732	_		_	77,755	_	1,356,487
Total other financing sources	1,998,818	-	-	_	77,755	_	2,076,573
Net Change in Fund Balances	(170,686)		(2,124,604)		(43,581)		(2,338,871)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,749,726	_	552,469	_	57,939	_	3,360,134
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,579,040	\$	(1,572,135)	\$_	14,358	\$	1,021,263

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	_ <u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2010	. <u>–</u>	Additions	. <u>-</u>	Deductions	-	Balance June 30, 2011
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents: Student Activities Fund	\$ <u></u>	261,338	* * =	400,785	\$	418,663	\$	243,460
Liabilities: Accounts payable: Student Activities Fund	\$	261,338	\$_	400,785	\$_	418,663	\$	243,460

SEWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

REPORT OF SEWER USE CHARGE COLLECTOR

									Collections				
List Year	<u>-</u>	Uncollected Charges July 1, 2010	-	Current Year Billings and Adjustments	Adjusted Charges Collectible	-	Charges	. <u>-</u>	Interest and Lien Fees		Total	_	Uncollected Charges June 30, 2011
2001	\$	97	\$		\$ 97	\$	97	\$	188	\$	285	\$	-
2002		415			415		318		551		869		97
2003		1,673			1,673		416		648		1,064		1,257
2004		3,268			3,268		945		1,230		2,175		2,323
2005		5,742			5,742		1,736		1,939		3,675		4,006
2006		13,377			13,377		3,762		3,701		7,463		9,615
2007		25,570			25,570		6,716		4,512		11,228		18,854
2008		49,687			49,687		11,597		6,620		18,217		38,090
2009		91,062	_	(86)	90,976	-	28,517		9,560		38,077	_	62,459
Total prior years		190,891		(86)	190,805		54,104		28,949		83,053		136,701
2010			-	1,453,232	1,453,232	-	1,344,263		16,860	i	1,361,123	_	108,969
Total	\$	190,891	\$	1,453,146	\$ 1,644,037	\$	1,398,367	\$	45,809	\$	1,444,176	\$_	245,670

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2011

\$	29,576,661
	5,813
	_
\$_	29,582,474
	<u>-</u>

		General Purpose	Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:				_		_			
2-1/4 times base	\$	66,560,567	\$	\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base			133,121,133						
3-3/4 times base					110,934,278				
3-1/4 times base							96,143,041		
3 times base									88,747,422
Total debt limitation	-	66,560,567	 133,121,133	_	110,934,278	_	96,143,041	_	88,747,422
Indebtedness:									
Bonds and notes payable		5,169,914	9,000,086		1,011,173				
Bonds authorized and									
unissued		3,205,000	1,720,000						
Less school building grants			(1,626,692)						
Net indebtedness	_	8,374,914	 9,093,394	_	1,011,173	_	-	_	-
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and									
Authorized Debt	\$_	58,185,653	\$ 124,027,739	\$_	109,923,105	\$_	96,143,041	\$_	88,747,422

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$207,077,318).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Name	Nature of Business	Taxable Valuation as of 10/1/09	Percent of Net Taxable Grand List*
United Technologies	Manufacturing	\$ 56,565,434	4.58 %
EAN Holdings LLC	Car rental	31,973,290	2.59
AREH Windsor Locks, LLC	Warehouse	22,594,200	1.83
Hartford Parking Property LLC	Valet parking	16,075,100	1.30
PV Holding Corp	Car rental	15,251,293	1.23
Hertz Vehicles LLC	Car rental	15,004,159	1.21
Connecticut Light & Power	Utility	11,333,820	0.92
Ahlstrom Nonwovens LLC	Manufacturing	10,937,082	0.89
Roncari Development Co.	Valet parking	10,845,400	0.88
AFP 100 Corp	Hotel	10,515,060	0.85
Total		\$201,094,838	16.27 %

^{*} Based on 10/01/09 Net Taxable Grand List of \$1,235,689,386.

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (\$ in thousands)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Real	l Pro	perty							Gross		Net		
	Fiscal Year Ended	Grand List as of	Residential	a	Commercial and Industria		Other Land		Personal Property		Motor Vehicle	Taxable Grand	Less	Taxable Grand	Percentage	
•	June 30,	October 1,	Percent		Percent		Percent	<u>t</u> .	Percent		Percent	 List	 Exemptions	List	Change	_
	2011	2009	52.0	%	25.1	%	0.0	%	11.0	%	11.9	\$ 1,360,972	\$ 125,283 \$	1,235,689	0.0	%
	2010	2008	50.8		25.9		0.0		11.4		11.7	1,369,385	109,493	1,259,892	0.1	
	2009	2007	46.6		24.7		0.0		14.3		14.3	1,252,602	99,785	1,152,817	3.6	
	2008	2006	47.9		24.5		0.0		14.2		13.4	1,199,002	86,349	1,112,653	1.5	
	2007	2005	47.5		24.2		0.0		14.5		13.8	1,178,178	81,445	1,096,733	2.4	
	2006	2004	47.0		25.6		0.0		13.9		13.5	1,158,850	88,179	1,070,671	2.3	
7	2005	2003	47.2		23.3		0.0		13.1		16.4	1,113,681	66,703	1,046,978	20.2	
3	2004	2002	37.5		24.1		0.1		14.9		23.5	951,513	80,527	870,986	(3.1)	
	2003	2001	37.0		24.0		0.1		21.3		17.6	955,633	56,694	898,939	0.1	
	2002	2000	36.8		24.1		0.1		21.2		17.9	947,915	49,556	898,359	1.9	

Date of Last Revaluation 10/1/09 Based on Assessor Data

CURRENT DEBT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Bonded Debt	
General purpose	\$ 5,169,914
Schools	9,000,086
Sewers	 1,011,173
Total bonded debt	15,181,173
Short-term debt	 4,925,000
Total direct debt	20,106,173
Less school construction grants receivable	 (1,626,692)
Total Overall Net Debt	\$ 18,479,481

CURRENT DEBT RATIOS

12,502
\$ 23,079
\$ 1,235,689,386
\$ 1,765,270,551
\$ 1,965,482,324
\$ \$

	O	verall Debt	Overall Net Debt			
	\$	20,106,173	\$	18,479,481		
Per capita	\$	1,608.24	\$	1,478.12		
To net taxable grand list		1.63%		1.50%		
To estimated full value @ 70%		1.14%		1.05%		
To equalized net grand list, 2007		1.02%		0.94%		
Ratio of debt per capita to per capita income		6.97%		6.40%		

^{*}State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management

^{**} Equalized Net Grand List Information, State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Net		Total			Percentage of Annual Levy				
Year		Taxable			Adjusted	Collected at	t	Uncollected		Uncollected	_
Ended	Grand List	Grand List	Mill		Tax levy	End of		at End of		as of	
June 30,	October 1,	(thousands)	Rate	_	(thousands)	Fiscal Year	• —	Fiscal Year	-	June 30, 2011	_
2011	2009	\$ 1,235,689	23.15	\$	29,417	98.1	%	1.9	%	1.90%	%
2010	2008	1,259,892	21.65		27,675	97.7		2.3		2.28%	
2009	2007	1,152,817	23.57		27,793	97.9		2.1		1.01%	
2008	2006	1,112,654	22.88		26,817	98.6		1.4		0.33%	
2007	2005	1,096,733	22.65		26,060	98.6		1.4		0.20%	
2006	2004	1,079,430	22.40		25,161	98.1		1.9		0.22%	
2005	2003	1,046,978	20.69		22,629	98.7		1.3		0.06%	
2004	2002	870,986	24.00		22,357	98.2		1.8		0.09%	
2003	2001	898,939	22.21		20,871	98.3		1.7		0.05%	
2002	2000	898,359	21.21		20,228	98.4		1.6		0.01%	