Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2024

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1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Tombstone

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tombstone, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Tombstone's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tombstone, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Tombstone and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, the City restated the beginning net position of its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024, to correct a misstatement in its previously issued financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Tombstone's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tombstone's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Tombstone's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The City of Tombstone has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability - Cost-Sharing Plans, Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Agent Plans, and the Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions as noted in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Tombstone's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tombstone's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral

part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Tombstone's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Compliance Over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Tombstone failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated State transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City of Tombstone's noncompliance with authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, (the Auditor General of the State of Arizona,) the City Council, management, and other responsible parties within the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Colby + Powell
March 31, 2025

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	P	rimary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 637,795	\$ 128,300	\$ 766,095
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	122,167	122,167
Accounts receivable - net	24,498	88,165	112,663
Other receivables	93,894	·	93,894
Taxes receivable	184,614	(<u>124)</u>	184,614
Due from other governments	798,872	-	798,872
Prepaid expenses	8,395	*	8,395
Interactivity balances	1,051,889	(1,051,889)	180
Net pension and other postemployment benefits asset	1,179,800	11,611	1,191,411
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	29,614	8,000	37,614
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	4,444,741	3,562,476	8,007,217
Total assets	8,454,112	2,868,830	11,322,942
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions and other			
postemployment benefits	383,352	85,869	469,221
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	378,320	46,586	424,906
Accrued expenses	79,710	6,773	86,483
Interest payable	4,042	(- 1	4,042
Refundable deposits	<u> </u>	122,167	122,167
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within 1 year	191,794	93,921	285,715
Due in more than 1 year	1,245,784	456,654	1,702,438
Total liabilities	1,899,650	726,101	2,625,751
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other			
postemployment benefits	137,135	18,347	155,482
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,954,422	3,373,084	7,327,506
Restricted for:			
Public safety	54,922	-	54,922
Health and welfare	13,749	-	13,749
Highways and streets	1,942	11.611	1,942
Pension and OPEB	1,179,800	11,611	1,191,411
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,595,844	(1,174,444)	421,400
Total net position	\$ 6,800,679	\$ 2,210,251	\$ 9,010,930

Statement of Activities June 30, 2024

		P	rogram Revenues		Net (Expense) R	Revenues and Change	s in Net Position
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	t
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 1,357,451	\$ 845,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (512,331)	\$ -	\$ (512,331)
Public safety	1,629,907	44,538	494,608	-	(1,090,761)	-	(1,090,761)
Highways and streets	200,068	600	433,540	287,306	521,378	(#X)	521,378
Health and welfare	178,237	55,773	139,416	2	16,952	(4)	16,952
Culture and recreation	777,862	11,178	-	-	(766,684)	-	(766,684)
Community development	343,134	1,659	43,255	5	(298,220)	:#s	(298,220)
Interest on long-term debt	20,094	- 150 	95% 1/ <u>2</u> 5	2	(20,094)	/ €	(20,094)
Total governmental activities	4,506,753	958,868	1,110,819	287,306	(2,149,760)		(2,149,760)
Business-type activities							
Wastewater	307,209	252,551	:=		*:	(54,658)	(54,658)
Water	683,583	570,355		-	·	(113,228)	(113,228)
Sanitation	246,050	149,601	82	2	<u>~</u>	(96,449)	(96,449)
Total business-type activities	1,236,842	972,507	0.0			(264,335)	(264,335)
Total primary government	\$ 5,743,595	\$ 1,931,375	\$ 1,110,819	\$ 287,306	(2,149,760)	(264,335)	(2,414,095)
		General revenues:					
		Taxes: Sales Tax			1,626,891		1,626,891
		Property tax			229,439		229,439
		Franchise tax			73,791) <u>=</u>)	73,791
					196,912	1 4 3	196,912
		State sales tax rev Auto lieu tax reve			78,330	•	78,330
					000000000000000000000000000000000000000		WC-9259 183 WC
		State revenue shar	ring		397,487	(#)	397,487
		Interest income			60,655	-	60,655
		Miscellaneous			41,177		41,177
		Total general			2,704,682	(264.225)	2,704,682
		Change in net			554,922	(264,335)	290,587
		\$1000000 Brussess 5000000000000000000000000000000000	1, 2023, as restated		6,245,757	2,474,586	8,720,343
		Net position, June	30, 2024		\$ 6,800,679	\$ 2,210,251	\$ 9,010,930

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

ASSETS	(F	General Grants Governmental Fund Fund Funds		X and the contract of the cont		Total Governmenta Funds		
					_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	475,075	\$	28,789	\$	133,931	\$	637,795
Accounts receivable		24,498		±41		-		24,498
Taxes receivable		184,614		510.640		10.770		184,614
Due from other governments		266,452		518,648		13,772		798,872
Inventory		93,894		-		-		93,894
Prepaid expenses		8,395		.		1,51		8,395
Due from other funds) =	1,622,225	EF					1,622,225
Total assets	_	2,675,153	ĵ <u></u>	547,437		147,703		3,370,293
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		335,394) - (42,926		378,320
Accrued liabilities		75,946		2,285		1,479		79,710
Due to other funds		-	(513,280	-	57,056	-	570,336
Total liabilities		411,340	×	515,565		101,461	74	1,028,366
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue	tt 	24,548	30	370,491		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		395,039
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Inventory		8,395		-		10		8,395
Prepaids		93,894				1.0		93,894
Due from other funds		1,622,225		-		-		1,622,225
Assigned								
Capital outlay		502,139		200		-		502,139
Debt service		-		5 = 0		27,428		27,428
Restricted for:								
Public safety		1-2		-		54,922		54,922
Health and welfare		(=0)		; =		13,749		13,749
Highways and streets		123		:=		1,942		1,942
Unassigned	11	12,612	-	(338,619)	-	(51,799)	1	(377,806)
Total fund balances	107	2,239,265		(338,619)		46,242	90	1,946,888
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,675,153	\$	547,437	\$	147,703	_\$_	3,370,293

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 1,946,888
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,474,355
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	395,039
in the rands.	3,3,03,
Net pension/OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for City operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,179,800
Liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities, financed	
purchases payable, and leases payable, are not due and payable in	
the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds.	
Interest payable (4,042)	
Leases payable (53,457)	
Compensated absences (44,298)	
Net pension/OPEB liability (873,347)	
Financed purchase payable (466,476)	
	(1,441,620)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to	
pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt	
refundings are applicable to future reporting periods and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	246,217_
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,800,679

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

) .	General Fund		Grants Fund		Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Fund
Revenues	0.40	DI SECOLOGIC SAMOSTOSA	2207		7727		3270	
Taxes	\$	1,824,752	\$		\$	105,369	\$	1,930,121
Intergovernmental		1,030,448		442,957		198,289		1,671,694
Charges for services		747,100		-		3,136		750,236
Donations and contributions		67,763		2		28,945		96,708
Licenses and permits		86,064		설		51 2 27		86,064
Interest		60,655		Ė		-		60,655
Other revenue		41,301		-		S#3		41,301
Fines and forfeitures		29,857		4		=		29,857
Total revenues		3,887,940		442,957	\$ 	335,739		4,666,636
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		1,279,434		말		1,675		1,281,109
Public safety		1,286,183		106,358		16,458		1,408,999
Health and welfare		174,570		-		-		174,570
Culture and recreation		726,825		-		3,501		730,326
Community development		15_m → 0 * 752 — 015 11 = 3		a c		146,941		146,941
Highways and streets		25,199		16,238		301,697		343,134
Debt service		,		,				,
Principal		108,420				132,524		240,944
Interest		17,705				2,389		20,094
Capital outlay		399,057		691,317		20,025		1,110,399
Total expenditures	70-	4,017,393		813,913	: 	625,210	-	5,456,516
Total expenditures	2	4,017,333	-	613,913	Ni-	023,210		3,430,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(129,453)		(370,956)	0	(289,471)		(789,880)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Financed purchase agreement		72,872		=:		ne.		72,872
Transfers in (out)		(195,258)		4 3		195,258		-
Total other financing	10-		•		9)	•		100
sources (uses)	88	(122,386)		<u> </u>		195,258		72,872
Net change in fund balance		(251,839)		(370,956)		(94,213)		(717,008)
Fund balance, beginning of year	11	2,491,104		32,337	10	140,455		2,663,896
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,239,265	\$	(338,619)	\$	46,242	\$	1,946,888

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ (717,008))
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense	1,110,399 (398,487)	711,912	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenue		395,039	
City pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. City pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	137,948 (130,624)	7.324	
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Financed purchases incurred Bonds payable principal repaid Leases payable principal repaid Financed purchases principal repaid	(72,872) 95,329 27,805 117,810	168.072	
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in interest payable	(6,375) (4,042)	(10,417)	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 554,922	Ĺ

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds					
W astewat		Water Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total	
S	•	VENUE - VENUE - CONTROL OF VEN	\$ -	\$ 128,300	
	()		2000	122,167	
21,3	322	53,859	12,984	88,165	
21,3	322	304,326	12,984	338,632	
1,8	808	9,222	581	11,611	
	924	8 000		8,000	
862,3	365	2,700,111		3,562,476	
864,1	173	2,717,333	581	3,582,087	
885,4	195	3,021,659	13,565	3,920,719	
			1		
13,3	371_	68,205	4,293	85,869	
24,9	931	20,480	1,175	46,586	
1,	128	5,296	349	6,773	
	541	122,167	32/	122,167	
1,0	680	7,887	595	10,162	
		70		45,587	
	(4)		120	36,000	
2,	172			2,172	
43,	185	224,143	2,119	269,447	
1	559	2,629	198	3,386	
301,	848	· ·	750,041	1,051,889	
19,	862	53,488	19	73,350	
	-	38,000		38,000	
2,2	283	100	-	2,283	
52,	886	269,767	16,982	339,635	
377,	438	363,884	767,221	1,508,543	
420,6	523	588,027	769,340	1,777,990	
2,5	857	14,573	917	18,347	
824	774	2.548 310		3,373,084	
			581	11,611	
		(70,268)	(752,980)	(1,174,444)	
\$ 475,	386	\$ 2,487.264	\$ (752.399)	\$ 2,210,251	
	S 21,: 21,: 21,: 862,: 864, 885,: 13,: 24,: 1,: 13,: 2,: 43,: 301,: 19,: 2,: 377,: 420,: 824,: 1,: (351,:	Wastewater Fund \$	Wastewater Fund Water Fund \$ - \$ 128,300 122,167 21,322 53,859 21,322 304,326 1,808 9,222 - 8,000 862,365 2,700,111 864,173 2,717,333 885,495 3,021,659 13,371 68,205 24,931 20,480 1,128 5,296 - 122,167 1,680 7,887 13,274 32,313 36,000 2,172 - 43,185 224,143 559 2,629 301,848 - 38,000 2,283 - 38,000 2,283 - 52,886 269,767 377,438 363,884 420,623 588,027 2,857 14,573 824,774 2,548,310 1,808 9,222 (351,196) (70,268) (70,268)	Watewater Fund Water Fund Sanitation Fund \$ - \$ 128,300 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 12322 \$ 53,859 \$ 12,984 21,322 \$ 304,326 \$ 12,984 1,808 \$ 9,222 \$ 581 - \$ 8,000 \$ - 862,365 \$ 2,700,111 \$ - 1 \$ 1,808 \$ 2,717,333 \$ 581 885,495 \$ 3,021,659 \$ 13,565 13,371 \$ 68,205 \$ 4,293 24,931 \$ 20,480 \$ 1,175 \$ 1,128 \$ 5,296 \$ 349 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 122,167 \$ - 136,000 \$ - 2,172 \$ - 2 \$ - 36,000 \$ - 2,172 \$ - 2 \$	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds						
	Wastewater Fund	Water Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total			
Operating revenues							
Charges for services, net of bad debt							
(\$850, \$2,493, and \$659, respectively).	\$ 252,551	\$ 570,355	\$ 149,601	\$ 972,507			
Operating expenses							
Professional services	52,410	142,492	216,167	411,069			
Personnel	44,218	313,916	22,804	380,938			
Depreciation/amortization	50,811	106,424	(4)	157,235			
Materials and supplies	76,709	23,123	6,215	106,047			
Utilities	35,971	56,712		92,683			
Insurance	9,786	19,947	F	29,733			
Other	23,469	3,734	714	27,917			
Repairs and maintenance	12,809	6,340	150	19,299			
Total operating expenses	306,183	672,688	246,050	1,224,921			
Operating income (loss)	(53,632)	(102,333)	(96,449)	(252,414)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest expense	(1,026)	(10,895)	<u> </u>	(11,921)			
Increase (decrease)							
in net position	(54,658)	(113,228)	(96,449)	(264,335)			
Total net position, beginning of year	530,044	2,600,492	(655,950)	2,474,586			
Total net position, end of year	\$ 475,386	\$ 2,487,264	\$ (752,399)	\$ 2,210,251			

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

		В	nterprise Fund	s				
	W	astewater	Water		Sanitation			
	Fund		_	Fund		Waste Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$	253,933	\$	641,798	\$	149,624	\$	1,045,355
Payments to suppliers and providers		**************************************		165 - 165 - 1 45 - 165	37/55	1708 - 1700 - 36 00 - 1700 - 1700		
of goods and services		(210,808)		(282,358)		(240,864)		(734,030)
Payments to employees		(66,993)		(308,480)		(19,455)		(394,928)
Net cash provided (used) by					-)	
operating activities		(23,868)		50,960		(110,695)		(83,603)
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities:								
Received from other funds		56,549		<u></u>		110,695	9	167,244
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities:								
Interest paid		(1,026)		(10,895)		-		(11,921)
Principal paid on financed purchases		(10,510)		(25,743)		-		(36,253)
Principal paid on leases payable		(2,175)		=		=		(2,175)
Principal paid on bonds payable		W #1 S1		(35,000)		-		(35,000)
Purchase of capital assets		(18,970)		(21,650)		-		(40,620)
Net cash provided (used) by		1				-		
capital and related financing								
activities	,	(32,681)		(93,288)		<u> </u>		(125,969)
Net increase (decrease) in cash								
and cash equivalents		理報		(42,328)		월		(42,328)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2023		<u> </u>		292,795	_)	292,795
Cash and cash equivalents,								
June 30, 2024	-	<u> </u>	_	250,467	_			250,467
Coch and each aguivalents				120 200				120 200
Cash and cash equivalents		=0		128,300		-,		128,300
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	_		_	122,167		~	y <u></u>	122,167
Cash and cash equivalents,	591		Sat -		157			
June 30, 2024	\$	-	\$	250,467	\$:#6	\$	250,467

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	Business-type Activitie				iesEnterprise Funds			
	W	astewater	Water			anitation		*
		Fund		Fund	W	aste Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)		= 46						79
to net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(53,632)	\$	(102,333)	\$	(96,449)	\$	(252,414)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities:								
Depreciation/amortization		50,811		106,424		-		157,235
Bad debts		850		2,493		659		4,002
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:								
Accounts receivable		532		62,861		(636)		62,757
Net pension and other						N-33 337		55 THE #11 P. S. S. S.
postemployment benefits asset		841		(550)		(159)		132
Deferred outflows of resources								
related to pensions and other		1,539		(19,398)		(1,916)		(19,775)
Accounts payable		346		(30,011)		(17,618)		(47,283)
Accrued expenses		418		2,982		16		3,416
Refundable deposits		: -		6,090) = 07		6,090
Compensated absences payable		(429)		2,848		404		2,823
Net pension and other								Section # Product Control (Control (Con
postemployment benefits liability		(22,711)		22,297		4,931		4,517
Deferred inflows of resources related				250				5.
to pensions and other								
postemployment benefits		(2,433)		(2,743)		73	_	(5,103)
Net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities	\$	(23,868)	\$	50,960	\$	(110,695)	\$	(83,603)

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Pension
	Trust
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 104,028
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for investment trust participants	\$ 104,028

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions	\$ 8,246
Deductions:	
Pension payments	4,800_
Change in net position	3,446
Net position, beginning of year	100,582
Net position, end of year	\$ 104,028

June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Tombstone, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate from and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City (the primary government). As of June 30, 2024, the City had no blended or discretely presented component units, nor was the City a component unit of any other reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the City). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Grants Fund* is used to account for federal and state grants and other contributions that are restricted for specific use.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Wastewater*, *Water*, and *Sanitation* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the City Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the City's Volunteer Firefighter's Relief and Pension Fund, a defined contribution plan for which the assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity.

June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. All investments are stated at fair value.

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are estimated by the City.

F. Inventories

The City accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies and merchandise held for sale. Supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and inventory held for sale in the Boothill Museum are expensed at the time inventory is sold. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

G. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied on or before the third Monday in August and are payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real property assessed attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy thereof.

Property taxes levied on residential property for current operations and maintenance expenses are limited to a percentage of the primary full cash value of such property. In addition, taxes levied for current operations and maintenance expenses on all types of property are limited to a maximum percentage increase over the prior year's levy adjusted for new construction and annexations. Property taxes levied to pay principle and interest on bonded indebtedness are unlimited.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

		Depreciation/	
Capi	italization	Amortization	Estimated
Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life
\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
	5,000	N/A	N/A
	5,000	Straight-line	30
	5,000	Straight-line	25-40
	5,000	Straight-line	3-20
	25,000	Straight-line	See below
	10,000	Straight-line	See below
	Th	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	Threshold Method \$ 5,000 N/A 5,000 N/A 5,000 Straight-line 5,000 Straight-line 5,000 Straight-line 25,000 Straight-line

Right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City is reasonably

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

certain of being exercised—then the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Intangible right-to-use subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

J. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate vacation hours equal to 20 days their annual vacation hours earned. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City's Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the City Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authorized the City manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balances first. It is the City's policy to use committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

M. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Budgets

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The City is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the City to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The City complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual budgetary comparison schedules as listed in the table of contents present all major governmental funds which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

O. Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Leases - As lessee, the City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure lease liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease. The City's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the City's borrowing rate for unsecured debt for a comparable amount and time period, and then decreased the based on full collateral.

As lessor, the City recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the City charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the City uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The City's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements - The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure subscription liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the arrangement. The City's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the City Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The City currently has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies.

Deposits – At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's total non-pooled cash in bank was \$46,688 and the bank balance was \$571,185. Of the bank balance, \$274,538 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by securities held by the financial institutions.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statement of net position follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Pension trust fund		Total
Cash and cash equivalents:					25		
Cash in bank	\$	46,688	\$	(4)	\$	-	\$ 46,688
Cash on hand		3,553		(m)		7=3	3,553
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5		587,554		250,467		104,028	942,049
Total	\$	637,795	\$	250,467	\$	104,028	\$ 992,290

Investments – At June 30, 2024, the investments consisted of the following:

	Rating		Reported Amount	Fair Value
Investment in State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5				
Primary Government	AAA	\$	838,021	\$ 838,021
Pension trust fund	AAA	-	104,028	104,028
		\$	942,049	\$ 942,049

Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the City held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools. The shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Restricted cash – In the proprietary funds, \$122,167 is restricted for refundable customer deposits.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following table summarizes that City's receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts, for the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2024:

	Wastewater Fund		Water Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total	
Accounts receivable	\$	22,654	\$	57,224	\$	13,795	\$	93,673
Less allowance		(1,332)		(3,365)		(811)		(5,508)
Accounts receivable - net	\$	21,322	\$	53,859	\$	12,984	\$	88,165

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2024, in the General Fund are \$4,922 in state-shared revenue from sales taxes, and \$2,884 from vehicle license tax. \$252,298 from Arizona Department of Transportation for airport grants, and \$6,348 due from the State of Arizona for a special resource officer grant, totaling \$266,452. In the Grants fund, \$262,513 from Arizona Department of Public Safety, \$164,074 from Arizona DEMA, \$43,441 from Arizona Department of Homeland Security, and \$48,620 from Arizona Governor's Office of Highway Safety, totaling \$518,648. In the HURF fund \$13,772 is owed from the State Treasurer for HURF monies.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance			
	July 1, 2023			Balance
	(As restated)	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 29,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,614
Construction in progress	623,009		(623,009)	
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated/amortized	652,623		(623,009)	29,614
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	3,927,793	360,874	=	4,288,667
Infrastructure	2,058,748	603,345	2.1	2,662,093
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	2,677,112	769,189	2	3,446,301
Intangibles:				
Right-to-use SBITA asset	38,208	-	*	38,208
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Land	81,097	-	-	81,097
Total	8,782,958	1,733,408	-	10,516,366
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,990,827)	(101,688)	-	(2,092,515)
Infrastructure	(2,027,642)	(23,909)	(9)	(2,051,551)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(1,654,669)	(241,264)	***	(1,895,933)
Intangibles:		8		8.
Right-to-use SBITA asset	·	(3,821)	- 0	(3,821)
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Land	-	(27,805)		(27,805)
Total	(5,673,138)	(398,487)		(6,071,625)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized,				
net	3,109,820	1,334,921		4,444,741_
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,762,443	\$ 1,334,921	\$ (623,009)	\$ 4,474,355

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 8,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,000
Construction in progress	43,129		(43,129)	
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated/amortized	51,129		(43,129)	8,000
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	185,650	(3)	⋾	185,650
Infrastructure	6,589,188	68,760	5	6,657,948
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	445,287	14,989	-	460,276
Intangibles:				
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Land	19,459			19,459
Total	7,239,584	83,749	-	7,323,333
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(164,654)	(11,222)	÷	(175,876)
Infrastructure	(3,205,018)	(106,592)	2	(3,311,610)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(221,122)	(36,664)	2	(257,786)
Intangibles:				
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Land	(12,828)	(2,757)		(15,585)
Total	(3,603,622)	(157,235)	-	(3,760,857)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized,				
net	3,635,962	(73,486)	-	3,562,476
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,687,091	\$ (73,486)	\$ (43,129)	\$ 3,570,476

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 96,848
Public safety	214,184
Highways and streets	47,734
Culture and recreation	39,721
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 398,487
Business-type activities:	
Wastewater	\$ 50,811
Water	106,424
Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 157,235

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the City's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	F	Balance								
	Jul	y 1, 2023					I	Balance	Dι	e within
	(As	restated)	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Jun	e 30, 2024		1 year
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	37,923	\$	6,375	\$	9#	\$	44,298	\$	37,923
Net pension and other										
postemployment										
benefits liability		754,198		119,149		() = :		873,347		# 0
Financed purchases payable		511,414		72,872		117,810		466,476		125,974
Leases payable		81,262		<u> </u>		27,805		53,457		27,897
Bond payable		95,329		-		95,329		3.00		
Governmental activities	-				7		2	- 17		
long-term liabilities	\$	1,480,126	\$	198,396	\$	240,944	\$	1,437,578	\$	191,794
	-									
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	10,725	\$	2,823	\$	25	\$	13,548	\$	10,162
Net pension and other										
postemployment										
benefits liability		335,118		4,517				339,635		
Financed purchases payable		155,190		-		36,253		118,937		45,587
Bonds payable		109,000				35,000		74,000		36,000
Leases payable		6,630		=		2,175	9	4,455	2	2,172
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	616,663	\$	7,340	\$	73,428	\$	550,575	\$	93,921

Bonds Payable – The City's bonded debt consists of a 2014 Revenue Bond issuance of \$382,000. Payments will be payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of revenues from transaction privilege and franchise taxes, business licenses, parks and recreational fees, fines and forfeitures, and State-shared revenues.

The 2014 Revenue Bonds require annual principal payments starting July 1, 2014, with semi-annual interest starting at that time. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Original	Maturity	Interest	Ou	tstanding
Description	Amount	Range	Rate	P	rincipal
Revenue Bonds	\$382,000	2026	4.50%	\$	74,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's bonds payable at June 30, 2024.

	Bonds Payable							
Year Ending	Bus	iness-type Ac	tivities					
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total					
2025	\$ 36,000	\$ 3,330	\$ 39,330					
2026	38,000	1,710	39,710					
Total	\$ 74,000	\$ 5,040	\$ 79,040					

Financed purchases – The City has acquired equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreements classified as financed purchases for accounting purposes.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's financed purchases payable at June 30, 2024.

	- 1	Financed purchases payable									
Year Ending		Governmental Activities				Busines Activ	100 N	*			
June 30	P	rincipal	_ Iı	Interest		Principal		terest			
2025	\$	125,974	\$	21,596	\$	45,587	\$	4,700			
2026		122,518		15,138		32,827		2,592			
2027		120,365		9,027		21,614		1,407			
2028	-	97,619	-	2,811	_	18,909	¥	348			
	\$	466,476	\$	48,572	\$	118,937	\$	9,047			

June 30, 2024

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Leases – The City has obtained the right to use equipment under the provisions of various lease agreements. All the lease agreements range in length from 48 to 60 months.

The total amount of lease assets and the related accumulated amortization are as follows:

	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total		
Land Accumulated amortization	\$ 81,097 (27,805)	\$ 19,459 (15,585)	\$	100,556 (43,390)	
Carrying value	\$ 53,292	\$ 3,874	\$	57,166	

The following schedule details minimum lease payments to maturity for the City's leases payable at June 30, 2024:

						Leases	payab	le				
Year Ending	112	Governmental Activities						Business-type Activities				
June 30	P	rincipal	_ In	iterest	ali-	Total	Pr	incipal	Int	terest		Total
2025	\$	27,897	\$	2,103	\$	30,000	\$	2,172	\$	228	\$	2,400
2026	10-	25,560		675	376	26,235		2,283		117		2,400
Total	_\$_	53,457	_\$_	2,778	\$	56,235	\$	4,455	\$	345	\$	4,800

The City entered into a subscription-based information technology agreement (SBITA) in June 2023 for police camera license. The City paid the entire amount of the contract in June 2023 and does not have a liability. The total amount of SBITA and the related accumulated amortization is as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
SBITA Accumulated amortization	\$ 38,208 (3,821)			
Carrying value	\$ 34,387			

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	vernmental Activities	iness-type ctivities	14	Total
Net pension/OPEB assets	\$ 1,179,800	\$ 11,611	\$	1,191,411
Net pension/OPEB liabilities	873,347	339,636		1,212,983
Deferred outflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB	380,131	84,617		464,748
Deferred inflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB	137,135	18,347		155,482
Pension and OPEB expense	130,624	59,496		190,120

The City reported \$134,727 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55 25 years age 60					
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62						
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62					
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*					
		Any years age 65					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability For the year ended June 30, 2024, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.14 percent for retirement and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.03 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.99 percent (9.94 percent for retirement and 0.05 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$159,420, \$1,429, and \$1,964, respectively.

During fiscal year 2024, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 64.72 percent from the General Fund, 6.79 percent from the Highways and Streets Fund, 0.49 percent from the Grants Fund, 4.36 percent from the Wastewater Fund, 22.24 percent from the Water Fund, and 1.40 percent from the Sanitation Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net P	Net Pension/OPEB			
	_ (Ass	set) Liability			
Pension	\$	1,211,990			
Health insurance premium benefit		(41,466)			
Long-term disability		992			

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2023, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2022, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2023	from June 30, 2022
Pension	0.00749%	0.00082%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00768%	0.00084%
Long-term disability	0.00757%	0.00083%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	216,973
Health insurance premium benefit	(5,500)
Long-term disability	1,014

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pen	sion		He	alth Insura Ber	ince Pr iefit	emium
	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of sources	Out	ferred flows of ources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or	\$	27,386	\$		\$	1,750	\$	15,464
other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		-				-		825
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate		-		42,881				1,821
share of contributions		112,901		-		74		2,279
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		159,420	9			1,429	g	
Total	\$	299,707	\$	42,881	\$	3,253	\$	20,389
		Long-Tern						
		eferred tflows of		eferred flows of				
	Re	sources	_Re	sources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or	\$	896	\$	558				
other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		262		1,444				
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate		-		79				
share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		593 1,964		174				
Total	\$	3,715	\$	2,255				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ended June 30,	P	Pension	Insurance um Benefit	Long-Term Disability
2025	\$	69,699	\$ (7,471)	(54)
2026		(13,177)	(8,148)	(217)
2027		46,213	(1,533)	98
2028		(5,329)	(1,418)	(203)
2029			5	(209)
Thereafter		79=	8=	81

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9 - 8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance

premium benefit

Recovery rates 2012 GLDT for long-term disability

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

ASRS

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Public equity	44%	3.50%
Credit	23%	5.90%
Real estate	17%	5.90%
Private equity	10%	6.70%
Interest rate sensitive	6%	1.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2023, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	6.0%)	Cu	rrent Discount Rate (7.0%)	 1% Increase (8.0%)
City's Proportionate share of the Net pension liability	\$ 1,815,383	\$	1,211,990	\$ 708,867
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)	(28,983)		(41,466)	(52,074)
Net long-term disability liability	1,451		992	541

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – City police and fire employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the City's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Memb	ership Date:	
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017	
Retirement and Disability	-		
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5	
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	
Benefit percentage			
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	
Accidental Disability	50% or normal retireme	nt, whichever is greater	
Retirement			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then retirement, which	reduced to either 62.5% or normal chever is greater	
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20		
Survivor Benefit			
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired n	nember's pension benefit	
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job		

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

-	PSPRS Police			
_	Pension	Health		
Inactive employees or				
beneficiaries currently receiving				
benefits	1	1		
Inactive employees entitled to				
but not yet receiving benefits	4	-		
Active employees	2	2		
Total	7	3		

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active Member-	
	Pension	
PSPRS Police	7.65%	

June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The City's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$0.

Liability – At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following asset and liabilities:

	Net Pension (Asset)		Net OPEB (Asset)	
		Liability	I	Liability
PSPRS Police	\$	(1,084,073)	\$	(65,871)

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

PS	P	RS
----	---	----

PSPRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.20%
Wage inflation	3.0 - 6.25% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.85% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.2 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term expected geometric real rate of return
U.S. public equity	24%	3.98%
International public equity	16%	4.49%
Global private equity	20%	7.28%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	4.49%
Core bonds	6%	1.90%
Private credit	20%	6.19%
Diversifying strategies	5%	3.68%
Cash - Mellon	2%	0.69%
Total	100%	

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2024, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

PSPRS-Police

				Pension se (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)			Fiduciary Net	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	583,732	\$	1,536,938	\$	(953,206)
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		27,387		— 0		27,387
Interest on the total liability		42,811		-		42,811
Differences between expected and actual experience in the						
measurement of the liability		(107,761)		=:		(107,761)
Contributions-employer		7 .9		23,461		(23,461)
Contributions-employee		-0		11,073		(11,073)
Net investment income		=:		115,403		(115,403)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(33,053)		(33,053)		-
Administrative expense		- x		(1,695)		1,695
Tiers 1 & 2 Adjustment		-		(54,938)		54,938
Net changes		(70,616)	10	60,251		(130,867)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	513,116	\$	1,597,189	\$	(1,084,073)

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)			duciary Net	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	17,796	\$	79,913	\$	(62,117)		
Changes for the year								
Service Cost		589		· ·		589		
Interest on the total liability		1,280		-		1,280		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience in the								
measurement of the liability		323		- 1		323		
Net investment income		-		6,039		(6,039)		
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of employee								
contributions		(1,212)		(1,212)		-		
Administrative expense	7	-		(93)		93		
Net changes	7	980		4,734	21-	(3,754)		
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	18,776	\$	84,647	\$	(65,871)		
	8		3					

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease (6.2%)		Current Discount Rate (7.2%)		% Increase (8.2%)
PSPRS Police Net pension (asset) liability Net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(1,000,866) (63,462)	\$	(1,084,073) (65,871)	\$	(1,148,029) (67,862)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pensi	on Expense	OPEB Expense		
PSPRS Police	\$	(19,561)	\$	(2,806)	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS-Police

	Pension				Health Insurance Premium Benefit			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	\$	102,689	\$	84,292	\$	15,465	\$	5,490
Changes of assumptions or								
other inputs		3,961				108		175
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on								
plan investments		16,543		=		777		-
City contributions subsequent								
to the measurement date		23,003			3	<u>=</u>	***) = 1
Total	\$	146,196	\$	84,292	\$	16,350	\$	5,665

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police						
	P	ension		Health			
Year ended June 30,							
2025	\$	(11,391)	\$	691			
2026		(13,882)		(105)			
2027		65,124		2,606			
2028		(950)		717			
2029		18		783			
Thereafter				5,993			

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables—Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Payable to			
Payable from		General Fund		
Grants Fund	\$	513,280		
Marketing Fund (non-major)		53,686		
Christmas Light Donation Fund (non-major)		3,370		
Wastewater Fund		301,848		
Sanitation Fund		750,041		
	\$	1,622,225		

Each fund borrowed cash from the General Fund to cover the expenses of each fund. The Wastewater and Sanitation funds are not expected to repay their loans within one year.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY - Continued

Interfund transfers—Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

		Trans fer from				
				arketing Fund		
Transfer to	Gene	eral Fund	(no	onmajor)	Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	34,586	\$ 34,586	
HURF Fund (nonmajor)	19	220,000	_	-	220,000	
	\$	220,000	\$	34,586	\$254,586	

The purpose of the interfund transfer from the General Fund to the HURF Fund was to fund current operations of the HURF fund. The purpose of the transfers from the Marketing Fund to the General Fund were to reimburse those funds for expenditures incurred.

NOTE 10 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The Marketing Fund and the Christmas light donation Fund currently have deficit fund balances of \$53,686 and \$3,370, respectively.

NOTE 11 - ERROR CORRECTION AND NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

During fiscal year 2024, error corrections from right-to-use leases and subscription-based information technology agreements that were not recognized in fiscal year 2023 resulted in restatement of beginning net position in the governmental activities as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Net position, June 30, 2023, as previously reported		\$	6,207,714	
Error correction				
Right-to-use lease assets	\$81,097			
Subscription-based information technology				
agreement asset	38,208			
Lease payable	(81,262)			
Total error corrections			38,043	
Net position, July 1, 2023, as restated		\$	6,245,757	



CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,754,316	\$ 1,754,316	\$ 1,824,752	\$ 70,436
Intergovernmental	9,931,048	9,931,048	1,030,448	(8,900,600)
Charges for services	985,700	985,700	747,100	(238,600)
Licenses and permits	79,500	79,500	86,064	6,564
Donations and contributions	118,200	118,200	67,763	(50,437)
Interest	3,250	382,250	60,655	(321,595)
Other revenue	13,499	13,499	41,301	27,802
Fines and forfeitures	30,500	30,500	29,857	(643)
Total revenues	12,916,013	13,295,013	3,887,940	(9,407,073)
Expenditures				
Governing body	11,499	11,499	11,169	330
City hall	448,828	448,828	451,797	(2,969)
Election board	2,000	2,000	97	1,903
Building inspector	91,476	91,476	89,728	1,748
Airport	948,100	948,100	326,762	621,338
Public buildings	339,312	339,312	339,344	(32)
Building renovations	62,000	62,000	64,174	(2,174)
Tourism	122,000	122,000	130,125	(8,125)
Boothill donations	178,000	178,000	148,353	29,647
Cemetery	24,500	24,500	2,893	21,607
Non-departmental	8,502,854	8,502,854	73,309	8,429,545
City-bus	28,441	28,441	24,116	4,325
Marshal's office	982,284	982,284	978,354	3,930
Fire department	368,520	368,520	423,053	(54,533)
City magistrate	80,942	80,942	81,284	(342)
Health and welfare	175,159	175,159	174,570	589
Senior center rehabilitation	351,610	351,610	-	351,610
Parks and recreation	186,369	186,369	198,912	(12,543)
Boothill sales	540,000	540,000	430,263	109,737
Library	76,220	76,220	69,090	7,130
Total expenditures	13,520,114	13,520,114	4,017,393	9,502,721
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(604,101)	(225,101)	(129,453)	95,648
Other financing sources (uses)				
Financed purchase agreement		=	72,872	72,872
Transfers in (out)	629,100	629,100	(195,258)	(824,358)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	629,100	629,100	(122,386)	(751,486)
Net changes in fund balance	24,999	403,999	(251,839)	(655,838)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,491,104	2,491,104	2,491,104	3
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,516,103	\$ 2,895,103	\$ 2,239,265	\$ (655,838)

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Var	riance with
	Original		Final	Α	mounts	Fir	al Budget
Revenues				20		U.S.	
Intergovernmental	\$ 442,957	_\$_	442,957	\$	442,957	\$	(4)
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety	1,705,625		1,705,625		797,675		907,950
Highways and streets	133,930		133,930		16,238		117,692
Total expenditures	1,839,555	-	1,839,555		813,913		1,025,642
Net changes in fund balance	(1,396,598)		(1,396,598)		(370,956)		1,025,642
Fund balance, beginning of year	 32,337	8	32,337		32,337		-
Fund balance, end of year	(1,364,261)	\$	(1,364,261)	\$	(338,619)	\$	1,025,642

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the City to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The City Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibit expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the City Councils' approval.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the City hall, Public buildings, Buildings renovations, Tourism, Fire department, City magistrate, and Parks and recreation departments.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2024

ASRS-Pension

ASRS-FEISION					Reporting F (Measurem				
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 2018 (2018) (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.007490%	0.006670%	0.006050%	0.006520%	0.006040%	0.005890% 0.00615	0.006450%	0.006010%	0.005617%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,211,990	\$ 1,088,692	\$ 794,943	\$ 1,129,689	\$ 878,890	\$ 821,448 \$ 958,0	and the state of t	\$ 936,903	\$ 831,166
City's covered payroll	\$ 883,255	\$ 794,506	\$ 680,129	\$ 696,533	\$ 637,021	\$ 585,642 \$ 592,3	SALES SECTIONS SECTIONS SECTIONS SECTION SECTI	\$ 563,214	\$ 754,551
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	137.22%	137.03%	116.88%	162.19%	137,97%	140.26% 161.7	3% 175.40%	166.35%	110.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.47%	74.26%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40% 69.9	2% 67.06%	68.35%	69,49%
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit				W-5 122 2					
				COLUMN TO SERVICE SERV	Fiscal Year				
				(Measure	ment Date)		2017		
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 2018 (2018) (2017)	2017 through 2015		
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.007680%	0.006840%	0.006200%	0.006610%	0.006190%	0.006000% 0.00624	0% Information		
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (41,466)	\$ (38,174)	\$ (30,207)	\$ (4,680)	\$ (1,711)	\$ (2,161) \$ (3,3	97)		
City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	\$ 883,255 -4.69%	\$ 794,506 -4.80%	\$ 680,129 -4.44%	\$ 696,533 -0.67%	\$ 637,021 -0.27%	\$ 585,642 \$ 592,3 -0.37% -0.5			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	134.37%	137.79%	130.24%	104.33%	101.62%	102.20% 103.5	7%		

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2024

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

Reporting	Fiscal	Year
~ -		

						(Measure)	nent	Date)					
	2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)		2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)	5	2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2015
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	9	0.007570%	0.006740%		0.006130%	0.006540%		0.006130%		0.005910%	(0.006170%	Information
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	1,014	\$ 623	\$	1,265	\$ 4,961	\$	3,993	\$	3,088	\$	2,236	not available
City's covered payroll	\$	883,255	\$ 794,506	\$	680,129	\$ 696,533	\$	637,021	\$	585,642	\$	592,375	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.11%	0.08%		0.19%	0.71%		0.63%		0.53%		0.38%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		93.70%	95.40%		90.38%	68.01%		72.85%		77.83%		84.44%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's

Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Agent Plans June 30, 2024

PSPRS - Police

	18									Reporting (Measure										
	18	2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)	0.	2022 (2021)		2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)	_	2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)	10	2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
Total pension liability																				
Service cost	\$	27,387	\$	35,651	S	46,714	S	32,196	\$	36,716	S	28,068	\$	49,315	S	37,106	S	19,439	\$	30,962
Interest on the total pension liability		42,811		30,550		25,072		25,518		24,945		22,479		19,211		23,001		25,324		31,998
Changes of benefit terms		(7.								1.70				1,075		4,697		.7		(367)
Differences between expected and actual experience				200		2002020		2000000				201222		2007		75000 1000				
in the measurement of the pension liability		(107,761)		145,456		38,542		(70,321)		(48,885)		(34,538)		5,194		(101,482)		(83, 185)		(114,176)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs				5,429		•		*		4,235		-		(1,990)		2,913				3,736
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(22.052)		(22.405)		(16.042)						(10.725)		(10.205)						(62 924)
Other changes		(33,053)		(32,405)		(16,042)		3				(10,725)		(18,395)		8				(62,834)
Net change in total pension liability		(70,616)	6	184,681	/	94,266	_	(12,607)	-	17,011	_	5,284	-	54,410	-	(33,765)	_	(38,422)	_	(110,681)
Total pension liability - beginning		583,732		399,051		304,785		317,392		300,381		295,097		240,687		274,452		312,874		423,555
Total pension liability - ending (a)	S	513,116	\$	583,732	S	399,051	\$	304,785	\$	317,392	\$	300,381	\$	295,097	S	240,687	\$	274,452	\$	312,874
Plan fiduciary net position																				
Contributions - employer	\$	23,461	\$	33,897	\$	20,636	\$	20,309	S	16,713	S	20,454	\$	13,386	\$	16,328	S	10,686	\$	13,826
Contributions - employee		11,073		15,559		25,694		16,309		17,567		25,571		31,190		26,346		13,419		15,048
Net investment income		110,652		(63,254)		343,499		14,902		57,301		69,116		100,201		4,722		29,457		98,582
Difference between projected and actual earnings on																				
Pension Plan investment		4,751																		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee																				
contributions		(33,053)		(32,405)		(16,042)		=		750		(10,725)		(18,395)		655				(62,834)
Hall/Parker Settlement						•								•				TO STATE OF THE ST		•
Administrative expense		(1,695)		(1,141)		(1,608)		(1,215)		(1,974)		(1,752)		(1,287)		(1,079)		(1,095)		(794)
Tiers 1 & 2 Adjustment		(54,938)						11000000000000				10000		192752200		response dance n.		100010000		
Other changes		(0.05)	_	(15.511)	-	- 250 150	8	(1,857)	_		0	13	_	8,014		(52,074)		(662)	_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		60,251		(47,344)		372,179		48,448		89,607		102,677		133,109		(5,757)		51,805		63,828
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	- 0	1,536,938	-	1,584,282		1,212,103	-	1,163,655	-	1,074,048	-	971,371	0	838,262	-	844,019	-	792,214	-	728,386
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-2	1,597,189	-	1,536,938	2	1,584,282	-	1,212,103	2	1,163,655	2	1,074,048	\$	971,371	_\$	838,262	\$	844,019	-\$	792,214
City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ ((1,084,073)	\$	(953,206)	<u>s</u> (1,185,231)	\$	(907,318)	\$	(846,263)	\$	(773,667)	\$	(676,274)	S	(597,575)	\$	(569,567)	\$	(479,340)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		311.27%		263.30%		397.01%		397,69%		366.63%		357.56%		329.17%		348.28%		307.53%		253.21%
Covered payroll	S	129,110	S	152,142	s	123,358	s	140,908	\$	150,791	\$	144,307	\$	267,724	S	226,150	S	121,307	\$	209,144
City's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-839.65%		-626.52%		-960.81%		-643.91%		-561.22%		-536.13%		-252.60%		-264.24%		-469.53%		-229.19%

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans

June 30, 2024

PSPRS OPEB - Police

								(Measure	ment	t Date)					
		2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)	-	2022 (2021)	-	2021 (2020)	-	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		2017 through 2015
Total OPEB liability															
Service cost	S	589	\$	811	\$	1,450	S	1,070	\$	851	\$	765	\$	964	Information
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,280		78		295		356		305		334		115	not available
Changes of benefit terms		-				•		4		4		2		1,088	
Differences between expected and actual experience															
in the measurement of the OPEB liability		323		17,176		(3,213)		(2,324)		(761)		(1,967)		1,241	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		77		•		<u> </u>		74		<u>~</u>		(329)	
Benefit payments		(1,212)		(1,212)		(505)				(E)		¥ ,	8	12	
Net change in total OPEB liability	-	980		16,930		(1,973)		(898)	///	469		(868)	-	3,079	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		17,796		866		2,839		3,737		3,268		4,136	8	1,057	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	18,776	\$	17,796	\$	866	\$	2,839	\$		\$	3,268	\$	4,136	
			-												
Plan fiduciary net position															
Contributions - employer	\$	<u></u>	S	19	\$	3 5 3	\$		\$		\$	(21)	\$	10 7 5	
Net investment income		5,707		(3,321)		18,404		832		3,376		4,092		6,178	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on															
OPEB Plan investment		332													
Benefit payments		(1,212)		(1,212)		(505)				3.55		J .		155	
Administrative expense		(93)		(59)		(76)		(68)		(58)		(62)		(54)	
Other changes		•								- 19				1.5	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,734		(4,592)		17,823		764	0.10	3,318		4,009		6,124	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		79,913		84,505		66,682		65,918		62,579		58,570		52,446	
Adjustement to beginning of year						181				21		03			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	S	84,647	\$	79,913	\$	84,505	\$	66,682	\$	65,918	S	62,579	\$	58,570	
					-										
City's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	S	(65,871)	\$	(62,117)	\$	(83,639)	\$	(63,843)	S	(62,181)	S	(59,311)	\$	(54,434)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		450.83%		449.05%		9758.08%		2348.78%		1763.93%		1914.90%		1416.10%	
Covered payroll	S	129,110	\$	152,142	S	123,358	\$	140,908	\$	150,791	S	144,307	\$	267,724	
City's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-51.02%		-40.83%		-67.80%		-45.31%		-41.24%		-41.10%		-20.33%	

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

ASRS-Pension

ASRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year																			
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll	\$ \$	159,420 (159,420) - 1,308,131	\$ \$	116,602 (84,411) 32,191 883,255	\$ \$	84,411 (84,411) 794,506	\$ \$	79,244 (79,244) - 680,129	\$ \$	81,627 (81,627) - 696,533	\$ \$ \$	71,218 (71,218) - 637,021	\$ \$	63,837 (63,837) - 585,642	\$ \$ \$	64,646 (64,646) - 592,375	\$ \$ \$	65,502 (65,502) - 593,548	\$ \$ \$	60,331 (60,331) - 563,214
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.19%		13.20%		10.62%		11.65%		11.72%		11.18%		10.90%		10.91%		11.04%		10.71%
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit								R	epor	ting Fiscal Y	ear									
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	201	6 through 2015		
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	1,429	\$	1,076	\$	1,476	\$	2,653	\$	3,454	\$	2,930	\$	2,577	\$	3,358		ormation available		
required contribution		(1,429)	_	(1,076)	_	(1,476)	_	(2,653)	_	(3,454)	_	(2,930)	_	(2,577)	000	(3,358)				
City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll	\$	1,308,131	\$	883,255	\$	794,506	\$	680,129	\$	696,533	\$	637,021	\$	585,642	S	592,375				
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.11%		0.12%		0.19%		0.39%		0.50%		0.46%		0.44%		0.57%				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

ASRS-Long-Term Disability	-			R	eporting Fiscal Ye	ear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2015	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll	\$ 1,964 (1,964) \$ - \$ 1,308,131	\$ 1,369 (1,369) \$ - \$ 883,255	\$ 1,335 (1,335) \$ - \$ 794,506	\$ 1,224 (1,224) \$ - \$ 680,129	\$ 1,198 (1,198) \$ - \$ 696,533	\$ 1,019 (1,019) \$ - \$ 637,021	\$ 937 (937) \$ - \$ 585,642	\$ 839 (839) \$ - \$ 592,375	Information not available	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.15%	0.15%	0.17%	0.18%	0.17%	0.16%	0.16%	0.14%		
PSPRS - Police	;				Reporting	Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess)	s - s -	\$ 23,433 (23,433) \$ -	S -	\$ 20,636 (20,636) \$ -	\$ 20,309 (20,309) \$ -	\$ 16,713 (16,713) \$ -	\$ 20,454 (20,454) \$ -	\$ 13,386 (13,386) \$ -	\$ (16,328) \$ -	\$ 10,686 (10,686) \$ -
City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 88,695 0.00%	\$ 129,110 18.15%	\$ 152,142 222.82%	\$ 123,358 16.73%	\$ 140,908 14.41%	\$ 150,791 11.08%	\$ 144,307 14.17%	\$ 267,724 5.00%	\$ 226,150 7.22%	\$ 121,307 8.81%

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

PSPRS OPEB - Police

							R	eport	ing Fiscal Y	Year					
		2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016 through 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	9 4 0	\$ 2	\$	-	S	-	\$	8=8	\$	•	\$	(21)	\$ (*)	Information
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		141	_ =		848		2		(12)		-		21	940	not available
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	S	- 1	\$ 	S	940	\$		\$	(-	S		\$	4	\$ (16)	
City's covered payroll	S	88,695	\$ 129,110	\$	152,142	S	123,358	\$	140,908	S	150,791	S	144,307	\$ 267,724	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		-0.01%	0.00%	

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as of

the 2022 actuarial valuation

tuariai valuation 10 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2022 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased

from 7.3% to 7.2%. In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was

decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased

from 4.0%–8.0% to 3.5%–7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%–8.5% to 4.0%–8.0% for

PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were

decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2022 actuarial valuation, wage growth was changed from 3.5% to a

range of 3.0 - 6.25% for PSPRS. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for

PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the 2017

actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females).

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress
June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS - Continued

the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or law's will retire after the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the City refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the City to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.



1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Tombstone

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tombstone, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Tombstone's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Tombstone's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tombstone's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tombstone's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal

control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001, 2024-002, and 2024-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Tombstone's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **2024-004**.

The City of Tombstone's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Tombstone's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Tombstone's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby + Powell
March 31, 2025

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2024

Financial Statement Findings:

Item: 2024-001

Subject: Review of Billing Adjustments

Criteria: The accounting duties of receiving utility payments and authorizing an utility billing adjustment must be segregated duties by separate finance employees. Billing adjustments should be documented by the authorizing employee.

Condition: During our audit we discovered that the City does not have documentation for the authorized billing adjustments.

Recommendation: We recommend that all billing adjustments be evidenced by written documentation.

Response: Management agrees with this finding and will set up procedures to ensure that written authorization for billing adjustments occur and that a review takes place regularly, documenting the review.

Item: 2024-002

Subject: Inventory

Criteria: The City should have policy and procedures for ensuring the accuracy of their inventory and should reconcile the inventory on hand to the amounts recorded in the general ledger on a routine basis.

Condition: During our audit we discovered that the City has not performed an inventory count of the Boothill Museum for several years.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City implement a policy and procedure to reconcile inventory on a minimum annual basis.

Response: Boothill Gift Shop is currently in the process of conducting an inventory as of March 31, 2025. They will conduct inventory again at the end of the fiscal year on June 30, 2025. Going forward, inventory will be done bi-annually at the end of December and June each year. And we will also make this a matter of policy and procedure.

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2024

Item: 2024-003

Subject: Preparation of the working trial balance.

Criteria: All transactions entered into during the period should be posted in the City's financial records in accordance with an acceptable basis of accounting. All such transactions should be recorded in their correct account according to the City's approved chart of accounts, the City's budget, and generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: Audit adjustments were proposed and subsequently recorded by management to properly correct misstated account balances in the City's general ledger

Recommendation: We recommend that management review all audit entries to help in identifying areas in the accounting system that required adjustment. The finance department should ensure that these areas are complete before each audit.

Response: An implementation plan related to this matter has been addressed. The trial balance that was presented for audit did not contain all necessary adjustments prior to the audit. Management will perform monthly reviews of the trial balance and other reports within the accounting software to monitor for accuracy. Management will prepare year-end adjustments prior to the audit. This corrective action will be performed by the City's contract accountant and the finance staff beginning immediately.

Compliance Findings:

Item: 2024-004

Subject: Formal written policies and procedures

Criteria: The City should have written policies and procedures that formally outline the financial policies and procedures of the City.

Condition: During our audit, it was noted that there are no written accounting policies and procedures, other than a purchasing policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City institute a program to methodically identify and document its significant accounting processes. Accounting processes, in particular, are procedure to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report transactions. Processes include activities and procedures involving in repeatable accounting transactions or events, such as paying invoices, processing payroll, taking physical inventory, preparing journal entries, performing bank reconciliations, etc. Also create a written policy for minimum capitalizations of property and

CITY OF TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2024

equipment, long-term contracts of leases and software base information technology arrangements.

Response: Management agrees with this finding and will put into place to adopt fiscal policies.