Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2021

# Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	12 13
Fund Financial Statements  Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds  Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	17
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	18
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Water Funds	20 21
Internal Service Fund Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	24 25
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Component Units	26 27
Component Units Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Notes to Financial Statements	28 30 32
Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefits -	02
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Fire Service Award Program Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System	69 70
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System	71 71
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions	72 72
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Major Governmental Funds General Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	73
Fund Balances - Sub-Funds Comparative Balance Sheet - Sub-Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	74 76
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Sub-Fund	77

# Table of Contents (Concluded)

	Page
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Water Fund	79 82
Comparative Balance Sheet	85
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund	86
Comparative Balance Sheet	88
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Conital Projects Fund	89
Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Fund	91 92
Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	93 94
Internal Service Fund Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Comparative Statement of Cash Flows	95 96 97
Federal Programs Report on Internal Control Over Financing Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in	
Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	98
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	100 103 104 105
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	107



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and the City Council of the City of Glen Cove, New York

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Glen Cove, New York ("City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Water Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Glen Cove Community Development Agency (a component unit), the Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency (a component unit) and the Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation (a component unit) for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by another auditor, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Glen Cove Community Development Agency (a component unit), the Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency (a component unit) and the Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation (a component unit), are based solely on the report of the other auditor.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other

knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2020 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 26, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2021

#### Introduction

As management of the City of Glen Cove, New York ("City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Please read this in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section to enhance understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City were less than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$55,961,223) (net position). This is an increase in the net position of \$7,950,914 from the prior year. The net position amount includes an unrestricted deficit of (\$148,167,237). This deficit results primarily from the accrual of certain operating liabilities pursuant to Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, which will be satisfied in future years, coupled with the deficits reported in the governmental funds.
- The City's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$20,101,232, inclusive of a \$18.5 million fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund. The operating funds, exclusive of the Capital Projects Fund, reported a combined fund balance of \$1,626,976, which is an overall increase of \$2,359,017 from the prior year.
- For the year 2021, the General Fund showed an operating gain of \$2,151,323, resulting in an increase of fund balance by this amount, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$702,370.
- At the end of the fiscal year 2021, the City's long-term liabilities (due in more than one year) was \$196.5 million, a decrease from the prior year of \$17.7 million.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position represents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information reflecting how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first three pages of the basic financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Water Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. The Special Purpose

Fund is a non-major governmental fund. Individual fund data for this non-major governmental funds is provided elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Water Fund and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Water Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with their respective budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

### **Proprietary Fund**

The City maintains a proprietary fund, which is an internal service fund, to account for its self-insured workers' compensation and general liability claims program. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. These benefits have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Internal Service Fund.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources were less than liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by (\$55,961,223) at the close of the current fiscal year.

#### **Net Position**

	2021	2020	
Current Assets Capital Assets	\$ 64,921,513 118,950,298	\$ 54,962,651 114,792,022	
Total Assets	183,871,811	169,754,673	
Deferred Outflows	44,434,521	43,215,221	
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	9,851,858 203,557,906	9,095,177 222,574,216	
Total Liabilities	213,409,764	231,669,393	
Deferred Inflows	70,857,791	45,212,638	
Net Position Net investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	91,058,005 1,148,009 (148,167,237)	84,565,577 969,358 (149,447,072)	
Total Net Position	\$ (55,961,223)	\$ (63,912,137)	

One of the largest components of the City's net assets reflects its net investment in capital assets, which amounts to \$91,058,005. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its residents and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be utilized to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net assets comprise three components one of which is \$69,812 which represents Special Purposes Fund resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, Ambulance Service Award program of \$617,555 and \$460,642 in funds restricted for debt service payments.

The remaining balance is unrestricted net position and aggregates a deficit of (\$148,167,237), which must be financed from future operations. This deficit results from a combination of the City's long term commitments, including repayment of loans to the New York State retirement systems, compensated absences and other post-employment benefit obligations. These obligations are greater than currently available resources. Payments for these liabilities will be budgeted in the year the actual payment will be made.

# **Change in Net Position**

	2021	2020	
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 10,190,507	\$ 8,701,187	
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,052,849	1,061,351	
Capital Grants and Contributions	8,124,425	6,799,180	
General Revenues			
Real Property Taxes	33,277,146	31,371,532	
Other Tax Items	2,901,935	2,487,802	
Non-Property Taxes	2,730,195	2,400,686	
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	11,546	59,853	
Unrestricted State Aid	4,987,306	3,689,653	
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	46,865	51,778	
Miscellaneous	308,573	250,806	
Total Revenues	63,631,347	56,873,828	
DDOODAM EVDENOSO			
PROGRAM EXPENSES	0.000.000	0.000.005	
General Government Support	9,820,630	9,862,395	
Public Safety	19,891,611	22,604,385	
Health	1,560,430	1,505,252	
Transportation	6,880,323	7,797,717	
Culture and Recreation	7,289,966	7,908,719	
Home and Community Services	8,622,720	9,402,805	
Interest	1,614,753	1,912,045	
Total Expenses	55,680,433	60,993,318	
Change in Net Position	7,950,914	(4,119,490)	
NET POSITION			
Beginning	(63,912,137)	(59,792,647)	
Ending	\$ (55,961,223)	\$ (63,912,137)	

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$7,950,914. Total City governmental activities revenues were \$63.6 million. Real property taxes revenues reflected an increase from the prior year of \$1,905,614, charges for services increased by \$1.5 million, capital grants and contributions increased by \$1.3 million, unrestricted state aid increased by \$1.3 million, other tax revenue increased by \$414,133, non-property taxes increased by \$329,509, miscellaneous revenue increased by \$57,767, sale of property decreased by \$4,913 and operating grants and contributions decreased by \$8,502, unrestricted use of money and property decreased by \$48,307. Total city governmental activities program expenses were \$55.7 million. Public safety decreased by \$2.7 million, transportation decreased by \$917,394 million, home and community support decreased by \$780,085, culture and recreation decreased by \$618,753, interest decreased by \$297,292 and general government support decreased by \$41,765. Health increased by \$55,178.

### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$20,101,232, which reflects an increase in fund balance of \$8.9 million in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily due to the increase in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$6.6 million, increase of \$2.2 million in the General Fund, \$112,632 in the Debt Service Fund and \$96,081 in the Water Fund.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund, exclusive of the LOSAP, reflected a balance of (\$2,226,448), an increase of \$1,977,769 from the prior year. Overall, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$49.8 million, which was \$248,825 more than the final budget. Actual expenditure comparisons show negative variances in public safety (\$502,826), general government support (\$435,041). General Fund revenues and other financing sources were \$51.8 million, which was \$2.2 million more than the final budget. The revenue categories that reflected a positive variance as compared to the budget were State aid \$1.8 million, licenses and permits \$864,794, non-property tax \$577,040, federal aid \$156,919, sale of property and compensation for loss \$15,194, and intergovernmental charges \$5,000.

The Water Fund, fund balance is \$394,152 an increase of \$96,081 from the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund reflected a positive fund balance of \$18.5 million on December 31, 2021.

#### Proprietary Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the City's self-insured workers' compensation and general liability claims program. On December 31, 2021, the fund reflected a deficit of (\$67,838), a decrease in the deficit of \$989,552 when compared to the prior year. Since this is an internal service fund, which is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting, the deficit includes an estimate of the liability for the claims that have been reported, but not settled, as well as an

estimate for claims that have been incurred but have not yet been reported, these claims total \$945,038.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The fund balance in the general fund showed a surplus of \$702,370, reflecting a \$2.2 million positive change from the prior year. Revenues were \$2.2 million greater than budgeted and the overall excess of revenues over expenses was \$1.9 million.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2021 amounted to \$119 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Vehicles
- Parking garage improvements
- Software and hardware
- Golf carts
- Well improvements
- Air Stripper
- Hydrant and valve replacement for water
- pedestrian and alleyway improvements
- Park embellishments
- Court roof and facade
- Firehouse improvements
- Mechanical lift and refuse body for public works

	 2021	 2020
Capital Assets not being depreciated		
Land	\$ 4,150,221	\$ 4,150,221
Construction-in-progress	51,240,733	42,699,821
Capital Assets being depreciated		
Buildings and Improvements	12,473,234	13,567,953
Machinery and equipment	2,034,629	2,532,250
Infrastructure	 49,051,481	 51,841,777
	 _	 _
	\$ 118,950,298	\$ 114,792,022

Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3D in the notes to financial statements.

### **Bonds and Notes Outstanding**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total general obligation bond debt outstanding of \$50,360,000. The year-end balance is an increase of \$2,400,000 from the beginning balance of \$47,960,000. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned their municipal bond rating of "Baa2."

The State Constitution limits the amount of indebtedness, both long-term and short-term, which the City may incur. The State Constitution provides that the City may not contract indebtedness in an amount greater than seven percent of the average full value of taxable real property in the City for the most recent five years. Certain indebtedness is excluded in ascertaining the City's authority to contract indebtedness within the constitutional limits; accordingly, debt of this kind, commonly referred to as "excluded debt", may be issued without regard to the constitutional limit and without affecting the City's authority to issue debt subject to the limit.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3H in the notes to financial statements.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Controller, City of Glen Cove, City Hall, 9 Glen Street, Glen Cove, New York 11542.

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 29,375,312	\$ 968,276
Restricted cash and equivalents	-	17,920
Investments	2,840,977	605,846
Receivables Taxes	25,782,519	<del>-</del>
Accounts, net	947,700	169,176
Water rents	967,651	-
State and Federal aid  Due from other governments	2,177,781 1,682,659	- 158,677
Prepaid expenses	1,146,914	11,538
Land held for resale	-	31,650
Capital assets  Not being depreciated	55,390,954	- 1,937,200
Being depreciated, net	63,559,344	8,815
Total Assets	183,871,811	3,909,098
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding bonds	340,408	-
Pension related	21,041,262	326,024
OPEB related Length of service award program(s)	21,725,926 1,326,925	549,249
		075 070
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	44,434,521	875,273
LIABILITIES	0.044.504	04.400
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	3,044,584 1,221,848	81,199 81,138
Deposits payable	385,569	01,130
Employee payroll deductions	443,139	
Bond anticipation notes payable	1,643,224	-
Due to other governments Overpayments	339,510 238,569	-
Unearned revenues	1,839,879	-
Accrued interest payable	695,536	-
Non-current liabilities	7.007.404	0.044
Due within one year Due in more than one year	7,097,104 196,460,802	6,214 3,186,468
·		
Total Liabilities	213,409,764	3,355,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unearned revenues	-	21,000
Pension related OPEB related	22,071,070 15,099,913	418,985 395,356
Length of service award program(s)	339,857	-
Deferred taxes	33,346,951	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	70,857,791	835,341
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	91,058,005	1,944,520
Restricted for	60.040	
Special purposes  Debt service	69,812 460,642	- -
Ambulance Service Award Program	617,555	-
Unrestricted	(148,167,237)	(1,350,509)
Total Net Position	\$ (55,961,223)	\$ 594,011

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Governmental activities								
General government support	\$	9,820,630	\$	1,487,238	\$	-	\$	251,976
Public safety		19,891,611		1,910,207		125,756		111,249
Health		1,560,430		926,611		-		-
Transportation		6,880,323		15,947		22,639		5,497,560
Culture and recreation		7,289,966		1,650,485		608,894		91,691
Home and community								
services		8,622,720		4,200,019		295,560		2,152,935
Interest		1,614,753						19,014
Total Governmental Activities -	Φ	FF COO 400	Φ	10 100 507	Φ	1 050 040	Φ	0.404.405
Primary Government	Ф	55,680,433	\$	10,190,507	\$	1,052,849	\$	8,124,425
Component units	\$	6,169,657	\$	661,226	\$	5,805,085	\$	

**General Revenues** 

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Non-property taxes

Non-property tax distribution from County

Utilities gross receipts taxes

Cable television franchise fees

Unrestricted use of money and property

Unrestricted State aid

Gain on sale of property

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

### **NET POSITION**

Beginning

**Ending** 

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Gov	rimary vernment ernmental ctivities	Component Units			
(1	(8,081,416) (7,744,399) (633,819) (1,344,177) (4,938,896)	\$ - - - -			
	(1,974,206) (1,595,739)				
(3	36,312,652)				
	-	296,654			
3	33,277,146	-			
	189,875 2,712,060	-			
	1,715,076 487,350 527,769 11,546 4,987,306 46,865 308,573	- - 3,260 - -			
	4,263,566	3,260			
	7,950,914	299,914			
(6	33,912,137)	294,097			
\$ (5	55,961,223)	\$ 594,011			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General	Wa	er	Debt Service
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 8,361,171	\$	- \$	742,143
Investments	2,840,977	. <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
Taxes receivable, net	25,782,519		-	_
Other receivables Accounts Water rents State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	693,229 - 357,892 1,524,523 438,481 3,014,125		- 67,651 - - - - 67,651	158,136 - 158,136
Prepaid expenditures	1,116,001		30,913	
Total Assets	\$ 41,114,793	\$ 99	98,564 \$	900,279
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 1,326,037		38,195 \$	_
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Employee payroll deductions Bond anticipation notes payable Due to other governments Overpayments Due to other funds Unearned revenues	1,193,934 385,569 443,139 - 339,510 238,569 - 1,839,879		27,914 - - - - - - 38,303 -	- - - - - 403,664 -
Total Liabilities	5,766,637	60	)4,412	403,664
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Taxes collected in advance Deferred revenues	1,298,835 33,346,951 		- - -	- - 35,973
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	34,645,786		<u> </u>	35,973
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	40,412,423	60	)4,412	439,637
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	1,116,001 2,933,482 - (3,347,113)		30,913 - 33,239 -	- 460,642 - -
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	702,370	39	94,152	460,642
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 41,114,793	\$ 99	98,564 \$	900,279

	Capital Projects		on-Major vernmental	G	Total lovernmental Funds
\$	19,170,145	\$	69,812	\$	28,343,271
					2,840,977
					25,782,519
	248,002 - 1,819,889		- - -		941,231 967,651 2,177,781
	- 403,664		-		1,682,659 842,145
	2,471,555				6,611,467
	-		_		1,146,914
\$	21,641,700	\$	69,812	\$	64,725,148
ф	4 524 220	¢		¢	2 000 452
\$	1,524,220 -	\$	-	\$	2,988,452 1,221,848
	-		-		385,569 443,139
	1,643,224		-		1,643,224
	-		-		339,510 238,569
	-		-		841,967 1,839,879
-	0.407.444				
	3,167,444		<u>-</u> _		9,942,157
	- - -		- - -		1,298,835 33,346,951 35,973
					34,681,759
	3,167,444				44,623,916
	- 18,474,256 - -		69,812 - -		1,146,914 21,938,192 363,239 (3,347,113)
	18,474,256		69,812		20,101,232
\$	21,641,700	\$	69,812	\$	64,725,148



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government - Wide Statement of Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund	\$ 20,101,232
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets - non depreciable	55,390,954
Capital assets - depreciable	223,827,559
Accumulated Depreciation	(160,268,215)
	118,950,298
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes are net	
differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent	
to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are	
recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on	
the statement of net position.  Deferred outflows - pension related	21,041,262
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	21,725,926
Deferred outflows - Of Eb related  Deferred outflows - length of service award program(s)	1,326,925
Deferred inflows - pension related	(22,071,070)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(15,099,913)
Deferred inflows - length of service award program(s)	(339,857)
Bolottod Illiono Tongar of corvice award program(c)	
	6,583,273
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.	
Real property taxes	1,298,835
Deferred revenues - sewer debt	35,973
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of workers'	1,334,808
compensation and general liability claims activities to individual funds. The assets	
and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities	
in the statement of net position.	(67,838)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(695,536)
General obligation bonds payable	(50,360,000)
Retirement incentives and other pension obligations	(548,521)
Compensated absences payable	(16,384,259)
Net pension liability	(4,241,912)
Total pension liability - Length of service award program	(4,974,423)
Total OPEB liability	(124,476,554)
	(201,681,205)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings and	
similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and	
amortized in the statement of activities.	040 400
Deferred amount on refunding	340,408
Premium on general obligation bonds	(1,522,199)
	(1,181,791)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (55,961,223)
	+ (55,551,220)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 General	 Water	 Debt Service
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Net change in fair value of investments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	\$ 33,382,604 2,901,935 2,730,195 3,183,221 89,000 1,170,924 72,677 1,278,494 159,935	\$ - 3,573,491 - - - - -	\$ - - - 122,160 - - -
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	 530,318 5,240,466 665,451 492,781	 - - - 91,838	 - - - -
Total Revenues	51,898,001	3,665,329	122,160
EXPENDITURES	 		 , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service	7,674,646 15,660,231 790,081 2,097,050 3,888,757 2,934,467 10,048,192	- - - - 2,680,076	- - - - -
Principal Interest Capital outlay	- - -	- - -	 6,115,000 1,727,552 -
Total Expenditures	 43,093,424	 2,680,076	 7,842,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	8,804,577	 985,253	(7,720,392)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Sale of property Issuance premium Transfers in Transfers out	39,000 - - (6,692,254)	- - - - (889,172)	- 292,648 7,540,376 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (6,653,254)	(889,172)	 7,833,024
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,151,323	96,081	 112,632
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	(1,448,953)	298,071	348,010
End of Year	\$ 702,370	\$ 394,152	\$ 460,642

	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$		\$ -	\$ 33,382,604
φ	_	φ -	2,901,935
	_	_ _	2,730,195
	_	_	6,756,712
	_	<u>-</u>	211,160
	390	<u>-</u>	1,171,314
	-	_	72,677
	_	_	1,278,494
	-	-	159,935
	-	-	530,318
	6,105,051	-	11,345,517
	358,029	-	1,023,480
	1,641,941	10,050	2,236,610
	8,105,411	10,050	63,800,951
	_	_	7,674,646
	_	_	15,660,231
	_	<u>-</u>	790,081
	_	_	2,097,050
	_	11,069	3,899,826
	-	-	5,614,543
	-	-	10,048,192
	-	-	6,115,000
	-	-	1,727,552
	10,273,364		10,273,364
	10,273,364	11,069	63,900,485
	(2,167,953)	(1,019)	(99,534)
	8,515,000		8,515,000
	-	<u>-</u>	39,000
	192,677	- -	485,325
	41,050	_	7,581,426
	-		(7,581,426)
	8,748,727		9,039,325
	6,580,774	(1,019)	8,939,791
		. ,	
	11,893,482	70,831	11,161,441
\$	18,474,256	\$ 69,812	\$ 20,101,232



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Becar	use	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	8,939,791
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay expenditures  Depreciation expense		10,241,584 (6,083,308)
		4,158,276
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Real property taxes Deferred revenues - sewer debt service		(105,458) (118,214)
		(223,672)
Bond, note and other proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repaymer of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities.	nt	
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		6,115,000 (8,515,000)
General obligation bonds issued Issuance premium		(470,257)
		(2,870,257)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		37,665
Retirement incentives and other pension liabilities Compensated absences Changes in pension liabilities and related		383,280 (452,394)
deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in total pension liabilities - fire service awards and related		1,250,214
deferred outflows and inflows of resources Claims payable Changes in ORER liabilities and related		(201,987) 187,550
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		(4,322,238)
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium		75,134
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of risk activities		(3,042,776)
to individual funds. The net revenue of internal service funds is reported within		000 550
governmental activities.	ф	989,552
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	7,950,914

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Water Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Revenues Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Net change in fair value of investments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 33,806,696 2,902,850 2,153,155 3,681,810 84,000 1,175,655 - 413,700 396,500 5,000 3,390,646 441,772 507,932	\$ 33,806,696 2,902,850 2,153,155 3,681,810 84,000 1,175,655 - 413,700 396,500 515,124 3,390,646 508,532 512,932	\$ 33,382,604 2,901,935 2,730,195 3,183,221 89,000 1,170,924 72,677 1,278,494 159,935 530,318 5,240,466 665,451 492,781	\$ (424,092) (915) 577,040 (498,589) 5,000 (4,731) 72,677 864,794 (236,565) 15,194 1,849,820 156,919 (20,151)			
Total Revenues	48,959,716	49,541,600	51,898,001	2,356,401			
EXPENDITURES Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits	7,125,862 14,640,696 816,291 2,303,479 4,130,438 2,989,137 10,261,559	7,239,605 15,142,546 816,291 2,299,856 4,258,747 2,989,137 10,103,164	7,674,646 15,660,231 790,081 2,097,050 3,888,757 2,934,467 10,048,192	(435,041) (517,685) 26,210 202,806 369,990 54,670 54,972			
Total Expenditures  Excess of Revenues  Over Expenditures	42,267,462 6,692,254	42,849,346 6,692,254	43,093,424 8,804,577	2,112,323			
OTHER FINANCING USES Sale of property Transfers out	- (6,692,254)	- (6,692,254)	39,000 (6,692,254)	39,000			
Total Other Financing Uses	(6,692,254)	(6,692,254)	(6,653,254)	39,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	2,151,323	2,151,323			
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year			(1,448,953)	(1,448,953)			
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 702,370	\$ 702,370			

	Water I	und		
Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	ariance with nal Budget
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
-	-		-	-
3,800,000	3,800,000		3,573,491	(226,509)
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
 101,500	 101,500		91,838	 (9,662)
 3,901,500	3,901,500		3,665,329	 (236,171)
-	-		-	-
-	-		-	-
-	-		<u>-</u>	-
3,053,378	 3,012,328		2,680,076 -	332,252
 3,053,378	3,012,328		2,680,076	 332,252
848,122	889,172		985,253	96,081
- (848,122)	- (889,172)		- (889,172)	-
(848,122)	(889,172)		(889,172)	
-	-		96,081	96,081
	 		298,071	 298,071
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	394,152	\$ 394,152

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,032,041
Accounts receivable	<u></u>	6,469
Total Assets		1,038,510
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		56,132
Due to other funds		178
Current portion of claims payable		105,000
Total Current Liabilities		161,310
Claima navable loss current parties		045 029
Claims payable, less current portion		945,038
Total Liabilities		1,106,348
		.,,
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$	(67,838)

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Insurance recoveries	\$ 957,000 120,415
Total Operating Revenues	 1,077,415
OPERATING EXPENSES Employee benefits Judgments and claims	 (481,963) 569,826
Total Operating Expenses	 87,863
Income from Operations	989,552
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	(1,057,390)
End of Year	\$ (67,838)

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from charges for services  Cash received from insurance recoveries  Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$ 957,000 113,946 (812,292)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	258,654
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning of Year	 773,387
End of Year	\$ 1,032,041
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Income from operations	\$ 989,552
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities  Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(6,469)
Accounts payable	(31,197)
Due to other funds	178
Claims payable	 (693,410)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 258,654

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2021

	 Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$ 2,417,788
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments	\$ 2,417,788



Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Real property taxes collected for other governments	\$ 85,280,961
DEDUCTIONS Payments of real property taxes to other governments	 85,280,961
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	-
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	 <u>-</u>
End of Year	\$ 

Statement of Net Position Component Units December 31, 2021

	Glen Cove Community Development Agency			
ASSETS		Community Development		Section 8 Housing Assistance Program
Cash and equivalents	\$	18,307	\$	427,517
Restricted cash and equivalents	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Investments		_		_
Receivables				
Accounts, net of allowance for				
uncollectible amounts		-		118,513
Internal balances		603,430		347,413
Due from other governments		158,677		2 602
Prepaid expenses Land held for resale		3,923		3,692
Capital assets		-		-
Not being depreciated		1,937,200		_
Being depreciated, net				5,419
Total Assets		2,721,537		902,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension obligations		110,847		104,328
Other postemployment benefit obligations		186,744		175,760
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		297,591		280,088
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		78,717		2,482
Accrued liabilities		, -		, -
Non-current liabilities				
Due within one year		5,076		-
Due in more than one year		1,085,447		1,019,323
Total Liabilities		1,169,240		1,021,805
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenue		_		_
Pension obligations		142,455		134,075
Other postemployment benefit obligations		134,421		126,514
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		276,876		260,589
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,937,200		5,419
Unrestricted		(364,188)		(105,171)
Total Net Position	\$	1,573,012	\$	(99,752)
. Star Hot Footion	Ψ	1,070,012	Ψ	(30,102)

 Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency	Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation	 Total
\$ 503,991 17,920	\$ 18,461 -	\$ 968,276 17,920
517,172	88,674	605,846
50,663 (950,843)	- -	169,176 -
3,923	-	158,677 11,538
31,650	-	31,650
- 3,396	-	1,937,200 8,815
177,872	107,135	 3,909,098
177,072	107,133	 3,909,090
110,849	-	326,024
 186,745		 549,249
297,594		 875,273
- 81,138	<u>-</u>	81,199 81,138
1,138	-	6,214
 1,081,698		 3,186,468
 1,163,974		 3,355,019
21,000 142,455 134,421	- - -	 21,000 418,985 395,356
 297,876		 835,341
1,901 (988,285)	- 107,135	1,944,520 (1,350,509)
\$ (986,384)	\$ 107,135	\$ 594,011
·		

Statement of Activities Component Units Year Ended December 31, 2021

		 Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	narges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions			
Glen Cove Community Development Agency Community Development Section 8 Housing Assistance Program	\$ 552,571 5,227,535	\$ - -	\$	463,592 5,341,493			
Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency	384,651	659,226		-			
Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation	 4,900	 2,000					
Total	\$ 6,169,657	\$ 661,226	\$	5,805,085			

General revenues

Unrestricted use of money and property

Change in Net Position

## **NET POSITION**

Beginning of Year

End of Year

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Glen Cov	_							
Development Agency Section 8 Housing Community Assistance Development Program		Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency		Lo	Glen Cove ocal Economic Assistance Corporation	Total			
\$	(88,979)	\$ - 113,958	\$	- -	\$		\$	(88,979) 113,958	
	-	-		274,575		-		274,575	
		 				(2,900)		(2,900)	
	(88,979)	 113,958		274,575		(2,900)		296,654	
	<u>-</u>	993		1,968		299		3,260	
	(88,979)	114,951		276,543		(2,601)		299,914	
	1,661,991	(214,703)		(1,262,927)		109,736		294,097	
\$	1,573,012	\$ (99,752)	\$	(986,384)	\$	107,135	\$	594,011	



Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Glen Cove, New York ("City") was incorporated in 1918 and operates in accordance with its Charter and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The City functions under a Mayor/City Council form of government. The City Council is the legislative body responsible for overall operations. The Mayor serves as the chief executive officer and the Controller serves as the chief financial officer. The City provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the City, b) organizations for which the City is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the City's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

The Glen Cove Community Development Agency ("CDA") is a public benefit corporation created by State legislation to promote the safety, health and welfare of the City's inhabitants and to promote the sound growth and development of the City. The Mayor serves as chairman and the members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor. CDA members have complete responsibility for management of the CDA and accountability for fiscal matters. The City is liable for CDA bonds and notes. The governing board of the CDA serves at the pleasure of the Mayor and, therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the CDA. Since the CDA does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City, the financial statements of the CDA have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.

The Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency ("IDA") is a public benefit corporation created by State legislation to promote the economic welfare, recreation opportunities and prosperity of the City's inhabitants. Members of the IDA are appointed by the Mayor. IDA members have complete responsibility for management of the IDA and accountability for fiscal matters. The City is not liable for IDA bonds or notes. The governing board of the IDA serves at the pleasure of the City and, therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the IDA. Since the IDA does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City, the financial statements of the IDA have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.

The Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation ("LEAC") is a not-for-profit corporation created by State legislation to promote the economic development opportunities in the City of Glen Cove by serving as a conduit financing entity by issuing taxable and non-taxable revenue debt for which the LEAC typically receives a fee. Members of the LEAC are appointed by the City Council. LEAC members have complete responsibility for management of the LEAC and accountability for fiscal matters. The City is not liable for LEAC bonds or notes. The governing board of the LEAC serves at the pleasure of the City and, therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the LEAC. Since the LEAC does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City, the financial statements of the LEAC have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial information for these component units can be obtained from:

Controller
City of Glen Cove
City Hall
9 Glen Street
Glen Cove, New York 11542

The following organization is related to the City:

The Glen Cove Housing Authority ("Authority") is a public benefit corporation created by State legislation to promote the development of adequate housing for citizens of the City. The members of the Authority's board are appointed by the City. The Authority does not impose a financial burden to the primary government since the City is not obligated to guarantee the Authority's debt. The Authority does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City.

#### B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the City at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Fund are charges to other funds and insurance recoveries. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund includes judgments and claims and employee benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The City maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The City's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in three broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

# **Fund Categories**

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the City's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the City and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the City is the Water fund. The Water Fund is used to record the water utility operations of the City which render services primarily on a user charge basis to the general public. The major revenue of this fund is departmental income.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The City also reports the following non-major governmental fund.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the City in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

- b. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary funds consist of an Internal Service Fund. Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has established its Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund as an internal service fund.
- c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City on behalf of others. The Custodial Fund is used account for real property taxes collected for other governments.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary and Fiduciary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to retirement incentives and other pension obligations, compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability, certain claims and other Postemployment benefit liability are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### **Component Units**

The component units are presented on the basis of accounting that most accurately reflect their activities. The component units are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. This measurement focus emphasizes the determination of net income. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the operation of these activities are included on the statement of net position. Operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

#### Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

**Cash and Equivalents** - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The City's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The City has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The City is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The City has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments (except Length of Service Award Program investments, which are discussed in Note 3A) - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The City follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have

the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

#### **Risk Disclosure**

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the City does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

**Custodial Credit Risk** - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the City's name. The City's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2021.

**Credit Risk** - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The City does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The City's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

**Taxes Receivable** - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1<sup>st</sup>. The City collects City, County and School District taxes. The City collects City taxes in two installments, beginning December 1<sup>st</sup> of the prior year with the first half payable without penalty until January 10<sup>th</sup> and the second half payable without penalty until July 10<sup>th</sup>. Nassau County ("County") taxes are due January 1<sup>st</sup> with the first half payable without penalty until February 10<sup>th</sup> and the second half payable without penalty until August 10<sup>th</sup>. School district taxes for the period July 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup> are levied on August 1<sup>st</sup> with the first half payable without penalty until September 1<sup>st</sup> and the second half payable without penalty until March 1<sup>st</sup>.

The City collects County taxes and remits the amounts as collected to the County on a monthly basis. On or about September 1<sup>st</sup>, the City returns the uncollected items to the County, which assumes collection responsibility. The City functions in both a fiduciary and guarantor relationship with the School District with respect to the collection and payment of real property taxes. The City is required to satisfy the warrant of the School District by June. Thus, the City's fiduciary responsibility for School District taxes is from the date of the levy until the due date of the tax

warrant at which time the City must satisfy its obligation to the School District regardless of the amounts collected. County and school districts taxes collected prior to the satisfaction of the respective warrants are considered a fiduciary activity under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", and therefore have been accounted for within the Custodial Fund.

**Other Receivables** - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the City. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

**Due From/To Other Funds** - During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2021, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

**Inventory** - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the City. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

**Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures** - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement, health insurance and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Class	III Teals
Buildings and improvements	25
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	10-75

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

**Unearned Revenues** - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenues received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City has reported unearned revenues of \$1,393,124 in American Rescue Plan Act funds, \$434,280 of PILOT and deferred rent and \$12,475 for unused gift certificates and other revenues received in advance in the General Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has reported deferred inflows of resources of \$1,298,835 for real property taxes. The City also reported deferred inflows of resources of \$33,346,951 for taxes collected in advance in the General Fund and in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The City reported deferred inflows of resources of \$35,973 for reimbursements due from the County in the Debt Service Fund for debt service pursuant to an agreement between the County and the City. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City reported deferred outflows of resources for a deferred loss on the refunding bond in its government-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount, \$340,408, results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over shorter of the life of the refunding or refunded debt.

The City and its component units has also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension, fire service award and other postemployment benefit liabilities in the government-wide financial statement for governmental activities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the City's pension, fire service award and other postemployment benefit liabilities in Note 3H.

**Long-Term Liabilities** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects or Debt Service funds expenditures.

**Compensated Absences** - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

**Net Pension Liability** - The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68."

**Total Pension Liability - Length of Service Award Programs** – The total pension liabilities for the Fire Service Award Program are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No.73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68".

**Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")** – In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

**Net Position** - Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, constriction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position for the City includes restricted for special purposes, debt service, and ambulance service award program.

*Unrestricted* net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

**Fund Balances** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the City removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the City Council for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the City Controller for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Water funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is August 26, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Data

The City generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before October 1st, the Mayor submits to the City Council a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The City Council, on or before October 10<sup>th</sup>, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The City Council conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before October 15<sup>th</sup>.
- d) After the public hearing and by the 4<sup>th</sup> Tuesday of October the City Council meets to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General, Water and Debt Service funds.
- f) The budgets for the General, Water and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted by the City Council for the Special Purpose Fund and Internal Service Fund since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.
- g) The City Council has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the City Council. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the City Council.
- h) Appropriations in General, Water and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

# B. Property Tax Limitation

The amount that may be raised by the City for real property taxes in any fiscal year, for purposes other than for debt service on City indebtedness, is limited by the Constitution of the State of New York to two percent of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the City. The City Charter further limits this amount to one and three quarters percent of the five year average full valuation. For 2021, the maximum amount which could have been raised, based upon the City Charter limit, was \$82,670,032, which exceeded the levy by \$48,863,336.

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

In addition to this constitutional tax limitation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law") modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that a local government may levy.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the City to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The City is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the City, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the City. The City Council may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the City Council first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the City Council, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

#### C. Fund Deficits

The following funds reflect deficits as of December 31, 2021:

<u>Fund</u>	 Amount
General	\$ 2,226,448
Internal Service – Workers	
Compensation and General Liability	
Claims	67,838

#### D. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

The following functional categories of expenditures exceeded their budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated below:

231

20.752

General Fund
General Government Support
City Council \$
Finance

# Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

General Fund	
City Clerk	\$ 29,269
City Attorney	71,252
Public Works administration	12,781
Garage	39,263
Special items	
Refunds of real property taxes	9,933
Termination pay	358,715
Public Safety	
Police Department	550,134
Traffic Patrol	11,346
Code Enforcement	714
COVID-19	35,643
Fire Department Dispatchers	3,298
Transportation	
Ferry Terminal	3,155
Employee Benefits	
State retirement	233,369
Social security and Medicare	19,559

In addition, the General Fund expenditure budget exceeded its authorization by \$248,825.

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Investments

The City had the following investments with average maturities and credit ratings as follows.

Ambulance							
Type of investment	 Fair Value	N/A		Less Than 1	1-5 Years	 5-10 Years	 lore Than 10 Years
Bonds funds Common stock U.S. and international equities funds	\$ 171,619 255,544 169,642	\$ 255,544 169,642	\$	- - -	\$ 100,130 - -	\$ 51,241 - -	\$ 20,248
	\$ 596,805	\$ 425,186	\$		\$ 100,130	\$ 51,241	\$ 20,248
Type of investment	 Fair Value	N/A	A	or Better	 BBB	 ВВ	 Unrated
Bonds funds Common stock U.S. and international equities funds	\$ 171,619 255,544 169,642	\$ - 255,544 169,642	\$	156,011 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 15,608 - -	\$ - - -
	\$ 596,805	\$ 425,186	\$	156,011	\$ -	\$ 15,608	\$ -

The investments above in fixed income, mutual funds and common stock are measured using level 1 inputs as of December 31, 2021.

#### Fire Service Award

Type of investment	 Fair Value	N/A
Insurance contracts	\$ 2,244,172	\$ 2,244,172
Total Investments	\$ 2,840,977	
Component Units Certificates of Deposit	\$ 605,846	\$ 605,846

The certificates of deposit are fixed rate investments that have maturities greater than three months and are secured by FDIC coverage and collateral posted by the respective depository.

#### B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

City taxes - Current	\$ 1,145,970
City taxes - 2021	24,667,246
Tax liens	832,535
Allowance for uncollectible amounts	 26,645,751 (863,232)
	\$ 25.782.519

Taxes receivable are offset in the fund financial statements by deferred tax revenues of \$1,298,835, which represents taxes receivable which were not collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year. Taxes receivable for 2022 are offset by deferred property taxes for subsequent years of \$33,346,951, which represents taxes receivable and collected as of December 31, 2021.

#### C. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at December 31, 2021 were as follows:

Fund	_		Due From		Due To
General	\$	5	438,481	\$	-
Water Debt Service			-		438,303 403,664
Capital Internal Service			403,664 -		- 178
	\$	<b>5</b>	842,145	\$	842,145

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

#### D. Capital Assets

Changes in the City's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	С	Balance December 31, 2021
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 4,150,221 42,699,821	\$ - 10,204,111	\$ - 1,663,199	\$	4,150,221 51,240,733
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 46,850,042	\$ 10,204,111	\$ 1,663,199	\$	55,390,954

	Balance January 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2021
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 86,456,204 19,868,221 115,802,462	\$ 355,415 383,710 961,547	\$ - - -	\$ 86,811,619 20,251,931 116,764,009
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	222,126,887	1,700,672		223,827,559
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	72,888,251 17,335,971 63,960,685	1,450,134 881,331 3,751,843	- - -	74,338,385 18,217,302 67,712,528
Total Accumulated Depreciation	154,184,907	6,083,308		160,268,215
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 67,941,980	\$ (4,382,636)	\$ -	\$ 63,559,344
Capital Assets, net	\$ 114,792,022	\$ 5,821,475	\$ 1,663,199	\$ 118,950,298

Depreciation expense was charged to the City's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government Support	\$	385,944
Public Safety		1,144,253
Health		185,898
Transportation		2,987,041
Culture and Recreation		662,087
Home and Community Services		718,085
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	6,083,308

# **Capital Assets - Component Units**

Changes in the Glen Cove Community Development Agency's ("CDA")

	Balance January 1, 2021	A	dditions	De	Balance ecember 31, 2021
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,937,200	\$		\$	1,937,200
Capital Assets, being depreciated Machinery and equipment	\$ 73,075	\$	-	\$	73,075
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Machinery and equipment	 64,332		3,324		67,656
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 8,743	\$	(3,324)	\$	5,419
CDA's Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,945,943	\$	(3,324)	\$	1,942,619

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in the Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency's ("IDA") capital assets are as follows:

	Balance nuary 1, 2021	_ A	dditions	Balance cember 31, 2021
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 	\$	_	\$ _
Capital Assets, being depreciated Machinery and equipment	\$ 14,721	\$	-	\$ 14,721
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Machinery and equipment	9,848		1,477	11,325
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 4,873	\$	(1,477)	\$ 3,396
IDA's Capital Assets, net	\$ 4,873	\$	(1,477)	\$ 3,396

#### E. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Fι	Fund				
	General	General Water				
Payroll and Employee Benefits	\$ 1,193,934	\$ 27,914	\$ 1,221,848			

#### F. Defined Contribution - Ambulance Service Award Program

The City, pursuant to Article 11-A of General Municipal Law and legislative resolution, has established a Service Award Program ("Program") for volunteer ambulance workers. This Program is a single employer defined contribution plan. Active volunteer ambulance workers, upon attainment of age 18, and upon earning 50 or more points, in a calendar year after 1990, under the provisions of the Program point system, are eligible to become participants in the Program. Participants are fully vested upon attainment of entitlement age, upon death or general disablement and after earning five years of service credit. A participant upon attainment of entitlement age (the later of age 55 or the participant's age after earning 50 program points) shall be able to receive their service award. The maximum annual contribution is \$480 per individual for each year of service. The Program also provides disability and death benefits. Contributions are not required by participants. The Trustees of the Program, which are the members of the City Council, are authorized to invest the funds in authorized investment vehicles.

The City's obligation to continue funding is governed by New York State Law and Program provisions. The City contribution for the 2021 plan year was \$19,606.

## G. Short-Term Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings:

	Year of Original	Maturity	Rate of		Balance January 1,	New			De	Balance ecember 31.
Purpose	Issue	Date	Interest	_	2021	 Issues	Re	edemptions	_	2021
Various Capital Improvement Projects	2018	-	- %	\$	766,028	\$ -	\$	766,028	\$	-
Various Capital Improvement Projects	2020	6/8/22	1.50 %		1,370,224	-		-		1,370,224
Various Capital Improvement Projects	2021	6/8/22	1.50 %			 273,000				273,000
				\$	2,136,252	\$ 273,000	\$	766,028	\$	1,643,224

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$48,470 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$34,453 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### H. Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in the City's long-term liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	_	Balance January 1, 2021		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2021		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds Payable:	•	44 240 600	Φ.	0.545.000	\$	4 670 942	œ.	4E 404 7E0	•	4 004 047
Capital construction	\$	41,349,600	\$	8,515,000	Ф	4,679,842	\$	45,184,758	\$	4,004,817
Other		6,610,400				1,435,158		5,175,242		1,070,183
		47,960,000		8,515,000		6,115,000		50,360,000		5,075,000
Plus unamortized										
Premium on bonds		1,169,627		470,257		117,685		1,522,199		
		49,129,627		8,985,257		6,232,685		51,882,199		5,075,000
Other Non-current Liabilities: Retirement incentives and other										
pension obligations		931.801				383.280		548.521		279.104
Compensated absences		15.931.865		2.045.394		1.593.000		16.384.259		1,638,000
Net pension liability		21,615,445		(17,373,533)		1,393,000		4,241,912		1,030,000
Total Pension Liability - Length		21,010,440		(17,373,333)		_		4,241,312		-
of service award program		4,995,065		104.626		125,268		4,974,423		_
Claims payable		1,930,998		(519,410)		361.550		1,050,038		105,000
Other Postemployment Benefit		1,000,000		(010,110)		001,000		1,000,000		100,000
Obligations Liability		128,039,415		(101,803)		3,461,058		124,476,554		
Total Other Non-										
Current Liabilities		173,444,589		(15,844,726)		5,924,156		151,675,707	_	2,022,104
Governmental Activities										
Long-Term liabilities	\$	222,574,216	\$	(6,859,469)	\$	12,156,841	\$	203,557,906	\$	7,097,104

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2021

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2021	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	[	Balance December 31, 2021	_	Oue Within One Year
Component Units	<u> </u>						<u>.</u>
New York State loan - retirement	\$ 14,108	\$ -	\$ 4,926	\$	9,182	\$	5,076
Compensated absences	56,708	8,888	5,671		59,925		-
Net pension liability	347,735	-	346,358		1,377		-
Capital lease obligations	2,632	-	1,137		1,495		1,138
Other post employment benefit							
obligations payable	 3,135,515	 25,771	 40,583		3,120,703		
Component Units							
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 3,556,698	\$ 34,659	\$ 398,675	\$	3,192,682	\$	6,214

Each governmental funds' liability for general obligation bonds, installment purchase debt, retirement incentives and other pension obligations, compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability, claims and other postemployment benefit obligations is liquidated by the respective fund.

#### **General Obligation Bonds Payable**

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2021 are comprised of the following individual issues:

		Original			(	Amount Outstanding
	Year of	Issue	Final	Interest	at December 31,	
Purpose	Issue	Amount	Maturity	Rate	2021	
Public Improvements	2010	\$ 7,405,000	June, 2023	4.125-4.250 %	\$	40,000
Separation Payments and						
Tax Certiorari	2014	3,869,360	January, 2023	2.500-3.000		936,051
Public Improvements	2014	2,661,899	January, 2023	2.500-3.000		643,949
Public Improvements	2016	3,340,000	July, 2029	3.620-4.900		2,300,000
Public Improvements	2016	1,699,305	September, 2028	2.000-2.250		1,030,000
Refunding Serial Bonds	2017	13,680,000	January, 2026	2.500-5.000		6,195,000
Various Purpose	2017	3,215,000	January, 2033	2.000-5.000		2,575,000
Various Purpose	2017	7,263,566	September, 2031	3.000		5,425,000
Various Purpose	2018	9,048,894	April, 2037	3.000-5.000		7,950,000
Various Purpose	2018	2,169,722	April, 2025	3.500-3.750		1,430,000
Various Purpose	2018	5,025,882	May, 2032	3.000-5.000		4,185,000
Various Purpose	2018	3,905,000	May, 2048	2.740-4.000		3,730,000
Public Improvements	2020	5,005,000	February, 2032	2.500-4.000		4,680,000
Public Improvements	2020	800,000	July, 2030	2.350-5.550		725,000
Public Improvements	2021	8,515,000	June, 2041	2.000-5.000		8,515,000
					\$	50,360,000

Interest expenditures of \$1,679,082 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$1,580,300 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## **Payments to Maturity**

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding of the primary government as of December 31, 2021 including interest payments of \$12,038,464 are as follows:

		General Obligation							
		Bonds Payable							
December 31,		Principal Interes							
2022	Φ	E 07E 000	Φ	1 0CE 101					
2022	\$	5,075,000	\$	1,865,191					
2023		5,380,000		1,534,001					
2024		3,965,000		1,367,546					
2025		4,105,000		1,199,041					
2026		4,280,000		1,013,750					
2027-2031		15,095,000		3,175,280					
2032-2036		7,350,000		1,240,572					
2037-2041		3,745,000		463,475					
2042-2046		935,000		163,839					
2047-2048		430,000		15,769					
	\$	50,360,000	\$	12,038,464					

The above general obligation bonds and installment purchase debt are direct borrowings of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the City.

#### **Legal Debt Margin**

The City is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The City's legal debt margin is 7% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property. At December 31, 2021, that amount was \$291,645,773. As of December 31, 2021, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$52,003224, which is 17.83% of the total debt limit.

#### **Retirement Incentives and Other Pension Obligations**

The State Legislature enacted Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2010. This chapter authorized local governments, at their option, to amortize a portion of their respective ERS and PFRS contributions beginning in 2010. The maximum amortization amount each year going forward will be determined by the difference between each employer's effective contribution rate as compared to the System's overall graded rate. The amortized amounts are to be paid in equal annual installments over a ten year period, although amounts may be prepaid at any time. Interest will be charged at rates which approximate a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities of a comparable duration and will be adjusted annually.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Original		urrent Year			
	Amount		Payments Including	Balance	ח	ue Within
	Amortized		Interest	Due		One Year
				 		<u> </u>
2011 ERS	\$ 430,355	\$	79,148	\$ -	\$	-
2011 PFRS	305,440		37,020	_		-
2012 ERS	471,674		55,090	53,684		53,684
2012 PFRS	361,487		42,222	41,142		41,142
2013 ERS	737,235		89,005	169,432		83,189
2013 PFRS	239,855		28,957	55,124		27,065
2014 ERS	300,105		35,314	99,989		32,302
2014 PFRS	387,627		45,613	129,150		41,722
	\$ 3,233,778	\$	412,369	\$ 548,521	\$	279,104

The current year payments were charged to retirement expenditures as identified below:

		ERS		PFRS	Total		
General Fund	\$	258,557	\$	153,812	\$	412,369	
Ochiciai i unu	Ψ	200,001	Ψ	100,012	Ψ	<del>+</del> 12,000	

#### **Compensated Absences**

In accordance with the existing collective bargaining agreements, the City is required to compensate employees for accumulated sick leave. Sick leave earned by CSEA employees may be accumulated up to 250 days. Upon separation of service, those CSEA employees with ten years or more of service are entitled to compensation for 100% while those with less than ten years of service are entitled to compensation for 75% of these unused sick days. The compensation is calculated based on the employees' final ten year average daily rate of pay. Sick leave earned by PBA employees is unlimited. Upon separation of service, PBA employees are entitled to payment for one-half of the accumulated sick days up to a maximum of 265 days at the current rate of pay. PBA employees are also entitled to termination pay upon retirement. Eligible employees receive five days pay for each year of service up to a maximum of one-hundred days. Vacation time is generally taken in the year earned, however, with approval, certain employees may carryover vacation leave to the following year. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Pension Plans**

New York State and Local Retirement System

The City participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held

in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The City also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about\_us/financial\_statements\_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2021 are as follows:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	4 A15	16.1 %
	5 A15	13.4
	6 A15	9.6
PFRS	2 384E3	26.6
	5 384E *	21.9
	5 384E	25.3
	6 384E *	16.4
	6 384E	23.0

<sup>\*</sup> Employees are required to make contributions for this PFRS plan/tier.

At December 31, 2021, the City reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Net pension liability City's proportion of the	\$ 32,055	\$ 4,209,857
net pension liability Change in proportion since the	0.0321925 %	0.2424648 %
prior measurement date	(0.0004904) %	(0.0000229) %

At December 31, 2021, the CDA and IDA reported a liability of \$909 and \$468 respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of ERS.

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$694,387 for ERS and \$2,177,446 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$1,546,583 for ERS and \$2,575,464 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

	 ERS	PFRS			
General Fund Water	\$ 1,415,871 130,712	\$	2,575,464 		
Total	\$ 1,546,583	\$	2,575,464		

For the year ended December 31, 2021 the CDA and IDA recognized its proportionate share of pension expense of \$22,700 and \$11,692, respectively.

At December 31, 2021, the City and its component units reported their proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						ERS						
								Compor	nent l	Jnits		
					_	(	DA			ID	A	
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	[	Deferred
	(	Outflows of		Inflows of	C	utflows of	- 1	nflows of	0	utflows of	li	nflows of
		Resources		Resources	F	Resources	F	Resources	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and												
actual experience	\$	391,483	\$	-	\$	11,098	\$	-	\$	5,717	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		5,893,946		111,162		167,091		3,152		86,077		1,624
Net difference between projected and actual												
earnings on pension plan investments		-		9,208,185		-		261,049		-		134,480
Changes in proportion and differences between												
City contributions and proportionate												
share of contributions		104,540		50,547		14,138		12,329		7,283		6,351
City contributions subsequent to the												
measurement date		1,282,864		-	_	22,848		-		11,772	_	
			_		_		_		_		_	
	\$	7,672,833	\$	9,369,894	\$	215,175	\$	276,530	\$	110,849	\$	142,455
		PF	RS									

Differences between expected and actual experience
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and actual
earnings on pension plan investments
Changes in proportion and differences between
City contributions and proportionate
share of contributions
City contributions subsequent to the
measurement date

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources		Resources
_			
\$	934,145	\$	-
	10,343,164		-
			40.070.000
	-		12,378,839
	39,650		322,337
	2,051,470	_	
•	10 000 100	•	10 701 170
\$	13,368,429	\$	12,701,176

\$1,282.864 and \$2,051,470 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the City's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			 Component	: Un	it - ERS
March 31,	ERS	PFRS	CDA		IDA
2022	\$ (529,414)	\$ (585,973)	\$ (13,553)	\$	(6,982)
2023	(177,349)	(111,171)	(4,121)		(2,123)
2024	(490,267)	(476,394)	(16,011)		(8,248)
2025	(1,782,895)	(2,241,510)	(50,518)		(26,025)
2026	-	2,030,831			-
Thereafter			 		_
	\$ (2,979,925)	\$ (1,384,217)	\$ (84,203)	\$	(43,378)

The total pension liability for the ERS and PFRS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	April 1, 2020
Investment rate of return	5.9% *	5.9%
Salary scale	4.4%	6.2%
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.7%
Cost of living adjustments	1.4%	1.4%

<sup>\*</sup>Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	32 %	4.05 %
International Equity	15	6.30
Private Equity	10	6.75
Real Estate	9	1.95
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	4.50
Credit	4	3.63
Real Assets	3	5.95
Fixed Income	23	0.00
Cash	1	0.50
	<u>100</u> %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.7%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.9%)	Current Discount Rate (5.9%)	1% Increase (6.9%)
City's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 8,897,326	\$ 32,055	\$ (8,143,799)
City's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 17,902,685	\$ 4,209,857	\$ (7,124,266)
CDA's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 252,237	\$ 909	\$ (230,874)
IDA's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 129,940	\$ 468	\$ (118,935)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2021 measurement date were as follows:

	ERS		PFRS	Total		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 220,680,157,000 220,580,583,000	\$	41,236,775,000 39,500,500,000	\$	261,916,932,000 260,081,083,000	
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 99,574,000	\$	1,736,275,000	\$	1,835,849,000	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 99.95%		95.79%		99.30%	

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31<sup>st</sup>. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2021 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 based on prior year ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS for the nine months ended December 31, 2021 were \$1,282,864 and \$2,051,470, respectively.

#### **Defined Benefit - Fire Service Awards Program**

The City's financial statements are for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information contained in this note is based on information for the City of Glen Cove Volunteer Fire Department Length of Service Award Program for the program year ending on December 31, 2018, which is the most recent program year for which complete information is available. The Program is accounted for in the City's financial statements within the Fire Service Fund.

#### Plan description

The Glen Cove Fire Department established a defined benefit Service Award Program (referred to as a "LOSAP" - Length Of Service Award Program - under Section 457(e)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code) effective January 1, 2000 for the active volunteer firefighter members of the City of Glen Cove Fire Department. This is a single employer defined benefit plan. The Program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of the New York State General Municipal Law. The Program provides municipally-funded deferred compensation to volunteer firefighters to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The City is the Sponsor of the Program and the Program administrator.

An eligible Program Participant is defined to be an active volunteer firefighter who is at least 18 years of age and upon earning 50 or more points in a calendar year after 2000 under the provisions of the Program point system, is eligible to become a participant in the Program. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the City on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for five years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the Program. Participants are fully vested upon attainment of entitlement age, upon death or upon general disablement and after earning five years of service credit. A participant, upon attainment of entitlement age (the later of age 62 or the participant's age after earning 50 program points), shall be able to receive their

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

service award, payable in the form of a ten-year certain and continuous monthly payment life annuity.

#### Benefits provided

The monthly benefits are \$20 for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 40 years. The benefits and refunds of the plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Program also provides disability and death benefits. The trustees of the Program, which are the members of the City Council, are authorized to invest the funds in authorized investment vehicles. Administrative costs are paid by the City from the General Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued by the Program.

Participants covered by the benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2021 measurement date, the following participants were covered by the benefit terms.

Inactive participants currently receiving benefits payments	51
Inactive participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits payments	27
Active participants	62
Total	140

#### **Contributions**

New York State General Municipal Law §219(d) requires the City Council to contribute an actuarially determined contribution on an annual basis. The actuarially determined contribution shall be appropriated annually by the City Council.

#### **Measurement of Total Pension Liability**

The total pension liability at the December 31, 2021 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary Scale: None assumed

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Male Mortality Table without projection for mortality improvement.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 1.84%. This was the yield to maturity of the Fidelity 20-Year GO AA Bond Index as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, S&P Dow Jones Indices notes that the index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with maturity of 20 years and with a rating of at least Aa2 by Moody's Investors Services, AA by Fitch or AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Services.

#### **Changes in the Total Pension Liability**

Balance as of 1/1/2021 measurement date	\$ 4,995,065
Service cost	120,939
Interest	98,435
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(86,484)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(28,264)
Benefit payments	 (125,268)
Balance as of 12/31/2021 measurement date	\$ 4,974,423

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total pension liability of the City as of the December 31, 2021 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 1.84 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (.84 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (2.84 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	 (0.84%)		(1.84%)	 (2.84%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,842,000	\$	4,974,423	\$ 4,275,000

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized fire service award pension expenditures of \$125,048 in the Fire Service Award Program in the General Fund and fire service award expense of \$327,035 in the government-wide financial statement. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	67,644 1,259,281	\$	65,231 274,626
	\$	1,326,925	\$	339,857

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
December 31,	_	
2022	\$	95,050
2023		95,050
2024		95,050
2025		95,050
2026		95,050
2027		95,050
Thereafter		416,768
	\$	987,068

#### Claims Payable

The government-wide financial statement reflects workers' compensation and general liability benefit liabilities, which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claim costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

	2021	2020
Unpaid Claims - Beginning of Year Incurred Claims including	\$ 1,743,448	\$ 1,314,121
IBNR's Claims Paid	87,863 (781,273)	1,197,225 (767,898)
Unpaid Claims - End of Year	\$ 1,050,038	\$ 1,743,448
Current Portion	\$ 105,000	\$ 174,000

Claims payable at December 31, 2020 also includes a liability of \$187,550 for court ordered tax certiorari refunds of which \$187,550 are current. There were no court ordered tax certiorari refunds payable at December 31, 2021.

## Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City and its component unites provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the City may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the City and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Governmental Funds	Component Units CDA & IDA	Total
Active employees Retired Employees	184 182	7 6	191 188
	366	13	379

The City's, CDA and IDA total OPEB liability of \$124,476,554, \$2,059,664 and \$1,061,039 were measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.30% for ERS and 3.63% for PFRS

Discount rate 2.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.50% for 2021, decreasing by up to .25% per

year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2025 and

beyond

retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on the 20-year Municipal Bond rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with White Collar Adjustments, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020 for ERS and on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustments, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020 for PFRS.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The City's, CDA and IDA's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Governmental		Component Units					
		Activities		CDA		IDA		Total
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$	128,039,415	\$	2,069,440	\$	1,066,075	\$	131,174,930
Service cost		4,223,461		121,055		62,363		4,406,879
Interest		2,434,430		40,821		21,029		2,496,280
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(6,759,694)		(111,850)		(57,620)		(6,929,164)
Benefit payments		(3,461,058)		(59,802)		(30,808)	_	(3,551,668)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$	124,476,554	\$	2,059,664	\$	1,061,039	\$	127,597,257

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.25%) than the current discount rate:

1%		Current		1%
Decrease		e Discount Rate		Increase
 (1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)
\$ 150,990,257	\$	127,597,257	\$	109,229,574
<u> </u>	Decrease (1.25%)	Decrease [ (1.25%)	Decrease Discount Rate (1.25%) (2.25%)	Decrease Discount Rate (1.25%) (2.25%)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.50% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.50% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare			
		1%	С	ost Trend	1%		
		Decrease		Rates		Increase	
	(4.5% decreasing		(5.5% decreasing		(6.5% decreasing		
		to 3.5%)		to 4.5%)		to 5.5%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	104,982,608	\$	127,597,257	\$	157,367,711	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$7,783,296 in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,795,229 2,930,697	\$ 10,569,335 4,530,578		
	\$ 21,725,926	\$ 15,099,913		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2022	\$ 1,125,812
2023	1,125,812
2024	1,125,812
2025	1,169,479
2026	1,198,583
Thereafter	 880,515
	\$ 6,626,013

#### New York State Loan - Retirement - Component Unit

The CDA component unit has elected to amortize the maximum allowable ERS contribution which aggregated \$18,170, \$18,170, \$27,417 and \$17,700 for 2015, 2014, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The amount required to be amortized during 2021 was \$5,362, including interest. The balance due at December 31, 2021 was \$9,182.

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### I. Revenues and Expenditures

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

		Transfers In								
	Debt	Capital								
	Service	Projects								
Transfers Out	Fund	Fund		Total						
General Fund	\$ 6,692,2	254 \$	- \$	6,692,254						
Water Fund	848,1	22 41,05	0	889,172						
	\$ 7,540,3	<u> \$76                                   </u>	<u> </u>	7,581,426						

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the funds with collection authorization to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for the Capital Projects funds expenditures.

#### J. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by the Local Finance Law of the State of New York.

Ambulance Service Award Program – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

*Unrestricted* - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
<a href="December 31">December 31</a>, 2021

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### K. Fund Balances

				2021			2020					
	General Fund	Water Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total	General Fund	Water Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total
Nonspendable												
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 1,116,001	\$ 30,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,146,914	\$ 1,179,762	\$ 37,973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,217,735
Restricted												
Ferry Operations	4,664	-	-	-	-	4,664	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	18,474,256	-	18,474,256	-	-	-	11,893,482	-	11,893,482
Fire service												
award program	2,311,263	-	-	-	-	2,311,263	2,204,747	-	-	-	-	2,204,747
Ambulance service												
award program	617,555	-	-	-	-	617,555	550,517	-	-	-	-	550,517
Debt service	-	-	167,994	-	-	167,994	-	-	167,992	-	-	167,992
Debt service for												
Subsequent year's expenditures	-	-	292,648	-	-	292,648	-	-	180,018	-	-	180,018
Trusts					69,812	69,812					70,831	70,831
Total Restricted	2,933,482		460,642	18,474,256	69,812	21,938,192	2,755,264		348,010	11,893,482	70,831	15,067,587
Assigned												
Major funds	_	363,239	_	_	_	363,239	_	260,098	-	-	_	260,098
,												
Unassigned	(3,347,113)					(3,347,113)	(5,383,979)					(5,383,979)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 702,370	\$ 394,152	\$ 460,642	\$ 18,474,256	\$ 69,812	\$ 20,101,232	\$ (1,448,953)	\$ 298,071	\$ 348,010	\$ 11,893,482	\$ 70,831	\$ 11,161,441

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for retirement, insurance and certain other payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Restricted for Ferry Operations represents the operating revenues and expenditures generated from the Ferry, which is restricted for Ferry Operations in accordance to a State grant agreement.

Capital Projects represents the unexpended balance of the Capital Projects Fund restricted for capital projects.

Restricted for pension benefits represents funds set aside to be used for LOSAP pension benefits in accordance with Article 11-A and Article 11-AAA of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Unassigned fund balances in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

### A. Litigation

The City, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City, if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the City, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

#### B. Contingencies

The City participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

### C. Risk Management

The City is currently self-insured for general, auto, police and fire liability and worker's compensation claims. Insurance coverage has been secured for losses in excess of the City's self-insured retention level of \$850,000 for worker's compensation claims and \$850,000 for Police, Fire and Volunteer EMS worker's compensation. The City purchases conventional property and casualty insurance to reduce its exposure to loss from damage or fire to City owned properties. The City also purchased a general liability policy with a \$250,000 retention level. Settled claims resulting from those risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City also purchases conventional health insurance coverage for most full-time City employees and retirees.

### Note 5 - Tax Abatement

The City has five real property tax abatement agreements with housing development and redevelopment companies organized pursuant to Article V or Article XI of the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York ("PHFL") for the purpose of creating or preserving affordable housing in the City.

Generally, these agreements provide for a 100 percent abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) based on a percentage of shelter rents, and continue until the property no longer provides the required affordable housing or no longer complies with the requirements of the PHFL.

Copies of the agreements may be obtained from Michael Piccirillo, Controller, 9 Glen Street, Glen Cove, NY 11542, MPiccirillo@cityofglencoveny.org. Information relevant to disclosure of these agreements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Date	Project	 Taxable Assessed Value	Tax Rate Per \$100	Tax Value	PILOT Received	Taxes Abated
* 4/19/2016	The Regency	\$ 8,103,000	\$ 1.790232	\$ 145,062	\$ 113,555	\$ 31,507
* 12/1/2014	Stanley Park Apts	8,259,000	0.658198	54,361	13,492	40,869
* 11/1/2001	Avalon Bay	49,323,500	1.790232	883,005	426,155	456,850
* 9/1/2005	Avalon Bay 2	15,965,000	1.790232	285,811	285,811	-
* 8/17/2011	88-90 Hazel St	9,265,000	1.790232	165,865	81,408	84,457
* 2016-2017	50 Glen Partners	2,575,000	1.790232	46,098	27,791	18,307
* 2019	Village Square	18,900,000	1.790232	338,354	44,802	293,552
* 2017	Garvies Point	289,745,200	1.790232	5,187,111	983,416	4,203,695
* 12/27/2013	5 School Street	2,428,500	1.790232	43,476	17,833	25,643
* 12/1/2016	136 Glen Street	6,107,000	1.790232	109,329	15,105	94,224
12/20/2011	Housing Authority	19,992,000	1.790232	357,903	55,204	302,699
1/1/2015	LIPA	 66,603,428	1.790232	1,192,356	647,488	544,868
		\$ 497,266,628		\$ 8,808,731	\$ 2,712,060	\$ 6,096,671

<sup>\*</sup> These agreements are between the IDA and the taxpayer, which are not generally based on assessed value.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) December 31, 2021

### Note 6 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. As such, this Statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the City believe will most impact its financial statements. The City will evaluate the impact this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

\*\*\*\*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

	_	2021	2020		2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$	4,406,878 2,496,281 -	\$ 2,932,344 3,436,663	\$	2,801,742 3,634,842	\$ 3,395,898 3,295,802 -
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or		-	(2,181,095)		-	-
other inputs Benefit payments		(6,929,164) (4) (3,551,668)	19,522,475 (3,381,572)		6,239,411 (3,376,384)	(7,744,789) (3,395,862)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(3,577,673)	20,328,815		9,299,611	(4,448,951)
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year		131,174,930	 110,846,115		101,546,504	105,995,455 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year (5)	\$	127,597,257	\$ 131,174,930	\$	110,846,115	\$ 101,546,504
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	21,917,758	\$ 16,145,617	\$	20,298,991	\$ 15,716,361
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	_	582%	812%	_	546%	646%

#### Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.
- (3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- (4) Changes of assumptions or other inputs. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was based on the 20 Year municipal bond rate and was as follows:

December 31, 2018: 3.64% December 31, 2019: 3.26% December 31, 2020: 1.93% December 31, 2021: 2.25%

(5) Total OPEB Liability - End of Year includes the City and the Component Units.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Service Award Programs
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 120,939	\$ 94,641	\$ 73,571	\$ 85,071	\$ 74,810
Interest	98,435	114,225	130,858	124,166	127,056
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(86,484)	656,137	563,903	(251,400)	280,696
Differences between expected and actual experience	(28,264)	37,729	2,311	(49,396)	47,430
Benefit payments	(125,268)	(129,367)	(136,073)	(131,771)	(108,684)
Net Change in total pension liability	(20,642)	773,365	634,570	(223,330)	421,308
Total Pension Liability – Beginning of Year	4,995,065.00	4,221,700	3,587,130.00	3,810,460	3,389,152
Total Pension Liability – End of Year	\$ 4,974,423	\$ 4,995,065	\$ 4,221,700	\$ 3,587,130	\$ 3,810,460
Covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payre	oll 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

### (1) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions or other inputs. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was based on the yield to maturity of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index and was as follows:

December 31, 2016: 3.81% December 31, 2017: 3.31% December 31, 2018: 3.71% December 31, 2019: 2.75% December 31, 2020: 2.00% December 31, 2021: 1.84%

Trust Assets. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule of th	e City's Proportion	nate Share of the	Net Pension Liabi	lity (2)		
07.1	2021 (6)	2020 (4) (5)	2019	2018	2017	2016 (3)	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0321925%	0.0326829%	0.0312068%	0.0313606%	0.0313155%	0.0305295%	0.0309992%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 32,055	\$ 8,654,628	\$ 2,211,094	\$ 1,012,146	\$ 2,942,472	\$ 4,900,077	\$ 1,047,228
City's covered payroll	\$ 9,961,063	\$ 9,629,206	\$ 9,299,395	\$ 8,850,782	\$ 8,429,662	\$ 8,140,909	\$ 7,478,081
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.32%	89.88%	23.78%	11.44%	34.91%	60.19%	14.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
		Schedul	e of Contributions				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,710,485	\$ 1,539,182	\$ 1,530,409	\$ 1,491,030	\$ 1,456,448	\$ 1,499,971	\$ 1,417,783
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,710,485)	(1,539,182)	(1,530,409)	(1,491,030)	(1,456,448)	(1,499,971)	(1,417,783)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 9,541,168	\$ 9,914,674	\$ 9,698,343	\$ 9,268,180	\$ 8,721,851	\$ 8,398,613	\$ 8,008,515
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.93%	15.52%	15.78%	16.09%	16.70%	17.86%	17.70%

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

<sup>(4)</sup> The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

<sup>(5)</sup> Increase in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

<sup>(6)</sup> Decrease in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains, partially offset by a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

S	chedule of the Tow	n's Proportionate	Share of the Net I	Pension Liability (2)	)		
	2021 (6)	2020 (4) (5)	2019	2018	2017	2016 (3)	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2424648%	0.2424877%	0.2417081%	0.2468430%	0.2346932%	0.2517533%	0.2425366%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,209,857	\$ 12,960,817	\$ 4,053,598	\$ 2,494,982	\$ 4,864,374	\$ 7,453,878	\$ 667,605
City's covered payroll	\$ 9,042,129	\$ 8,591,384	\$ 8,456,089	\$ 8,594,773	\$ 8,340,623	\$ 7,952,827	\$ 7,519,613
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.56%	150.86%	47.94%	29.03%	58.32%	93.73%	8.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.79%	84.86%	95.09%	96.93%	93.50%	90.20%	99.00%
		Schedule of C	Contributions				_
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,735,293	\$ 2,393,099	\$ 2,163,467	\$ 2,195,762	\$ 2,200,160	\$ 2,119,624	\$ 1,909,639
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,735,293)	(2,393,099)	(2,163,467)	(2,195,762)	(2,200,160)	(2,119,624)	(1,909,639)
Contribution excess	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 9,381,614	\$ 8,971,489	\$ 8,617,123	\$ 8,487,868	\$ 8,396,022	\$ 8,323,033	\$ 8,358,412
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	29.16%	26.67%	25.11%	25.87%	26.20%	25.47%	22.85%

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

<sup>(4)</sup> The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

<sup>(5)</sup> Increase in proportionate share of net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

<sup>(6)</sup> Decrease in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains, partially offset by a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.



General Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

			Fi	re Service	A	Ambulance Service		To	tals	
		General		Award Program		Award Program		2021		2020
ASSETS	•	0.070.000	Φ.	07.004	_	00.750	_	0.004.474	_	0.000.050
Cash and equivalents	\$	8,273,330	\$	67,091	\$	20,750	\$	8,361,171	\$	8,689,850
Investments				2,244,172		596,805		2,840,977		2,667,380
Taxes receivable		0= 040 040						0= 040 040		0.4 = 0.0 0.00
City taxes Tax liens		25,813,216 832,535		-		-		25,813,216 832,535		21,798,898 1,082,534
		26,645,751		_		-		26,645,751		22,881,432
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(863,232)						(863,232)		(925,968)
		25,782,519		-		-		25,782,519		21,955,464
Other receivables Accounts		693,229		_		_		693,229		748,522
State and Federal aid		357,892		-		_		357,892		709,682
Due from other governments		1,524,523		-		-		1,524,523		1,043,277
Due from other funds		438,481		-		-		438,481		372,933
	_	3,014,125						3,014,125		2,874,414
Prepaid expenditures		1,116,001			_			1,116,001		1,179,762
Total Assets	\$	38,185,975	\$	2,311,263	\$	617,555	\$	41,114,793	\$	37,366,870
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICT) Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,326,037	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,326,037	\$	1,078,050
Accrued liabilities	•	1,193,934	·	_		_	·	1,193,934	,	1,197,165
Deposits payable		385,569		-		-		385,569		465,656
Employee payroll deductions		443,139		-		-		443,139		784,794
Due to other governments		339,510		-		-		339,510		404,571
Overpayments		238,569		-		-		238,569		173,695
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		18,863
Unearned revenue		1,839,879		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		1,839,879		94,040
Total Liabilities		5,766,637			_	-		5,766,637		4,216,834
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred tax revenues		1,298,835		-		-		1,298,835		1,404,293
Taxes collected in advance		33,346,951		-				33,346,951		33,194,696
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		34,645,786						34,645,786		34,598,989
Total Liabilities and Deferred										
Inflows of Resources		40,412,423					_	40,412,423	_	38,815,823
Fund balances (Deficit)										
Nonspendable		1,116,001		-		-		1,116,001		1,179,762
Restricted		4,664		2,311,263		617,555		2,933,482		2,755,264
Unassigned		(3,347,113)			_		_	(3,347,113)		(5,383,979)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(2,226,448)		2,311,263	_	617,555	_	702,370		(1,448,953)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	38,185,975	\$	2,311,263	\$	617,555	\$	41,114,793	\$	37,366,870

General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Sub-Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

DEVENUE		General	A	e Service Award rogram	Ambulan Service Award Progran	)	Elimina	ations_
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	33,382,604	\$		\$		\$	
Other tax items	φ	2,901,935	φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	_
Non-property taxes		2,730,195		_		_		_
Departmental income		3,183,221		145,000	19,60	)6	(164	1,606)
Intergovernmental charges		89,000		-	-,	-	\ -	-
Use of money and property		1,074,794		86,564	9,56	66		-
Net change in fair value of								
investments				-	72,67	77		-
Licenses and permits		1,278,494		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		159,935		-		-		-
Sale of property and		E20 210						
compensation for loss State aid		530,318 5,240,466		_		-		_
Federal aid		665,451		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		492,781		_		_		_
Total Revenues		51,729,194		231,564	101,84	19	(164	1,606)
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		7,674,646		405.040		-	(4.45	-
Public safety		15,645,372		125,048	24.04	-	•	5,000)
Health Transportation		809,687 2,097,050		-	34,81	П	(18	9,606)
Transportation Culture and recreation		3,888,757		_		-		
Home and community services		2,934,467		_		_		_
Employee benefits		10,048,192		_		_		_
Total Expenditures		43,098,171		125,048	34,81	11	(164	1,606)
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		8,631,023		106,516	67,03	38_		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from debt		39,000		-		-		-
Sale of property Transfers out		(6,692,254)				<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Uses		(6,653,254)				_		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,977,769		106,516	67,03	38		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year		(4,204,217)	n	2,204,747	550,51	17		
					•			
End of Year	\$	(2,226,448)	\$ 2	2,311,263	\$ 617,55	55	\$	-

 Tot	als	
 2021		2020
\$ 33,382,604 2,901,935 2,730,195 3,183,221 89,000 1,170,924	\$	31,181,411 2,487,802 2,400,686 2,989,181 84,000 1,235,226
72,677 1,278,494 159,935		66,122 427,335 160,706
530,318 5,240,466 665,451 492,781		142,638 4,105,059 462,065 366,597
 51,898,001		46,108,828
7,674,646 15,660,231 790,081 2,097,050 3,888,757 2,934,467 10,048,192		6,913,033 14,581,075 820,757 2,240,566 3,675,965 3,110,722 9,828,950
 43,093,424		41,171,068
 8,804,577		4,937,760
 39,000 (6,692,254) (6,653,254) 2,151,323		800,000 (6,705,266) (5,905,266) (967,506)
\$ (1,448,953) 702,370	\$	(481,447) (1,448,953)



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet - Sub-Fund December 31,

ACCETO	 2021		2020
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 8,273,330	\$	8,601,966
Taxes receivable City taxes Tax liens	 25,813,216 832,535		21,798,898 1,082,534
	26,645,751		22,881,432
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (863,232)	-	(925,968)
Other receivables	 25,782,519		21,955,464
Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	 693,229 357,892 1,524,523 438,481		748,522 709,682 1,043,277 372,933
	 3,014,125		2,874,414
Prepaid expenditures	 1,116,001		1,179,762
Total Assets	\$ 38,185,975	\$	34,611,606
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Employee payroll deductions Due to other governments	\$ 1,326,037 1,193,934 385,569 443,139 339,510	\$	1,078,050 1,197,165 465,656 784,794 404,571
Overpayments Unearned revenue Due to other funds	 238,569 1,839,879 -		173,695 94,040 18,863
Total Liabilities	 5,766,637		4,216,834
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Taxes collected in advance	 1,298,835 33,346,951		1,404,293 33,194,696
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 34,645,786		34,598,989
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 40,412,423		38,815,823
Fund balance (deficit) Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	1,116,001 4,664 (3,347,113)		1,179,762 - (5,383,979)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	 (2,226,448)		(4,204,217)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 38,185,975	\$	34,611,606

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Sub-Fund Years Ended December 31,

			202	1		
DEVENUES	Orig Bud		 Final Budget		Actual	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Federal aid	2,; 2, 3,; 1,	806,696 902,850 153,155 681,810 84,000 175,655 413,700 396,500 5,000 390,646 441,772	\$ 33,806,696 2,902,850 2,153,155 3,681,810 84,000 1,175,655 413,700 396,500 515,124 3,390,646 508,532	\$	33,382,604 2,901,935 2,730,195 3,183,221 89,000 1,074,794 1,278,494 159,935 530,318 5,240,466 665,451	\$ (424,092) (915) 577,040 (498,589) 5,000 (100,861) 864,794 (236,565) 15,194 1,849,820 156,919
Miscellaneous		507,932	 512,932		492,781	 (20,151)
Total Revenues	48,	959,716	 49,541,600		51,729,194	2,187,594
Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits  Total Expenditures  Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	14, 2, 4, 2, 10,	125,862 640,696 816,291 303,479 130,438 989,137 261,559 267,462	 7,239,605 15,142,546 816,291 2,299,856 4,258,747 2,989,137 10,103,164 42,849,346		7,674,646 15,645,372 809,687 2,097,050 3,888,757 2,934,467 10,048,192 43,098,171 8,631,023	 (435,041) (502,826) 6,604 202,806 369,990 54,670 54,972 (248,825)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from debt Sale of property Transfers out	(6,	- - 692,254)	- (6,692,254)		39,000 (6,692,254)	 39,000
Total Other Financing Uses	(6,	692,254)	(6,692,254)		(6,653,254)	 39,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		1,977,769	1,977,769
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year			 <u>-</u>		(4,204,217)	 (4,204,217)
End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$	(2,226,448)	\$ (2,226,448)

$\boldsymbol{\gamma}$	റ	$\boldsymbol{\gamma}$	$\sim$

 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
\$ 31,638,297 2,487,332 2,294,000 3,356,475 83,000 1,140,000 459,100 385,500	\$ 31,648,297 2,487,332 2,294,000 3,375,209 89,000 1,140,000 459,100 385,500	\$	31,181,411 2,487,802 2,400,686 2,989,181 84,000 1,143,872 427,335 160,706	\$ (466,886) 470 106,686 (386,028) (5,000) 3,872 (31,765) (224,794)
20,000 4,022,692 378,745 644,203	95,271 4,023,892 468,022 708,172		142,638 4,105,059 462,065 366,597	47,367 81,167 (5,957) (341,575)
 46,909,344	47,173,795		45,951,352	 (1,222,443)
6,311,180	7,097,080		6,913,033	184,047
14,039,441 740,032	14,150,997 756,151		14,560,636 820,757	(409,639) (64,606)
2,469,771	2,399,771		2,240,566	159,205
4,411,983	4,504,536		3,675,965	828,571
2,693,965	2,763,737		3,110,722	(346,985)
9,537,706	9,596,257		9,828,950	(232,693)
 40,204,078	41,268,529		41,150,629	 117,900
 6,705,266	5,905,266		4,800,723	 (1,104,543)
-	800,000		800,000	-
 (6,705,266)	(6,705,266)		(6,705,266)	 
 (6,705,266)	(5,905,266)		(5,905,266)	 
-	-		(1,104,543)	(1,104,543)
 <u>-</u>			(3,099,674)	 (3,099,674)
\$ 	\$ -	\$	(4,204,217)	\$ (4,204,217)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Actuals for 2020)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2020 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 33,806,696	\$ 33,806,696	\$ 33,382,604	\$ (424,092)	\$ 31,181,411
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	165,000	165,000	189,875	24,875	159,687
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,737,850	2,737,850	2,712,060	(25,790)	2,328,115
	2,902,850	2,902,850	2,901,935	(915)	2,487,802
NON-PROPERTY TAXES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>		
Non-property tax distribution from County	1,168,155	1,168,155	1,715,076	546,921	1,408,904
Utilities gross receipts taxes	460,000	460,000	487,350	27,350	475,205
Cable television franchise fees	525,000	525,000	527,769	2,769	516,577
	2,153,155	2,153,155	2,730,195	577,040	2,400,686
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
Charges for tax advertising	250,000	250,000	288,134	38,134	266,969
City Clerk fees	159,500	159,500	149,786	(9,714)	60,763
Filming licenses	70,000	70,000	76,250	6,250	9,250
Other fees	26,500	26,500	61,615	35,115	45,180
Park and recreation fees	1,522,660	1,522,660	1,488,046	(34,614)	1,556,286
Dog fees	2,050	2,050	1,378	(672)	1,103
Youth Bureau program fees	85,000	85,000	58,373	(26,627)	21,807
Police Department fees	104,050	104,050	84,958	(19,092)	52,212
Public Works fees	11,000	11,000	22,922	11,922	24,815
Ambulance Corps fees	1,270,000	1,270,000	844,020	(425,980)	855,892
Bus operations	2,000	2,000	947	(1,053)	916
Participant's contributions - Nutrition programs	114,000	114,000	47,829	(66,171)	40,435
Zoning and Planning Board fees	20,050	20,050	15,450	(4,600)	9,900
Commercial sanitation fees	45,000	45,000	43,513	(1,487)	43,653
	3,681,810	3,681,810	3,183,221	(498,589)	2,989,181

Contribution from component units         9,000         9,000         14,000         5,000         9,000           Administrative charges - School District         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000         84,000         89,000         5,000         84,000 <th>INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES					
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY   Earnings on investments   125,000   125,000   11,546   (113,454)   59,853   Rentals of real property   1,050,655   1,050,655   1,063,248   12,593   1,084,019				•	5,000	,
SEP MONEY AND PROPERTY   1,050,655   1,050,655   1,063,248   12,593   1,084,019   1,050,655   1,050,655   1,063,248   12,593   1,084,019   1,050,655   1,050,655   1,063,248   12,593   1,084,019	Administrative charges - School District	75,000	75,000	75,000		75,000
Rentals of real property		84,000	84,000	89,000	5,000	84,000
Rentals of real property				_	_	_
Name			•	•	, ,	·
DICENSES AND PERMITS   12,000	Rentals of real property	1,050,655	1,050,655	1,063,248	12,593	1,084,019
Pumbing licenses   12,000   12,000   24,125   12,125   11,875		1,175,655	1,175,655	1,074,794	(100,861)	1,143,872
Building permits   271,300   271,300   1,81,597   810,297   293,386   Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   50,000   42,970   (7,030)   43,431   Plumbing permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095   Citer permits   38,900   38,900   39,127   227   20,548   A1,700   A1		12.000	12.000	04.405	40.405	44 07E
Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   50,000   42,970   77,030   43,431     Plumbing permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   41,500   91,775   91,775     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   30,000   1,278,494   864,794   427,335     Street opening and demolition permits   41,500   300,000   131,295   (168,705)   116,066     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   300,000   131,295   (168,705)   116,066     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   306,500   27,640   (68,860)   41,855     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   50,000   20,016   15,016   69,878     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   50,000   20,016   15,016   69,878     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   515,124   510,302   178   72,760     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   515,124   530,318   15,194   142,638     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   515,124   530,318   15,194   142,638     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   515,124   530,318   15,194   142,638     Street opening and demolition permits   50,000   21,49,660   567,532   2,837,667     Mortgage tax				•		·
Plumbing permits   41,500   41,500   90,675   49,175   58,095   38,900   38,900   39,127   227   20,548   38,900   38,900   39,127   227   20,548   38,900   38,900   39,127   227   20,548   38,900   38,900   39,127   227   20,548   38,545   38,						·
Other permits         38,900         38,900         39,127         227         20,548           FINES AND FORFEITURES         413,700         413,700         1,278,494         864,794         427,335           City court parking fines         300,000         300,000         131,295         (168,705)         116,066           Forfeiture of crime proceeds         -         -         -         1,000         1,000         2,785           Other fines and fees         96,500         96,500         27,640         (68,860)         41,855           SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS         396,500         5,000         20,016         15,016         69,878           Cother compensation for loss         -         5,000         510,124         510,302         178         72,760           STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         12,000         12,000			,	•		·
FINES AND FORFEITURES						
City court parking fines   300,000   300,000   131,295   (168,705)   116,066   Forfeiture of crime proceeds   -	Other permits	30,900	30,900	39,121		20,340
City court parking fines   300,000   300,000   131,295   (168,705)   116,066   Forfeiture of crime proceeds   -		413.700	413.700	1.278.494	864.794	427.335
Profesture of crime proceeds	FINES AND FORFEITURES					,,,,,
Profesture of crime proceeds	City court parking fines	300,000	300,000	131,295	(168,705)	116,066
Other fines and fees         96,500         96,500         27,640         (68,860)         41,855           SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS         Sale of equipment         5,000         5,000         20,016         15,016         69,878           Other compensation for loss         5,000         510,124         510,302         178         72,760           STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         21,49,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         7         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         3,000         3,000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>, -</td><td>, <u>-</u></td><td></td><td></td><td>·</td></td<>		, -	, <u>-</u>			·
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS           Sale of equipment Other compensation for loss         5,000         5,000         20,016         15,016         69,878           Other compensation for loss         -         510,124         510,302         178         72,760           STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         <		96,500	96,500			,
COMPENSATION FOR LOSS           Sale of equipment         5,000         5,000         20,016         15,016         69,878           Other compensation for loss         -         510,124         510,302         178         72,760           STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         38,545         -         - </td <td></td> <td>396,500</td> <td>396,500</td> <td>159,935</td> <td>(236,565)</td> <td>160,706</td>		396,500	396,500	159,935	(236,565)	160,706
Sale of equipment Other compensation for loss         5,000 cm         5,000 cm         20,016 cm         15,016 cm         69,878 cm           Other compensation for loss         -         510,124 cm         510,302 cm         178 cm         72,760 cm           STATE AID         5,000 cm         515,124 cm         530,318 cm         15,194 cm         142,638 cm           Per capita         2,270,134 cm         2,270,134 cm         2,837,666 cm         567,532 cm         2,837,667 cm           Mortgage tax         750,000 cm         750,000 cm         2,149,640 cm         1,399,640 cm         851,986 cm           Court facilities aid         85,657 cm         85,657 cm         - cm         81,578 cm           Mass transit grants         125,000 cm         125,000 cm         22,639 cm         (102,361) cm         168,234 cm           Public safety grants         12,000 cm         12,000 cm         12,000 cm         12,000 cm         - cm         26,793 cm           Programs for the aging cm         10,000 cm         10,000 cm         - cm         (30,000) cm         - cm         10,000 cm           S.T.O.P. DWI Program cm         30,000 cm         30,000 cm         - cm         38,545 cm         - cm         38,545 cm         - cm           Federal Emergency Manageme					<u> </u>	
Other compensation for loss         -         510,124         510,302         178         72,760           STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         -         38,545         -         -           Other         3,000         3,000         -         (3,000)         162						
STATE AID         5,000         515,124         530,318         15,194         142,638           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         -         38,545         -           Other         3,000         3,000         -         (30,000)         162		5,000	•	•		,
STATE AID           Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         -         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         -         38,545         -           Other         3,000         3,000         -         (3,000)         162	Other compensation for loss	<del>-</del>	510,124	510,302	<u> 178</u> _	72,760
Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         - 81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         - 26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         - 10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         - (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         - 3,000         3,000         - (3,000)         162		5,000	515,124	530,318	15,194	142,638
Per capita         2,270,134         2,270,134         2,837,666         567,532         2,837,667           Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         - 81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         - 26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         - 10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         - (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         - 3,000         3,000         - (3,000)         162	STATE AID					
Mortgage tax         750,000         750,000         2,149,640         1,399,640         851,986           Court facilities aid         85,657         85,657         85,657         -         81,578           Mass transit grants         125,000         125,000         22,639         (102,361)         168,234           Public safety grants         12,000         12,000         12,000         -         26,793           Programs for the aging         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         10,000           S.T.O.P. DWI Program         30,000         30,000         -         (30,000)         16,841           Youth programs         104,855         104,855         84,319         (20,536)         111,798           Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         38,545         -         -           Other         3,000         3,000         -         (3,000)         162		2.270.134	2.270.134	2.837.666	567.532	2.837.667
Court facilities aid       85,657       85,657       85,657       -       81,578         Mass transit grants       125,000       125,000       22,639       (102,361)       168,234         Public safety grants       12,000       12,000       -       26,793         Programs for the aging       10,000       10,000       -       10,000         S.T.O.P. DWI Program       30,000       30,000       -       (30,000)       16,841         Youth programs       104,855       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       3,000       -       (3,000)       162         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162	·				•	
Mass transit grants       125,000       125,000       22,639       (102,361)       168,234         Public safety grants       12,000       12,000       12,000       -       26,793         Programs for the aging       10,000       10,000       10,000       -       10,000         S.T.O.P. DWI Program       30,000       30,000       -       (30,000)       16,841         Youth programs       104,855       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       3,000       -       (3,000)       162         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162			,		-	·
Public safety grants       12,000       12,000       12,000       -       26,793         Programs for the aging       10,000       10,000       10,000       -       10,000         S.T.O.P. DWI Program       30,000       30,000       -       (30,000)       16,841         Youth programs       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       38,545       -         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162				,	(102,361)	
Programs for the aging       10,000       10,000       10,000       -       10,000         S.T.O.P. DWI Program       30,000       30,000       -       (30,000)       16,841         Youth programs       104,855       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       38,545       -       -         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162			•		-	
S.T.O.P. DWI Program       30,000       30,000       -       (30,000)       16,841         Youth programs       104,855       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       -       38,545       -         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162					_	,
Youth programs       104,855       104,855       84,319       (20,536)       111,798         Federal Emergency Management Agency       -       -       -       38,545       -         Other       3,000       3,000       -       (3,000)       162				-	(30.000)	
Federal Emergency Management Agency         -         -         38,545         38,545         -           Other         3,000         3,000         -         (3,000)         162				84,319		
Other3,000 (3,000) 162		,	-			, -
3,390,646 3,390,646 5,240,466 1,849,820 4,105,059		3,000	3,000	<u> </u>		162
		3,390,646	3,390,646	5,240,466	1,849,820	4,105,059

(Continued)



General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Actuals for 2020)

	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		2020 Actual		
FEDERAL AID	 								
Youth programs	\$ 8,000	\$	8,000	\$	13,500	\$	5,500	\$	8,000
Nutrition for the elderly - Title III E	90,000		90,000		90,000		-		90,000
Nutrition for the elderly - Title III B	180,972		232,222		129,722		(102,500)		129,720
Nutrition for the elderly - Title III C-1	162,800		178,310		172,860		(5,450)		162,799
Federal Emergency Management Agency	-		-		231,270		231,270		-
COVID-19 Community development block grant	 <u>-</u>				28,099		28,099		71,546
	 441,772		508,532		665,451		156,919		462,065
MISCELLANEOUS									
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-		-		-		(50.400)		11,638
Gifts and donations	116,347		121,347		62,178		(59,169)		35,037
Other	 391,585		391,585		430,603		39,018		319,922
	 507,932		512,932	_	492,781		(20,151)		366,597
TOTAL REVENUES	 48,959,716		49,541,600		51,729,194		2,187,594		45,951,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Proceeds from debt	_		_		_		_		800,000
Sale of property	 				39,000		39,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 				39,000		39,000		800,000
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 48,959,716	\$	49,541,600	\$	51,768,194	\$	2,226,594	\$	46,751,352

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Actuals for 2020)

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		2020 Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT									
City Council	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,231	\$	(231)	\$	60,866
Mayor	444,036		446,266		431,453		14,813		429,012
City Hall	229,500		233,000		220,464		12,536		218,192
Finance	1,401,276		1,396,261		1,417,013		(20,752)		1,477,160
City Clerk	134,915		127,607		156,876		(29,269)		133,172
City Attorney	427,128		427,128		498,380		(71,252)		392,138
Human Resources	185,588		183,968		132,084		51,884		243,150
Public Works administration	1,048,094		975,049		987,830		(12,781)		1,067,022
Garage	472,675		472,675		511,938		(39,263)		398,924
Central Data Processing	203,650		203,650		178,081		25,569		185,867
Special items									
Self insurance contribution	859,000		859,000		859,000		-		699,000
Unallocated insurance	385,000		532,380		531,882		498		225,861
Refunds of real property taxes	550,000		550,000		559,933		(9,933)		448,034
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax	75,000		75,000		73,145		1,855		72,176
Termination pay	550,000		697,621		1,056,336		(358,715)		862,459
Contingency	 100,000		-		<u>-</u>		-		<u> </u>
	 7,125,862		7,239,605		7,674,646		(435,041)		6,913,033
PUBLIC SAFETY									
Police Department	12,723,289		12,706,697		13,256,831		(550,134)		12,535,780
Traffic Patrol	186,178		199,463		210,809		(11,346)		183,668
Animal Shelter	128,500		128,500		118,819		9,681		120,418
Building Department - Safety inspections	418,256		418,256		350,811		67,445		483,100
Fire Department	494,000		500,657		482,897		17,760		922,465
Code Enforcement	164,637		164,637		165,351		(714)		160,290
Harbor Patrol	99,500		98,000		94,577		3,423		83,369
COVID-19	-		500,000		535,643		(35,643)		71,546
Fire Department Dispatchers	 426,336	_	426,336	_	429,634		(3,298)		
	 14,640,696		15,142,546		15,645,372		(502,826)		14,560,636

HEALTH Ambulance	816,291	816,291	809,687	6,604	820,757
, imparation		010,201		<u> </u>	020,101
TRANSPORTATION					
Road maintenance and repair	2,018,479	1,976,706	1,847,617	129,089	2,000,181
Snow removal	185,000	223,150	206,278	16,872	130,385
Loop bus	100,000	100,000	40,000	60,000	110,000
Ferry Terminal	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,155	(3,155)	
	2,303,479	2,299,856	2,097,050	202,806	2,240,566
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Community Center	1,245,687	-	_	-	1,188,100
Youth Bureau	658,991	658,991	633,362	25,629	549,580
Recreation	70,000	70,000	66,032	3,968	25,847
Golf Course	731,870	750,038	739,853	10,185	673,517
Senior Center - Adult Day Care	259,020	268,440	173,927	94,513	213,941
Senior Center - Recreation	1,154,070	1,180,830	1,100,269	80,561	1,019,572
Veterans	10,800	10,800	4,627	6,173	5,408
Recreation	-	608,955	525,396	83,559	-
Department Pubic Works- Parks	<u> </u>	710,693	645,291	65,402	<del>-</del> _
	4,130,438	4,258,747	3,888,757	369,990	3,675,965
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Zoning Board	16,000	17,000	6,921	10,079	6,380
Planning Board	101,200	100,200	87,443	12,757	63,704
Sanitation	2,871,937	2,871,937	2,840,103	31,834	3,011,204
Emergency Medical Services	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	29,434
	2,989,137	2,989,137	2,934,467	54,670	3,110,722
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State retirement	1,441,059	1,441,059	1,674,428	(233,369)	1,514,091
Social security and Medicare	1,405,500	1,405,500	1,425,059	(19,559)	1,410,448
Life, health and dental insurance	7,385,000	7,226,605	6,948,705	277,900	6,815,765
Unemployment benefits	30,000	30,000	<u> </u>	30,000	88,646
	10,261,559	10,103,164	10,048,192	54,972	9,828,950
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	42,267,462	42,849,346	43,098,171	(248,825)	41,150,629

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2021
(With Comparative Actuals for 2020)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2020 Actual
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Debt Service Fund	6,692,254	6,692,254	6,692,254		6,705,266
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 48,959,716	\$ 49,541,600	\$ 49,790,425	\$ (248,825)	\$ 47,855,895

Water Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

ACCETC	2021	 2020
ASSETS Water rents receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 967,651 30,913	\$ 1,104,552 37,973
Total Assets	\$ 998,564	\$ 1,142,525
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 138,195 27,914 438,303	\$ 447,209 24,312 372,933
Total Liabilities	 604,412	844,454
Fund balance Nonspendable Assigned	 30,913 363,239	 37,973 260,098
Total Fund Balance	 394,152	 298,071
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 998,564	\$ 1,142,525

Water Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2021									
REVENUES	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget		
Departmental income Miscellaneous	\$	3,800,000 101,500	\$	3,800,000 101,500	\$	3,573,491 91,838	\$	(226,509) (9,662)		
Total Revenues		3,901,500		3,901,500		3,665,329		(236,171)		
EXPENDITURES Current Home and community services		3,053,378		3,012,328		2,680,076		332,252		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		848,122		889,172		985,253		96,081		
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		(848,122)		(889,172)		(889,172)		<u>-</u> _		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		96,081		96,081		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		<del>-</del> _				298,071		298,071		
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	394,152	\$	394,152		

## 

Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	ariance with nal Budget
\$ 3,700,000 99,420	\$ 3,700,000 99,420	\$ 3,570,437 144,759		\$ (129,563) 45,339
3,799,420	3,799,420		3,715,196	(84,224)
 2,940,049	2,940,049		2,688,254	 251,795
859,371	859,371		1,026,942	167,571
(859,371)	(859,371)		(859,371)	
-	-		167,571	167,571
<u>-</u> _	 		130,500	 130,500
\$ _	\$ 	\$	298,071	\$ 298,071



Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

400570	2021	2020
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 742,143 158,136	\$ 451,467 469,462
Total Assets	\$ 900,279	\$ 920,929
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Due to other funds	\$ 403,664	\$ 418,732
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred revenues	 35,973	154,187
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	439,637	572,919
Fund balance Restricted	460,642	348,010
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 900,279	\$ 920,929

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2021							
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget				
Intergovernmental charges	\$ 122,160	\$ 122,160	\$ 122,160	\$ -				
EXPENDITURES  Debt service Principal Serial bonds Bond anticipation notes	6,115,000 -	6,115,000 -	6,115,000 -	- -				
Installment purchase debt		<del>-</del>		<del></del>				
	6,115,000	6,115,000	6,115,000					
Interest Serial bonds Bond anticipation notes Installment purchase debt	1,679,084 48,470 	1,679,084 48,470 	1,679,082 48,470	2 -				
	1,727,554	1,727,554	1,727,552	2				
Total Expenditures	7,842,554	7,842,554	7,842,552	2				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(7,720,394)	(7,720,394)	(7,720,392)	2				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance premium Transfers in	7,540,376	7,540,376	292,648 7,540,376	292,648				
Total Other Financing Sources	7,540,376	7,540,376	7,833,024	292,648				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(180,018)	(180,018)	112,632	292,650				
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	180,018	180,018	348,010	167,992				
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 460,642	\$ 460,642				

2020							
	Original Budget	E	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
\$	314,684	\$	314,684	\$	315,272	\$	588
	6,095,134		6,095,134		5,960,000		135,134
	860,468 59,920		59,920		59,920		- -
	7,015,522		6,155,054		6,019,920		135,134
	1,667,485 53,804 2,978		1,667,485 53,804 2,978		1,667,484 25,742 2,978		1 28,062 -
	1,724,267		1,724,267		1,696,204		28,063
	8,739,789		7,879,321		7,716,124		163,197
	(8,425,105)	(	(7,564,637)		(7,400,852)		163,785
	- 8,425,105		- 7,564,637		153,486 7,564,637		153,486 <u>-</u>
	8,425,105		7,564,637		7,718,123		153,486
	-		-		317,271		317,271
	<u>-</u> _				30,739		30,739
\$		\$		\$	348,010	\$	348,010

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

A00FT0	2021			2020		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	19,170,145	\$	14,567,273		
Receivables						
Accounts		248,002		6,343		
State and Federal aid  Due from other funds		1,819,889 403,664		505,946 418,732		
Bue well during		100,001		410,702		
		2,471,555		931,021		
Total Assets	\$	21,641,700	\$	15,498,294		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,524,220	\$	1,408,107		
Bond anticipation notes payable		1,643,224		2,136,252		
Unearned revenues		<del>-</del>		60,453		
Total Liabilities		3,167,444		3,604,812		
Fund balance						
Restricted		18,474,256		11,893,482		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	21,641,700	\$	15,498,294		

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended December 31,

	2021	2020		
REVENUES	_		_	
Use of money and property	\$ 390	\$	6,514	
State aid	6,105,051		1,081,229	
Federal aid	358,029		382,484	
Miscellaneous	 1,641,941		5,312,095	
Total Revenues	8,105,411		6,782,322	
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	10,273,364		8,027,484	
Deficiency of Revenues	(0.407.050)		(4.045.400)	
Over Expenditures	(2,167,953)		(1,245,162)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bonds issued	8,515,000		5,005,000	
Issuance premium	192,677		237,851	
Transfers in	41,050		-	
Total Other Financing Sources	8,748,727		5,242,851	
· ·				
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,580,774		3,997,689	
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	11,893,482		7,895,793	
End of Year	\$ 18,474,256	\$	11,893,482	

Non-Major Governmental Fund - Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2021		2020
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 69,812 <u>-</u>	\$	52,311 18,863
Total Assets	\$ 69,812	\$	71,174
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	343
FUND BALANCE Restricted	 69,812		70,831
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 69,812	\$	71,174

Non-Major Governmental Fund - Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended December 31,

		2021		2020	
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	10,050	\$	60,503	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Culture and recreation		11,069		1,876	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,019)		58,627	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		70,831		12,204	
End of Year	\$	69,812	\$	70,831	

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

	2021	2020		
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,032,041	\$	773,387	
Accounts receivable	 6,469			
Total Assets	1,038,510		773,387	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	56,132		87,329	
Due to other funds	178		-	
Current portion of claims payable	105,000		174,000	
Total Current Liabilities	161,310		261,329	
Claims payable, less current portion	 945,038		1,569,448	
Total Liabilities	1,106,348		1,830,777	
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ (67,838)	\$	(1,057,390)	

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2021		2020	
OPERATING REVENUES		_		
Charges for services	\$	957,000	\$	804,000
Insurance recoveries		120,415		90,642
Total Operating Revenues		1,077,415		894,642
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Employee benefits		(481,963)		746,161
Judgments and claims		569,826		451,064
Total Operating Expenses		87,863		1,197,225
Total Operating Expenses		07,003		1,191,225
Income (Loss) from Operations		989,552		(302,583)
DEFICIT				
Beginning of Year		(1,057,390)		(754,807)
End of Year	\$	(67,838)	\$	(1,057,390)

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation and General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	2021	 2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 957,000	\$ 804,000
Cash received from insurance recoveries	113,946	118,983
Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	 (812,292)	 (737,301)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	258,654	185,682
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of Year	 773,387	 587,705
	_	
End of Year	\$ 1,032,041	\$ 773,387
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 989,552	\$ (302,583)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash from operating activities  Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(6,469)	28,341
Accounts payable	(31,197)	65,670
Due to other funds	178	(35,073)
Claims payable	 (693,410)	 429,327
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 258,654	\$ 185,682



# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Glen Cove, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Glen Cove, New York ("City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2022. Our report includes a reference to another auditor who audited the financial statements of Glen Cove Community Development Agency (a component unit), the Glen Cove Industrial Development Agency (a component unit) and the Glen Cove Local Economic Assistance Corporation (a component unit), as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by that auditor.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 26, 2022



# Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and the City Council of the City of Glen Cove, New York

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Glen Cove, New York's ("City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("Government Auditing Standards"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Other Matter - Federal Expenditures Not Included in the Compliance Audit

The City's basic financial statements include the operations of the Glen Cove Community Development Agency ("CDA") which expended \$5,227,535 in federal awards which is not included in the City's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2021. Our compliance audit, described in the "Opinion on Each Major Federal Program", does not include the operations of CDA because the CDA engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 26, 2022



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Indirect Program - Passed through Glen Cove Community Development Agency				
Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants	14.218	CQH17000027	\$ -	\$ 13,500
CDBG COVID-19-Public Facilities Improvement CDBG COVID-19-PPE	14.218 14.218	CQHI19000022 CQHI19000022	-	15,094 13,005
COVID19 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	CQHI19000022		34,740
U.S. Department of Transportation Indirect Program - Passed through New York State Department of Transportation				76,339
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D032012	-	263,789
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs	20.526	NY-2019-063-00		59,500
				323,289
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Indirect Program - Passed through NYS Department of Hon Security and Emergency Services	neland			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA#059-29113-00		231,270
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Indirect Programs - Passed through Nassau County				
Aging Cluster  Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	CQHS1900083	-	129,722
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services	93.045	CQHS1900083		172,860
Subtotal - Aging Cluster				302,582
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	CQHS1900083		90,000
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Service	es			392,582
Total			\$ -	\$ 1,023,480

See independent auditors' report and notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 2021

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Glen Cove ("City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021.. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2021

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on the financial statements audited were in accordance with GAAP		Unmodified
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reportir</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identif</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) idenot considered to be material</li> </ul>	ied? ntified that are	YesX_NoYesX_None reported
Noncompliance material to financial noted?	statements	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards		
<ul> <li>Internal Control over major federal period</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified</li> <li>not considered to be material</li> </ul>	ied? ntified that are	YesX_NoYesX_None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on co for major federal programs	mpliance	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordanc 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major federal program	m	
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program	n or Cluster
97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Disasters)	Assistance (Presidentially Declared
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B prograr	ns:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	X YesNo

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None

## **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2021

None