GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – STATUTORY BASIS

Year Ended May 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Stamford Stamford, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

and the related notes to the general purpose financial statements as listed in the table of contents. types - statutory basis and combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances comprise of the combined balance sheets - all fund types and account groups - statutory basis as of May 31, budget and actual - general and special revenue fund types - statutory basis for the year ended May 31,2013, 2013, and the related combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - all fund We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Stamford (the "Village"), which

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our

accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our

Opinions

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

presumed to be material principles generally accepted in the United States of America; although not reasonably determinable, are statements of the variances between the statutory basis of accounting described in Note 3 and accounting the requirements of the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York. The effects on the financial other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to comply with reporting provisions of the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York, which is a basis of accounting As described in Note 3, the financial statements are prepared by the Village on the basis of the financial

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of May 31, 2013, or the results of its operations or cash flows for the year then ended. In our opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 3, the Village does not maintain a non-current governmental assets account group in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York. The effect of this departure on the statutory basis financial statements is not reasonably determinable

Qualified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

Basis of Accounting paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial statements of the Village of Stamford as of May 31, 2013 in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter discussed in the Basis for Qualified Opinion on Statutory

Re-issued Financial Statements

previously issued auditors' report is replaced by this report. change the previously issued unqualified audit report, dated October 16, 2013, to a qualified audit report. The As more fully described in Note 6 to the financial statements, the financial statements are being re-issued to

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omission. Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our

Other Information

additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of purpose financial statements taken as a whole. America. In our opinion, the information is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general used to prepare the general purpose financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements – statutory basis taken as a whole. The accompanying other financial information presented on Pages 22 and 23 is presented for purposes of additional analysis. The financial data schedules are the responsibility of procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, prepare the general purpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing

Mistert, Manzarero & Scott, LAP

Oneonta, New York January 13, 2014

COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - STATUTORY BASIS

May 31, 2013

| Total liabilities and fund balances | Total fund balance | Fund balance - Restricted Fund balance - Nonspendable Fund balance - Assigned Fund balance - Unassigned | FUND BALANCE | Total liabilities | Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues Bonds and long-term liabilities | LIABILITIES | Total assets | Cash Taxes receivable Due from other funds Other receivables Prepaid insurance Provisions to be made in future budgets | ASSETS |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------|-------------------|--|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| \$ 464,296 | 392,241 | 23,917 40,000 328,324 | | 72,055 | \$ 7,234 - 64,821 | | \$ 464,296 | \$ 372,824 58,622 450 8,483 23,917 | GOVERI General |
| \$ 479,116 | 249,683 | 24,318 225,365 | | 229,433 | \$ 30,559 619 198,255 | | \$ 479,116 | \$ 446,043 169 8,586 24,318 | GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES Special Capit neral Revenue Projection |
| \$ 312,633 | 312,633 | 312,633 | | | · · · · · | | \$ 312,633 | \$ 312,633 | Capital Projects |

| 11,027 - - - 11,027 \$ 11,027 | 1 1 1 1 | INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Unemployment Reserve \$ 11,027 |
|--|--|---|
| \$ 39,166 | \$ 39,166 | FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES Trust and Agency \$ 39,110 56 56 39,166 |
| \$ 1,179,575 | \$ - 1,179,575 1,179,575 | NON-CURRENT GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNT GROUP Long-Term Debt |
| 323,660 48,235 265,365 328,324 965,584 \$ 2,485,813 | \$ 76,959 619 263,076 1,179,575 | (Memorandum Only) Total \$ 1,181,637 58,622 619 17,125 48,235 1,179,575 \$ 2,485,813 |

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL FUND TYPES - STATUTORY BASIS

Year Ended May 31, 2013

| FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR | Fund balance - Beginning | NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds Total other sources (uses) | OTHER SOURCES (USES) | Excess revenues (deficit) over expenditures | Total expenditures | Debt service | Employee benefits | Home and community services | Economic assistance and opportunity | Transportation | Health | Public safety | General and governmental support | EXPENDITURES | Total revenues | Federal aid | State aid | Miscellaneous local sources | Sale of property and compensation for loss | Licenses, fines and compensation for loss | Use of money and property | Intergovernmental charges | Departmental income | Taxes and special assessments | REVENUES | t | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|
| \$ 392,241 | 339,708 | 52,533 | (7,500) (7,500) | | 60,033 | 620,705 | 12,819 | 67,106 | 41.991 | 97 555 | 217,868 | 582 | 60,412 | 122,372 | | 680,738 | 1 | 46,706 | 101,932 | 3,624 | ı | 52,798 | 15,263 | 15,742 | \$ 444,673 | General | | GOV |
| \$ 249,683 | 201,042 | 48,641 | (42,511) (42,511) | | 91,152 | 730,481 | 101,292 | 42,811 | 562,761 | | ı | • | | 23,617 | | 821,633 | | | 31,006 | 504 | | 538 | 349,432 | 440,153 | 55 | Revenue | Special | GOVERNMENTAL FUND |
| \$ 312,633 | 278,788 | 33,845 | 50,011 | | (16,166) | 126,430 | , | , | 126,430 | | ı | ť | • | | | 110,264 | 98,736 | • | 11,428 | | 1 | 100 | 1 | • | €9 | Project | Capital | FUND |

| \$ 11,027 | 11,020 | 7 | | 7 | | | 7 | \$ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Unemployment Reserve |
|------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| \$ 965,584 | 830,558 | 135,026 | 50,011 | 135,026 | 97,555 731,182 109,917 114,111 1,477,616 | 145,989 60,412 582 217,868 | 4,128 144,366 46,706 98,736 1,612,642 | \$ 444,673 455,895 364,695 53,443 | (Memorandum Only) Total |

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUES FUND TYPES - STATUTORY BASIS

Year Ended May 31, 2013

| Fund balance - Beginning FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR | NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds Total other sources (uses) | OTHER SOURCES (USES) | Excess revenues over (under) expenditures | Debt service Total expenditures | Employee benefits | Culture and recreation Home and community services | Economic assistance and opportunity | Transportation | Public safety | EXPENDIT URES General and governmental support | | Federal aid Total revenues | State aid | Miscellaneous local sources | Licenses, fines and compensation for loss Sale of property and compensation for loss | Use of money and property | Intergovernmental charges | Departmental income | REVENUES Taxes and special assessments | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|---|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| 339,708 \$ 299,698 | (40,010) | (7,500) (7,500) | | (32,510) | 687,694 | 71,094 | 45,658 | 106 620 | 266,435 | 000 | 132,092 | | 655,184 | 44,781 | 100,872 | 3,579 | 21,84/ | 18,713 | 12,270 | \$ 453,122 | Budget | Modified | |
| 339,708 \$ 392,241 | 52,533 | (7,500) (7,500) | | 60,033 | 620,705 | 67,106 | 41,991 | 07 555 | 217,868 | 582 | 122,372 | | 680,738 | 46,706 | 101,932 | 3,624 | 32,198 | 15,263 | 15,742 | \$ 444,673 | Actual | | GENERAL FUND |
| \$ 92,543 | 92,543 | 1 7 1 | | 92,543 | 66,989 | 3,988 | 3,667 | 9.074 | 48,567 | 18 | 9,720 (8,045) | • | 25,554 | 1,923 | 1,060 | 45 | 50,771 | (3,450) | 3,472 | \$ (8,449) | (Unfavorable) | Favorable | |

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPE

| \$ 197,972 | 197,942 | 30 | | | 30 | 879,509 | 51,301 | 674,110 | 1 1 | | i | 40,943 | 879,539 | , | 31.188 | · • | 317 | 398,078 449,886 | (4) | Budget | Modified | SPECIAL |
|------------|---------|---------|------------------|---|--------|---------|-------------------|---------|-----|---|---|-------------|----------|---|--------------|-----|-----|--------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| \$ 249,683 | 197,942 | 51,741 | (39,411) | ļ | 91,152 | 730,481 | 42,811 101 292 | 562,761 | 1 1 | ı | ı | 23,617 - | 821,633 | | 31,006 | ñ ' | 538 | 349,432 | \$ | Actual | | REVENUE FUND TYPE |
| \$ 130,533 | | 130,533 | 39,411 39,411 | | 91,122 | 149,028 | 8,490 11 863 | 111,349 | | ı | • | 17,326 | (57,906) | | 434 (182) | , , | 221 | (100,454) | \$ - | (Unfavorable) | Variance Favorable | ND TYPE |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 1 FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

and various local laws and ordinances. The Village of Stamford (the "Village"), which was incorporated May 25, 1870, is governed by the Charter of the State of New York, the municipal law and other general laws of the State of New York responsible for the overall operation of the Village, consists of members elected by the Village officer of the Village. residents. The Mayor serves as chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as chief fiscal The Village Trustees, which is the legislative body

and Water and Sewer Services. The following basic services are provided: Highway Maintenance, Parks and Recreation Programs,

other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity. All governmental activities and functions performed for the Village are its direct responsibility. No

incomplete as set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 14 and 39. are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, which is the Village, (b)

to be included in its reporting entity. several criteria set forth in GASB 14 and 39 including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the Village has no component unit The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity is based on

included in the Village reporting entity because of the reasons noted: Although the following organizations, functions or activities are related to the Village, they are not

the organizations with fire trucks, ambulances, equipment maintenance of such equipment, and and charitable activities and are responsible for training of individual members. The Village provides areas. The organizations elect their own officers and raise their own revenues through contributions members are on call to fight fire and respond to medical emergencies in the Village and surrounding The Volunteer Fire Department and Ambulance Squad are not-for-profit organizations whose

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

basis (pre GASB-34 model) varies from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States primarily because it does not reflect the adoption of GASB-34. Under GASB-34, the Village would sidewalks, bridges, etc.), within a Government Wide Financial Statement presentation in addition to be required to capitalize and report all capital assets, including general infrastructure assets (roads, Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York for Annual Reports to that office. This statutory Management has elected to prepare its financial statements on the statutory basis required by the the current presentation by fund as described below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

records its transactions in the fund types and account groups described below. accounts that comprise it assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The Village fund is considered a separate accounting entity, accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Each operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial The Village uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its

Fund Categories:

ā related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus Governmental Fund Types – are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial recommendations. financial position. The following are the Village's governmental fund types: of the governmental funds is upon the determination of financial position and changes in

General Fund - the principal operating fund and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

Revenue Funds are utilized: that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Fund - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources The following Special

Water Fund Sewer Fund Special Grant Fund

Capital Projects Fund - used to account for financial resources to be used for the internal service fund. acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the

payment of future principal and interest on long-term indebtedness. general obligation long-term debt, and for financial resources accumulated in a reserve for Debt Service Fund - used to account for current payment of principal and interest on

à funds is upon the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The following proprietary funds are utilized: similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus of proprietary Proprietary Funds - used to account for ongoing organizations or activities which are

one fund to other funds. Included is the following: Internal Service Funds - used to account for special activities or services provided by

unemployment claims. Unemployment reserve accumulates monies from other funds to pay for

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Cont'd)

- 1. Fund Categories: (Cont'd)
- custodial capacity. Included is the following: <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – used to account for assets held by the local government in a trusteed or

expendable trusts and agency funds. Trust and Agency Funds - used to account for money (and/or property) received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent. These include expendable trusts, non-

- are concerned with measurement of financial position and not results of operations general fixed assets and general long-term debt. The two account groups are not "funds". They Account Groups - These groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for
- 52 for general fixed assets. purposes, except those accounted for in proprietary funds. The Village does not account improvements and other buildings, and equipment utilized for general governmental Non-Current Governmental Assets Account Group - used to account for land, buildings,
- Ġ Non-Current Governmental Liabilities Account Group – used to account for all long-term debt except that accounted for in propriety and special assessment funds.

B. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

throughout the United States. It requires new information and restructures much of the information Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." implement GASB 34. that governments have presented in the past. This Statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 34 "Basic New York State does not require the Village to

applicable to the Village prior to that date. statutory method is the same method used by the Village for the fiscal year ending prior to May 31, basis varies from GAAP primarily because it does not reflect the adoption of GASB-34. That is, the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York for Annual Reports to that Office. This statutory Management has elected to prepare its financial statements on the statutory basis required by the 2004, which was consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States

relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus. Measurement liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures/expenses and the related assets and focus is the determination of what is measured, ie expenditures or expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

B. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus (Cont'd)

Modified Accrual Basis - all governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days. means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Available

certain user charges. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes, state and federal aid, sales tax and from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made and the resources are

Expenditures are recorded when incurred except that:

- b Expenditures for prepaid expenses or inventory-type items are recognized at the time of
- Ö Principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due
- c. Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when due.
- ۵ Compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave which vest or accumulate, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- 2 accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when Accrual Basis - nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of
- ယ non-current governmental liabilities account group are compensated absences. principal amount. No liability is recorded for interest payable to maturity. Also included in the Account Groups - non-current governmental liabilities are recorded at the par value of the

C. Property Taxes

lien on June 1. Taxes are collected during the period beginning June 1. Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Trustees no later than May 15 and become a

D. Budgetary Data

- Budget Policies The budget policies are as follows:
- expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds. the Fiscal year commencing the following June 1. The tentative budget includes proposed No later than March 31, the Mayor submits a tentative budget to the Village Trustees for

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

D. Budgetary Data (Cont'd)

- Ġ After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than May 1, the Village Trustees adopts the budget.
- ဂ All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Village Trustees. However, the Village Trustees are authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within departments.

Encumbrances

Expenditures for such commitments are recorded in the period in which the liability is incurred reservations of applicable appropriations, is employed in the government funds. Encumbrances are reported as expenditures of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Budget Basis of Accounting

the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by Except noted as follows, budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual. This results in \$3,100 difference of expenditures on this Budgetary controls for the special grant fund are established in accordance with the applicable funds have been excluded from the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes grant agreements which cover a period other than the Village's fiscal year. Consequently, such

Budgetary controls over Capital Project Funds cover periods longer than the Village's fiscal year Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual. Therefore, these funds have been excluded from the Combined Statement of Revenues,

E. Total Columns on the General Purpose Financial Statements

eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data. generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns does not Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

F. Compensated Absences

their anniversary date of employment annually or lose it. Any employee who quits without cause, or is discharged for cause prior to the anniversary date of employment, shall not be eligible for allowed years of employment, fifteen (15) working days. Employees must use their accrued vacation leave by rate of fifteen (15) days a year. After one year of employment, ten (10) working days; after eight (8) Employees accrue vacation leave based primarily on the number of years employed up to a maximum

to a total of ninety (90) days. Employees accrue sick leave at the rate of one (1) day per month and may accumulate such credits up

may elect at retirement or there after the following under the Village's medical/health plan for individual or family coverage: 55% of monthly cost covered by the Village for life with 45% of retiree's portion of medical/health insurance premiums as administered by the Village. The retiree retirement date converted to a dollar amount as follows: total accumulated days times the base daily A Village employee who has a minimum of twenty (20) years of service to the Village and retires may have their accumulated sick leave, personal leave, and vacation leave as of the effective monthly cost covered by the Village retiree. wage as of retirement date. This dollar amount can only be used by the Village retiree to cover the

G. Fund Balance

classifications of fund balance and replaces them with the following five classifications: State for reporting on the statutory basis. Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Types Definitions, as recommended by New York The Village has adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54,

or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments Restricted Fund Balance - restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a)

be maintained intact - such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity. spendable form - such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to Nonspendable Fund Balance - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in

require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint. government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that Committed - amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the

amount of fund balance. Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated Assigned - amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

G. Fund Balance (Cont'd.)

for which amount had been restricted, committed, or assigned. should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from over spending for specific purposes report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General fund, the unassigned classification Unassigned - represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could

H. Estimates

assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may imposed by the State as a result of their tax enforcement procedures revenue because the available information does not report the final adjustments, if any, that may be differ from these estimates. The Village has not provided for a complete estimate of sales tax The preparation of general-purpose financial statements in conformity with the standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States requires management to make estimates and

I. Events Occurring After Reporting Date

financial statements were available to be issued The Village has evaluated subsequent events through January 13, 2014, which is the date the

NOTE 3 DEPARTURES FROM GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)

Non-Current Governmental Asset Account Groups

of capital assets. The data is not available to determine the effect of this departure on the financial Statutory basis of accounting requires certain Village capital assets to be recorded in the Non-Current Governmental Assets Account Group at cost. The Village has not properly maintained its inventory

Statutory Basis of Accounting

be required to capitalize and report all capital assets, including general infrastructure assets (roads, sidewalks, bridges, etc.), within a Government Wide Financial Statement presentation in addition to Office of Comptroller of the State of New York for Annual Reports to that office. This statutory Management has elected to prepare its financial statements on the statutory basis required by the the current presentation by fund as described in Note 2. primarily because it does not reflect the adoption of GASB-34. Under GASB-34, the Village would basis (pre GASB-34 model) varies from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Assets

or trust companies located within the state. The Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to use certificates Cash and Investments - The Village investment policies are governed by state statutes. Village of deposit. Collateral is required for amounts not covered by the FDIC monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. (FDIC) insured commercial banks

Deposits and investments at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Bank of New York in a custodial account for the National Bank of Delaware County pledged for the Village.

Ы Other Receivables - other receivables for the year ended May 31, 2013 are as follows:

| | G | General | Z 4 | Revenue |
|----------------|---------------|---------|-----|-------------------|
| Fee and grants | 69 | 8,483 | ↔ | 3 5 94 |
| Total amount | ₩ | 8,483 | ₩ | 8,586 |

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

Deferred Revenues - Taxes receivable not expected to be collected 60 days after the close of the fiscal year are recognized as deferred revenue.

General fund deferred revenues at May 31, 2013 consist of the following

| Total deferred revenues | Taxes receivable from fiscal year ended May 31, 2013 Taxes receivable from the years prior to June 1, 2012 Taxes in lieu received for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2014 |
|-------------------------|--|
| \$ 64,821 | \$ 32,782 25,840 6,199 |

revenue was \$198,255. and maintenance contract of the Waste Water Treatment Plant. Deferred revenues in the special revenue fund are a result of the prepayment of the operations At May 31, 2013, deferred

2. Long-Term Liabilities

At May 31, 2013, the total outstanding long-term indebtedness of the Village is \$1,044,265.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

- B. Liabilities (Cont'd.)
- Long-Term Liabilities (Cont'd.)
- taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities. Debt Account Group. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness full faith and credit debt of the local government, are recorded in the General Long-Term represents the amount, exclusive of interest authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers receiving the benefit of these capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are borrows money to acquire land or equipment or to construct buildings and improvements. Serial Bonds (and Capital Notes) - The local government, as in most governmental units, This policy enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future
- ဂ will lose any unused compensatory absences at the end of their employment. to receive their accrued vacation and sick leave upon termination or retirement. Employees their compensation plan to allow only employees hired before August 24, 1992 to be eligible Vacation, Sick Leave and Compensatory Absences - In 1996, the Village Trustees changed hired after that date are not entitled to payment for accumulated vacation or sick leave and

account group, it will be recorded as an expense when paid The amount that would be payable has been recorded in the general long-term obligations

group is dependent upon many factors. Therefore, timing of future payments is not readily payments become due. available for the payments of vacation and sick leave and compensatory absences when such determinable. Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the general long-term obligations account However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made

- o. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Represents the non-current portion of the liability to current employees and retirees.
- œ Summary of Long-Term Liabilities - The following is a summary of long-term liability outstanding at May 31, 2013 by account group: General Long-Term

Debt Account Group
\$ 1,044,265
125,795
9,515

Serial Bonds
OPEB
Compensated absences

Total long-term debt

\$ 1,179,575

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

3. Liabilities (Cont'd.)

2. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont'd.)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended May 31,

| Balance, May 31, 2013 | Deletions | Balance, June 1, 2012 Additions | |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| \$ 125,795 | 1 34 | \$ 98,510 27,285 | OPEB |
| \$ 9,515 \$ 1,044,26 | 2,036 | \$ 11,551 | Compensated Absences |
| \$ 1,044,265 | 106,674 | \$ 1,150,939 | Serial Bonds |

Long-term liability maturity schedule - The following is a statement of Serial Bonds with corresponding maturity schedule:

| Total | Payable From Sewer Water Sewer Water Sewer |
|--------------|---|
| | Original Date Issued 07/99 04/98 05/01 05/01 08/05 |
| ٠ | Original Amount \$ 102,900 966,896 272,125 4 77,875 4 859,470 |
| | Interest Rate 4.15% 0% 4.00%-5.50% 4.00%-5.50% 0% |
| lle a | Date Final Maturity 07/37 04/18 05/20 05/20 08/34 |
| \$ 1,044,265 | Outstanding \$ 74,100 \$ 279,891 46,650 13,350 630,274 |

2013: The following table summarizes the Village's future liability service requirement as of May 31,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

C. Fund Balance - Restricted

These balances are restricted for future expenses and are broken down as follows:

| \$ 11,027 | \$ 312,633 | Total future expenses |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Internal Service \$ 11,027 | Capital Project \$ 312,633 | Capital project and repairs |

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D. Pension Plans

Plan Description

(NYSRSSL). disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law employer retirement systems. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and and the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (System). These are cost-sharing multiple-The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS), publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary business of the System and for the custody and control of their funds. The System issues a shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the System. The Comptroller Retirement Systems, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244. information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York

Funding Policy

members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of with 10 years of service are no longer required to contribute. Under the authority of the Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary. Employees The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

| 21,087 | | 2011 |
|--------|----|------|
| 28,082 | | 2012 |
| 32,228 | 69 | 2013 |
| 世界と | ı | |

premiums required. The Village's contributions made to the System were equal to 100 percent of the current years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

E. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

retired members. In order to become eligible employees must complete 20 years of service with the and their spouse through the Village's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and plan (the "Retiree Health Plan"). The Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees Plan Description - The Village of Stamford administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare The Village Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

2013, the Village paid \$6,353. Funding Policy - Contributions are made on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Village contributes 55% of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year

funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, measurement method permitted by GASB Statement 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one (ARC). The Village has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contributions of the employees Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The Village's annual other postemployment benefit

amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the Retiree Health Plan

| Net OPEB obligation - End of year | Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual OPEB – cost Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation – Beginning of year | Annual required contribution |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| \$ 125,795 | 33,638 6,353 27,285 98,510 | \$ 33,638 |

net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2013: The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the

| May 31, 2013 | Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u> |
|--------------|---|
| \$ 33,638 | Annual OPEB Cost |
| 18.89 % | Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed |
| \$ 125,795 | Net OPEB Obligation |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

E. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (Cont'd.)

covered payroll as 131.69%. covered by the plan) was \$201,528and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the was \$265,395 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of May 31, 2013, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits

actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, information and new estimates are made about the future. reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of The schedule of funding progress, presented as

benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 62 Retirement Age for Active Employees - Based on the historical average retirement age for the

Statistics. The 2011 United States Life Tables for Males and Females were used Marital Status - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables form the National Center for Health

allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid. basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employment until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of Turnover - Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement 45 were used as the

ultimate rate of 5.6% was used. <u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u> - The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was based on projects of the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. An

calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid. Health Insurance Premiums - 2012 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Cont'd.)

E. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (Cont'd.)

twenty-seven years. of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at May 31, 2013 was method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage discount rate of 5.0% was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial costs Based on the historical and expected returns of the Village's short-term investment portfolio, a

| · · | 05/31/2012 \$ | Actuarial Valuation Date |
|--------|---------------|---|
| • | ı | Actuarial Value of of Assets (a) |
| | €9 | |
| | 265,395 | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b) |
| | ₩ | _ G |
| | 265,395 | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a) |
| | 0 % | Funded Ratio (a/b) |
| | €9 | 7 C |
| | 201,528 | Covered Payroll |
| | 131.69% | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) |
| | | |

F. Interfund Transfers

| \$ 50,011 | \$ 50,011 \$ 50,011 | Capital projects Total |
|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 3,100 | • | Special grants fund |
| 39,411 | | Sewer |
| \$ 7,500 | € 5 | General |
| From | Transfer To | |
| TIMISTE | | |

G. Due To/From Other Funds

| Total | General | Water | Sewer | Special revenue: | |
|--------|------------|-------|--------|------------------|----------|
| \$ 619 | <u>450</u> | • | \$ 169 | | Due From |
| \$ 619 | | 169 | \$ 450 | | Due To |

NOTE 5 JOINT VENTURES

are allowed to use the transfer station. The Village only pays for operational cost and has no equity interest in the Transfer Station. For the year ended May 31, 2013, the Village paid \$22,900 to the of Stamford portion is based on its population. In return for its payment, the residents of the Village The Village of Stamford pays a portion of the operational costs of the Joint Solid Waste Transfer Station. Along with the Villages of Harpersfield and Kortright and the Village of Hobart, the Village Transfer Station.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended May 31, 2013

NOTE 6 RE-ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Village financial statements, dated October 16, 2013, have been re-issued. The audit report from the previously issued financial statements gave an unqualified opinion on the financial statements under a statutory basis of accounting. This failed to consider that the Village has not properly maintained its inventory of capital assets. The re-issued financial statements dated January 13, 2014 changes the audit opinion to qualified under the statutory basis of accounting.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE - STATUTORY BASIS

Year Ended May 31, 2013

1

| Total liabilities and fund balance | Total fund balance | Fund balance - Nonspendable Fund balance - Assigned | FUND BALANCE | Total liabilities | Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues | <u>LIABILITIES</u> | Total assets | Cash Other receivables Due from other funds Prepaid insurance | ASSETS |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|---|-------------------------------|
| \$ 104,852 | 103,167 | 4,528 98,639 | | 1,685 | \$ 1,516 169 | | \$ 104,852 | \$ 96,730 3,594 - 4,528 | Water Fund |
| \$ 374,264 | 146,516 | 19,790 126,726 | | 227,748 | \$ 29,043 450 198,255 | | \$ 374,264 | \$ 349,313 4,992 169 19,790 | Sewer Fund |
| € | | 1 1 | | i | € | | - | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | Special Grant Fund |
| \$ 479,116 | 249,683 | 24,318 22 <u>5,</u> 365 | | 229,433 | \$ 30,559 619 198,255 | | \$ 479,116 | \$ 446,043 8,586 169 24,318 | (Memorandum Only) Total |

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - STATUTORY BASIS

Year Ended May 31, 2013

| Fund balance - End of year | Fund balance - Beginning of year | NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds Total other sources (uses) | OTHER SOURCES (USES) | Excess revenues over expenditures | Total expenditures | Debt service | Home and community services | General government support | EXPENDITURES | Total revenues | Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous local sources | Departmental income | REVENUES |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 103,167 | 78,495 | 24,672 | | | 24,672 | 188,828 | 55,979 | 100,864 | 11,772 | | 213,500 | 72 70 31,006 | \$ 182,352 | Water Fund |
| \$ 146,516 | 119,447 | 27,069 | (39,411) | | 66,480 | 541,653 | 45,313 | 461,897 | 11,845 | · | 608,133 | 434 | \$ 257,801 | Sewer Fund |
| € 9 | 3,100 | (3,100) | (3,100) (3,100) | | | | | | | | | | € | Special Grant Fund |
| \$ 249,683 | 201,042 | 48,641 | (42,511) (42,511) | | 91,152 | 730,481 | 42,611 101,292 | 562,761 | 23,617 | | 821,633 | 538 504 31,006 | \$ 440,153 | (Memorandum Only) Total |