TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION Vilas County, Wisconsin

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Board Town of Boulder Junction Vilas County, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Boulder Junction, Vilas County, Wisconsin (the Town) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter- Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1.C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain and understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Town's 2020 financial statements, and our report dated March 15, 2021, expressed unmodified opinions on those respective financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The modified cash basis schedules of budgeted revenues collected and budgeted expenditures paid for the general fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the modified cash basis schedules of budgeted revenues collected and budgeted expenditures paid for the general fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Wisconsin Retirement System and Schedule of Contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

We have previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of the Town as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The supplementary information for the year ended December 31, 2020 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 13, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 13, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmer	ital Activities			
	2021	2020			
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,988,772	\$ 2,310,877			
LIABILITIES					
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	2,494	3,126			
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent Year	612,671	563,525			
Unearned Revenues	50,450				
Total Liabilities	665,615	566,651			
NET POSITION					
Restricted					
Broadband Project	3,384,903	34,903			
Town Shop	774,510	-			
Unrestricted	2,163,744	1,741,040			
Total Net Position	\$ 6,323,157	\$ 1,775,943			

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Program Revenues					Net (Expenditures) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
					С	perating					
			Ch	arges for	Grants and			Tot	als		
Functions/Programs	Ex	penditures	S	ervices	Со	ntributions		2021		2020	
OOVEDNIMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Government	\$	400 507	Φ	4 200	Φ		Φ	(400.000)	Φ	(404.704)	
	Ф	192,567	\$	4,329	\$	40.055	\$	(188,238)	\$	(191,734)	
Public Safety		110,768		29,517		13,255		(67,996)		(48,700)	
Public Works		619,546		42,673		245,218		(331,655)		(112,616)	
Health and Human Services		5,890		4,210				(1,680)		201	
Culture and Recreation		175,623		8,367		3,941		(163,315)		(154,553)	
Conservation and Development		249,474		-		-		(249,474)		(109,531)	
Principal and Interest on											
Long-Term Debt		630,008				-		(630,008)		(1,783,045)	
Total	\$	1,983,876	\$	89,096	\$	262,414		(1,632,366)		(2,399,978)	
	GEN	NERAL REV	ENUE	s							
	Ta	axes:									
		Property Ta	xes					1,378,188		1,375,676	
		Other Taxes						222,893		140,357	
	F	ederal and S	tate G	rants and C)ther	Contributions	S				
	1	Not Restricte	ed to S	pecific Fun	ctions	3		100,854		87,201	
		terest and Ir		•				1,563		6,602	
		iscellaneous		`	,			113,338		140,683	
	In	surance Pro	ceeds					594,461		-	
		roceeds fron			t			3,800,000		1,199,000	
			·								
		Total G	Senera	l Revenues				6,211,297		2,949,519	
	CHA	ANGE IN NE	T POS	SITION				4,578,931		549,541	
	Net	Position - Ja	nuary	1				1,744,226		1,226,402	
	NET	POSITION	- DEC	EMBER 31			\$	6,323,157	\$	1,775,943	

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2021 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

		General						
		2021	2020					
ASSETS	_		_					
Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	6,988,772	\$	2,310,877				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	\$	2,494	\$	3,126				
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent Year		612,671		563,525				
Unearned Revenues		50,450						
Total Liabilities		665,615		566,651				
Fund Balance:								
Restricted		4,609,413		34,903				
Assigned		1,337,303		1,143,216				
Unassigned		376,441		597,824				
Total Fund Balance		6,323,157		1,775,943				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	_ \$	6,988,772	\$	2,342,594				

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		General				
	20)21		2020		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,6	601,081	\$	1,516,033		
Intergovernmental	3	363,268		362,067		
Licenses and Permits		8,504		9,376		
Public Charges for Services		80,592		68,843		
Miscellaneous		114,901	-	253,203		
Total Revenues	2,	168,346		2,209,522		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		192,567		197,171		
Public Safety		110,768		99,804		
Public Works	4	401,410		358,386		
Health and Human Services		5,890		3,749		
Culture and Recreation		175,623		228,121		
Conservation and Development	2	249,474		146,381		
Debt Service:		440.454		004.770		
Principal		440,154		364,778		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		189,854		259,475		
Capital Outlay		218,136	-	42,324		
Total Expenditures	1,9	983,876		1,700,189		
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	•	184,470		509,333		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-Term Debt Issued		800,000		1,199,000		
Insurance Proceeds	Į.	594,461		-		
Payment to Advance Refunding Escrow Agent		<u>-</u>		(1,158,792)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,3	394,461		40,208		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,5	578,931		549,541		
Fund Balance - January 1	1,7	744,226		1,226,402		
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31	\$ 6,3	323,157	\$	1,775,943		

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Variance Final Budget -		
	Budget				2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,536,928	\$ 1,536,928	\$ 1,601,081	\$ 64,153	\$ 1,516,033	
Intergovernmental	352,818	352,818	363,268	10,450	362,067	
Licenses and Permits	6,700	6,700	8,504	1,804	9,376	
Public Charges for Services	81,565	81,565	80,592	(973)	68,843	
Miscellaneous	21,000	21,000	114,901	93,901	253,203	
Total Revenues	1,999,011	1,999,011	2,168,346	169,335	2,209,522	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	207,813	207,813	192,567	15,246	197,171	
Public Safety	94,350	94,350	110,768	(16,418)	99,804	
Public Works	388,341	388,341	401,410	(13,069)	358,386	
Health and Human Services	4,650	4,650	5,890	(1,240)	3,749	
Culture and Recreation	146,893	146,893	175,623	(28,730)	159,053	
Conservation and Development	169,800	169,800	249,474	(79,674)	146,381	
Debt Service:						
Principal	387,319	387,319	440,154	(52,835)	364,778	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	190,989	190,989	189,854	1,135	259,475	
Capital Outlay	408,856	506,750	218,136	288,614	111,392	
Total Expenditures	1,999,011	2,096,905	1,983,876	113,029	1,700,189	
Excess of Revenues Under						
Expenditures	-	(97,894)	184,470	282,364	509,333	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-Term Debt Issued	-	-	3,800,000	3,800,000	1,199,000	
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	594,461	594,461	(31,717)	
Payment to Advance Refunding Escrow Agent	_	_	_	_	(1,158,792)	
Loorow Agont					(1,100,702)	
Total Other Financing Sources			4,394,461	4,394,461	8,491	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(97,894)	4,578,931	4,676,825	517,824	
Fund Balance - January 1	1,744,226	1,744,226	1,744,226		1,226,402	
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,744,226	\$ 1,646,332	\$ 6,323,157	\$ 4,676,825	\$ 1,744,226	

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 1,147,885
LIABILITIES Due to Other Governments	1,147,885
NET POSITION Fiduciary Net Position - Held for Others	\$

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS Property Tax Collections	\$	3,016,186
DEDUCTIONS Payments to Taxing Jurisdictions		3,016,186
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - January 1		
NET POSITION - DECEMBER 31	\$	

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Boulder Junction, Vilas County, Wisconsin (the Town), have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected three member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Governmental funds include the general fund. The Town has no proprietary funds. The major individual governmental fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

<u>Custodial Fund</u> – The custodial fund accounts for property taxes and special charges collected on behalf of other governments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, governmental fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified cash basis of accounting*. The modified cash basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the Town recognizes revenues when received. As a result, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) are not recorded in the Town's basic financial statements. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when received if all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property taxes and grants received in advance of being earned or meeting eligibility requirements are reported as liabilities. Debt proceeds are recognized as other financing sources and general revenue when received. Additionally, capital assets such as property, equipment, and infrastructure are not capitalized or reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the Town generally records expenditures when paid, except for certain payroll withholdings. As a result, certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the Town's basic financial statements. Additionally, long-term liabilities such as debt payable and compensated absences are not reported. Additional information on outstanding long-term debt is shown in Note 3.B.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the Town, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies and collects taxes for the Lakeland Union High School District, School District of North Lakeland, Vilas County and Nicolet Technical College. Property taxes and special charges collected on behalf of other taxing entities of December 31, 2021 are reported within a custodial fund as liabilities and paid in the subsequent year as part of the January tax settlement.

3. Long-Term Obligations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Because the Town uses the modified cash basis of accounting, principal payments are reported as expenditures in the statement of activities and no liability is reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees hired prior to January 1, 2020, to have converted accumulated sick days into a termination bank which will be paid out at a converted dollar amount upon termination, separation, or retirement. To receive payment, the employee must have 15 years of service. The payment will be determined based on the number of sick days placed in the termination date as of January 1, 2020, no additional days can be added to the termination bank. Employees hired after January 1, 2020 are not eligible for this benefit. Because the Town uses the modified cash basis of accounting, payments from the termination bank are reported as expenditures in the statement of activities and no liability is reported on the statement of net position.

5. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the Town continues to recognize pension costs when funded rather than as employment services are provided.

6. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

6. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Committed Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized a Town position to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

Government-Wide Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

Restricted Net Position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions
that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors
or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional
provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position. Net position that is not classified as restricted.

E. Prior Year Information

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

F. Reclassification

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements with no change in previously reported net position, changes in net position, fund balance or changes in fund balance.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. During November, the Town Board and officials prepare a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the cash basis of accounting for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each activity or department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021 as follows:

Fund	_	Excess
General Fund	<u></u>	enditures
General Government:		
Dues and Fees	\$	1,000
Public Safety:	Ψ	1,000
Fire Department		18,497
Ambulance		1,421
Public Works:		.,
Machinery		12,808
Street Lighting		771
Fire Numbers		17
Landfill		11,837
Recycling		9,318
Health and Human Services:		·
Cemetery		1,290
Culture and Recreation:		
Library		30,859
Parks and Recreation		682
Christmas Decorations		1,218
Conservation and Development:		
Chamber of Commerce		45,690
Economic Development		26,654
Bike Trail		8,110
Debt Service:		
Principal		52,835
Capital Outlay:		
Highway		382,041

C. Property Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2021 and 2022 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2021 budget was 1.103%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2022 budget was 0.604%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts, which are displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$8,136,657 on December 31, 2021 as summarized below:

Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 250
Deposits with Financial Institutions	8,136,407
Total	\$ 8,136,657

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments \$ 6,988,772

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position:

 Custodial Fund
 1,147,885

 Total
 \$ 8,136,657

Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2021, \$6,043,852 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. \$6,043,852 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

B. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning Balance		Issued		Ending Retired Balance		J		5		5		5		Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:		,					,	-							
General Obligation Debt:															
Bonds	\$	6,104,000	\$	-	\$ 336,000	\$	5,768,000	\$	358,000						
Notes		-		3,800,000	-		3,800,000		3,800,000						
Notes from Direct Borrowings		104,154			 104,154										
Total General Obligation Debt		6,208,154		3,800,000	440,154		9,568,000		4,158,000						
Compensated Absences		12,556					12,556								
Governmental Activities															
Long-Term Obligations	\$	6,220,710	\$	3,800,000	\$ 440,154	\$	9,580,556	\$	4,158,000						

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$189,854.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/21	
General Obligation Bond	12/3/14	3/1/22	1.00 - 3.90%	\$ 1,745,000	\$ 85,000	
General Obligation Bond	5/1/18	9/1/35	3.25 - 4.00%	4,975,000	4,495,000	
General Obligation Bond	12/16/20	3/1/33	1.71%	1,199,000	1,188,000	
Note Anticipation Note	11/1/21	5/1/22	0.59%	3,800,000	3,800,000	
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt \$ 9,568,0						

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$9,568,000 on December 31, 2021 are detailed below:

Year Ended	Bonde			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 4,158,000	\$ 180,276	\$	4,338,276
2023	364,000	160,914		524,914
2024	378,000	148,730		526,730
2025	392,000	136,026		528,026
2026	405,000	122,808		527,808
2027-2031	2,224,000	405,311		2,629,311
2032-2036	1,647,000	92,171		1,739,171
	\$ 9,568,000	\$ 1,246,236	\$	10,814,236

Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2021 was \$16,920,345 as follows:

Equalized Valuation of the Town	\$ 529,766,900
Statutory Limitation Percentage	(x) 5%
General Obligation Debt Limitation, Per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	26,488,345
Total Outstanding General Obligation Applicable to Debt Limitation	9,568,000
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$ 16,920,345

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension Plan - WRS

1. Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension Plan - WRS (Continued)

2. Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment (%)	Variable Fund Adjustment (%)
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21

3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period ending December 31, 2021, the WRS recognized \$15.278 in contributions from the Town.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Including Teachers, Executives, and Elected Officials)	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.75%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.35%

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- C. Pension Plan WRS (Continued)
 - 4. Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset was \$83,595. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.00133899%, which was an increase of 0.00005234% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town recognized 2021 employer contributions of \$15,278 as expenditures in its financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting while the Town's proportionate share of pension expense (revenue) was (\$8,150). The 2021 employer contributions of \$15,278 represent Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized in the determination of the Town's net pension asset for the reporting period ended December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	120,985	\$	26,060	
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension plan Investments		-		156,941	
Changes in Assumptions		1,896		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between					
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share					
of Contributions		921		616	
Total	\$	123,802	\$	183,617	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

- C. Pension Plan WRS (Continued)
 - 4. Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions listed above are not recorded on the Town's financial statements due to the Town's financial statements being prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. The amounts above will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Expense
2022	\$ (14,957)
2023	(4,142)
2024	(28,594)
2025	(12,122)
Total	\$ (59,815)

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Measurement Date:

December 31, 2019

Measurement Date:

December 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method:

Asset Valuation Method:

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

Discount Rate:

December 31, 2019

Entry Age Normal

Fair Value

7.0%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments* 1.9%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total pension liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

^{*} No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension Plan - WRS (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Current Asset	Expected Nominal	Expected Real
	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global Equities	51.0 %	7.2%	4.7%
Fixed Income	25.0	3.2%	0.8%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	16.0	2.0%	-0.4%
Real Estate	8.0	5.6%	3.1%
Private Equity/Debt	11.0	10.2%	7.6%
Multi-Asset	4.0	5.9%	3.3%
Cash	(15.0)	0.9%	N/A
Total Core Fund	100.0 %	6.6%	4.1%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70.0 %	6.6%	4.1%
International Equities	30.0	7.4%	4.9%
Total Variable Fund	100.0 %	7.1%	4.6%

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension Plan – WRS (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00%. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2019. In describing this index. Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.00%)		Disc	Current count Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.00%)	
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	79,570	\$	(83,595)	\$	(203,439)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension Plan - WRS (Continued)

6. Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2021, the Town reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

D. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Town contributes to the Service Award Program (SAP), a defined contribution pension plan, for its volunteer firefighters, first responders and emergency medical technicians. SAP is administered by MassMutual.

The Town determines annually the amount it will contribute on behalf of each individual in the program. Participants are fully vested to receive a service award once he or she attains 15 years of service for a municipality and paid a service award upon reaching age of 60. A participant who has discontinued providing eligible service after performing a minimum 10 years of service shall be partially vested and may elect to receive a partial service award at any time after reaching age 53. Nonvested accounts are forfeited if the individual ceases to perform creditable service for a period of 12 months or more and distributed equally among all other open accounts sponsored by the participating municipality at the time of the forfeiture.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town contributed \$6,189 to the plan, and the Town recognized pension expense of \$6,189.

E. Fund Equity

Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2021, restricted fund balance was as follows:

General Fund
Restricted for
Broadband Pro

Broadband Project \$ 3,834,903
Town Shop 774,510
Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance \$ 4,609,413

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Fund Equity (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance

Portions of governmental fund balances have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2021, fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund Long-Term Bike Trail Maintenance \$ 79,907 Police 31,712 Fireworks 28,397 Airport 205 Holiday Decorations 18,820 Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162 Total \$ 1,337,303	assigned as follows.	
Police 31,712 Fireworks 28,397 Airport 205 Holiday Decorations 18,820 Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	General Fund	
Fireworks 28,397 Airport 205 Holiday Decorations 18,820 Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Long-Term Bike Trail Maintenance	\$ 79,907
Airport 205 Holiday Decorations 18,820 Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Police	31,712
Holiday Decorations 18,820 Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Fireworks	28,397
Animal Control 1,253 Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Airport	205
Legal 5,000 Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Holiday Decorations	18,820
Landfill 2,276 Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Animal Control	1,253
Fire Department 114,350 Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Legal	5,000
Cemetery Perpetual Fund 14,690 Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Landfill	2,276
Parks 36,384 Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Fire Department	114,350
Roads 171,447 Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Cemetery Perpetual Fund	14,690
Room Tax 406,109 Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Parks	36,384
Ambulance 41,512 Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Roads	171,447
Fire Department volunteer fund 217,190 Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Room Tax	406,109
Library 42,620 Community Building 90,269 North Creek Loop 35,162	Ambulance	41,512
Community Building90,269North Creek Loop35,162	Fire Department volunteer fund	217,190
North Creek Loop 35,162	Library	42,620
•	Community Building	90,269
Total \$ 1,337,303	North Creek Loop	 35,162
	Total	\$ 1,337,303

Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 20-25% of subsequent year budgeted expenditures for the general fund. The minimum fund balance is maintained for cash flow and working capital purposes. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

Budgeted 2022 General Fund Expenditures	\$	2,191,948
Minimum Fund Balance %		(x) 20 - 25%
Minimum Fund Balance Amount	\$483.	390 - \$547,987

The Town's unassigned general fund balance of \$376,441 is below the minimum fund balance amount.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance provided by third-party carriers in any of the past three years.

B. Contingencies

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Town Attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

C. Landfill Venture Group

Effective May 1, 1988, the Town of Boulder Junction and thirteen other municipalities entered into an agreement to form the Landfill Venture Group (the Landfill) for purposes of operating a landfill. The Landfill is a separate commission with distinct corporate powers from the member municipalities, none of which are required to make any payments outside of fees for service to the Landfill. If revenues from user charges are insufficient to meet the annual costs, including debt service, of the Landfill, each member municipality shall pay a proportionate share of the deficiency. As of December 31, 2021, the Town's share of any deficiency is 6.97%. The Landfill has not required any payments related to deficiencies in the year ended December 31, 2021.

D. Subsequent Event

On March 2, 2022 the Town refunded the 2021 Note Anticipation Note with \$3,720,000 of Taxable General Obligation Bonds with interest rate of 3% to 4%.

OTHER INFORMATION

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	the N	portion of let Pension lity (Asset)	Sha Net	portionate are of the t Pension lity (Asset)		Covered Payroll Plan Year)	Shai Pen: (A Pei	oportionate re of the Net sion Liability sset) as a reentage of ered Payroll	Plan Fiducial Net Position a Percentage of Total Pensio Liability (Asse	s a the n
12/31/14 12/31/15 12/31/16 12/31/17 12/31/18 12/31/19 12/31/20	0. 0. 0. 0.	00172344% 00168153% 00151546% 00141807% 00134559% 00139133% 00133899%	\$	(42,332) 27,325 12,491 (42,104) 47,871 (44,862) (83,595)	\$	219,671 213,206 176,410 215,185 209,118 218,751 216,081		19.27% 12.82% 7.08% 19.57% 22.89% 20.51% 38.69%	102.74% 98.20% 99.12% 102.93% 96.45% 102.96% 105.26%	
Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Cor R	ributions in ition to the ntractually equired ntributions	С	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll scal Year)	Contributions a Percentage Covered Payroll	
12/31/15 12/31/16 12/31/17 12/31/18 12/31/19 12/31/20 12/31/21	\$	17,030 15,274 11,643 14,632 14,328 14,323 15,278	\$	17,030 15,274 11,643 14,632 14,328 14,323 15,278	\$	- - - - -	\$	213,206 176,410 215,185 209,118 218,751 216,081 226,347	7.99% 8.66% 5.41% 7.00% 6.55% 6.63% 6.75%	

NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION

NOTE 1 CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

NOTE 2 CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

The Town is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN

GENERAL FUND

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES -MODIFIED CASH BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Variance Final Budget -	
	Buc	lget		Positive	2020
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Taxes					
General Property	\$ 1,381,928	\$ 1,381,928	\$ 1,385,474	\$ 3,546	\$ 1,385,282
Room Tax	155,000	155,000	215,607	60,607	130,751
Total Taxes	1,536,928	1,536,928	1,601,081	64,153	1,516,033
Intergovernmental					
State:					
State Shared Taxes	22,315	22,315	20,387	(1,928)	20,388
Fire Insurance Dues	12,500	12,500	13,255	755	12,762
Tax Exempt Computer Aid	73	73	-	(73)	-
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	12,772
Transportation	237,808	237,808	237,808	-	237,808
Municipal Services	742	742	741	(1)	986
DNR - in Lieu of Taxes	45,000	45,000	45,217	217	44,932
MFL	130	130	204	74	101
Recycling	7,400	7,400	7,410	10	7,326
Library	1,300	4,100	3,941	(159)	4,198
Other State Aids	22,750	22,750	34,305	11,555	20,794
County:					
Library	2,800				<u> </u>
Total Intergovernmental	352,818	352,818	363,268	10,450	362,067
Licenses and Permits					
Licenses:					
Liquor and Malt Beverage	2,800	2,800	3,494	694	2,915
Operators, Cigarette, and					
Other Licenses	500	500	390	(110)	1,855
Dog	800	800	410	(390)	570
Cemetery	2,500	2,500	4,210	1,710	3,950
Permits:					
Other Permits	100	100	-	(100)	86
Total Licenses and Permits	6,700	6,700	8,504	1,804	9,376

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN GENERAL FUND

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							′ariance	
							al Budget -	
			lget				Positive	2020
		riginal		Final	 Actual	<u>(N</u>	legative)	 Actual
Public Charges for Services								
Clerk's Fees	\$	200	\$	200	\$ 35	\$	(165)	\$ 11
Ambulance Fees		30,000		30,000	29,517		(483)	25,570
Snow Plowing		20,000		20,000	14,077		(5,923)	15,302
Garbage Bags		21,000		21,000	28,354		7,354	27,460
Recycling Gees		300		300	242		(58)	198
Community Center		1,000		1,000	940		(60)	30
Library Fees		2,200		2,200	447		(1,753)	272
Park And Recreation Fees		6,865		6,865	6,980		115	
Total Public Charges for					_			
Services		81,565		81,565	80,592		(973)	68,843
Miscellaneous								
Interest Income		500		500	1,563		1,063	6,602
Reimbursement		3,500		3,500	9,284		5,784	8,189
Snowmobile Club Reimbursement		10,000		10,000	5,096		(4,904)	10,976
Fireworks Fund		4,000		4,000	4,030		30	3,700
Donations - Broadband Expansion		-		-	-		-	36,850
Donations - Sturm Field		-		-	-		-	69,068
Donations - Bike Trail		3,000		3,000	10,440		7,440	15,841
Donations - Fire		-		-	52,122		52,122	70,787
Donations - Other		-		-	-		-	1,630
Miscellaneous Library		-		-	32,366		32,366	29,560
Total Miscellaneous		21,000		21,000	114,901		93,901	253,203
Total Revenues	\$ 1	,999,011	\$	1,999,011	\$ 2,168,346	\$	169,335	\$ 2,209,522

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN

GENERAL FUND

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES -**MODIFIED CASH BASIS**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

								ariance			
		_						l Budget -			
			dget	<u> </u>				ositive		2020	
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	(Negative)		Actual	
General Government	•	00.400	•	00.400	•	04.400	•	4 000	•	04.450	
Town Board	\$	32,100	\$	32,100	\$	31,100	\$	1,000	\$	31,150	
Clerk/Treasurer		77,913		77,913		75,030		2,883		72,539	
Mileage		1,000		1,000		587		413		959	
Elections		26,500		26,500		17,994		8,506		26,056	
Assessor		18,000		18,000		17,685		315		17,685	
Legal Fees		5,000		5,000		1,893		3,107		2,175	
Insurance		43,500		43,500		43,478		22		41,401	
Dues and Fees		3,800		3,800		4,800		(1,000)		5,206	
Total General Government		207,813		207,813		192,567		15,246		197,171	
Public Safety											
Fire Department		79,400		79,400		97,897		(18,497)		87,966	
Ambulance		11,450		11,450		12,871		(1,421)		11,080	
Inspection		3,500		3,500		-		3,500		758	
Total Public Safety		94,350		94,350		110,768		(16,418)		99,804	
Public Works											
Highway And Street Maintenance		211,329		211,329		194,414		16,915		182,293	
Shop		40,000		40,000		35,233		4,767		37,252	
Machinery		15,000		15,000		27,808		(12,808)		13,825	
Street Lighting		7,000		7,000		7,771		(771)		7,641	
Fire Numbers		500		500		517		(17)		350	
Landfill		60,530		60,530		72,367		(11,837)		67,522	
Recycling		53,982		53,982		63,300		(9,318)		49,503	
Total Public Works		388,341		388,341		401,410		(13,069)		358,386	
Health and Human Services											
Animal and Insect Control		50		50		-		50		-	
Cemetery		4,600		4,600		5,890		(1,290)		3,749	
Total Health and Human		·		*		·		, , , , ,		·	
Services		4,650		4,650		5,890		(1,240)		3,749	

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN GENERAL FUND

DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

								/ariance al Budget -	
		Buc	dget					ositive	2020
		riginal	agot	Final	Actual		(Negative)		Actual
Culture and Recreation									
Library	\$	71,300	\$	71,300	\$	102,159	\$	(30,859)	\$ 94,594
Snowmobile Club		10,000		10,000		6,455		3,545	12,396
Parks And Recreation		29,933		29,933		30,615		(682)	16,354
Community Center		25,560		25,560		25,257		303	25,590
Celebrations		500		500		319		181	519
Fireworks		8,000		8,000		8,000		-	8,000
Christmas Decorations		1,600		1,600		2,818		(1,218)	1,600
Total Culture and Recreation		146,893		146,893		175,623		(28,730)	159,053
Conservation and Development									
Chamber Of Commerce		116,250		116,250		161,940		(45,690)	99,871
Economic Development		1,500		1,500		28,154		(26,654)	256
Broadband Expansion		-		-		-		-	1,947
Bike Trail		5,000		5,000		13,110		(8,110)	2,312
Ais Lake Fund		31,950		31,950		31,170		780	30,670
Advertising		15,100		15,100		15,100		-	 11,325
Total Conservation and									
Development		169,800		169,800		249,474		(79,674)	146,381
Debt Service									
Principal		387,319		387,319		440,154		(52,835)	364,778
Interest		190,989		190,989		189,854		1,135	259,475
Total Debt Service		578,308		578,308		630,008		(51,700)	624,253
Capital Outlay									
Public Restroom at Sturm Field		-		-		-		-	69,068
Roads		275,000		275,000		218,136		56,864	30,593
Highway Equipment		133,856		231,750		-		231,750	-
Highway Shop								-	11,731
Total Capital Outlay		408,856		506,750		218,136		288,614	111,392
Total Expenditures	\$ 1	,999,011	\$	2,096,905	\$	1,983,876	\$	113,029	\$ 1,700,189

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Board Town of Boulder Junction Vilas County, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Boulder Junction, Vilas County, Wisconsin (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated May 13, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the schedule of findings and responses, as item 2021-002 to be a significant deficiency.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Boulder Junction, Wisconsin's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 13, 2022

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION **VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN** SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

FINDING NO.	CONTROL	DEFICIENCIES

2021-001 Segregation of Duties - Clerk/Treasurer

Repeat of Finding 2020-001

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Condition: The Town has a combined clerk/treasurer position to essentially complete all financial and

recordkeeping duties of the general Town's operations. Accordingly, this does not allow for a

proper segregation of duties for internal control purposes.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent or decrease the occurrence of

errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensures that no single employee has control

over all phases of a transaction.

Cause: The lack of segregation of duties is due to the limited number of employees and the size of the

Town's operations.

Effect: Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other employees in the

normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of segregation of duties.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Town continue to identify and implement mitigating controls to reduce the risk of errors and intentional fraud. The Town should review its processes to identify tasks that could be reassigned to other Town personnel and include other mitigating controls that would help improve internal controls. We also recommend the Town Board continue to monitor the

transactions and the financial records of the Town.

View of Responsible officials:

The Town has implemented the following procedures:

- · ACH and commercial banking requires two signatures and electronic approval before payment is made by Town Clerk and Town Chairman on ALL invoices. Dual authorization is required on all payments made by Town.
- · Entire Board reviews all invoice and payments to be made and then voted on at the Regular Town Board Meeting.
- All expenses are reviewed by the entire Board and then approved at a regular Town Board meeting prior to payment.
- Town Clerk reviews monetary expenses and financial statements with Town Board, daily and monthly at Town Board meetings.
- The Town of Boulder Junction also contacts with Peterson Metz on a weekly basis regarding financial statements and quarterly reports filed with the Department of Revenue.
- The Town Board voted to have one of the Town Supervisors reconcile and review the Town accounts with the clerk as a dual effort to ensure procedures are consistently followed.

TOWN OF BOULDER JUNCTION VILAS COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2021-002	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2020-002
Type of Finding:	Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting
Condition:	Current Town staff maintains accounting records which reflect the Town's financial transactions; however, preparing the Town's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge.
Criteria:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or note.
Cause:	Town management has determined that rather than having their existing contracted bookkeeper prepare their annual financial report, for timing and efficiency purposes contracting with CLA to prepare the annual financial report was preferred.
Effect:	Without our involvement, the Town may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town continue reviewing the annual financial report. A thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the Town is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the Town's annual financial report.
View of Responsible officials:	We are aware of internal control issues due to our size. We will continue to review financial information monthly with the Town Board and as needed with our auditor to improve our understanding.
	The Town of Boulder Junction also contracts with Peterson Metz on a monthly basis regarding financial statements and quarterly reports filed with the Department of Revenue.

Section II - Compliance and Other Matters

There are no findings related to compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended December 31, 2021.