Chapter 3.4 — Public Facilities Standards

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3.4.000 Purpose and Applicability.

- **A.** <u>Purpose.</u> The purpose of this chapter is to provide planning and design standards for public and private transportation facilities and utilities. Streets are the most common public spaces, touching virtually every parcel of land. Therefore, one of the primary purposes of this Chapter is to provide standards for attractive and safe streets that can accommodate vehicle traffic from planned growth, and provide a range of transportation options, including options for driving, walking, and bicycling. This Chapter is also intended to implement the City's Transportation System Plan.
- **B.** When Standards Apply. Unless otherwise provided, the standard specifications for construction, reconstruction, or repair of transportation facilities, utilities and other public improvements within the City shall occur in accordance with the standards of this Chapter. No development may occur unless the public facilities related to development comply with the public facility requirements established in this Chapter.
- **C.** <u>Standard Specifications.</u> The City Engineer shall establish standard construction specifications consistent with the standards of this Chapter and application of engineering principles. They are retained in the Public Works Standards.
- D. <u>Conditions of Approval.</u> No development may occur unless required public facilities are in place or guaranteed, in conformance with the provisions of this Code. Improvements required as a condition of approval, when not voluntarily accepted by the applicant, shall be roughly proportional to the impact of development on public facilities and services. Findings in the development approval shall indicate how the required improvements are roughly proportional to the impact.

3.4.100 Transportation Standards.

A. <u>Development Standards.</u> No development shall occur unless the development has frontage or approved access to a public street, in conformance with the provisions of Chapter 3.1 - Access and Circulation, and the following standards are met:

- 1. Streets within or adjacent to a development shall be improved in accordance with the Transportation System Plan and the provisions of this Chapter.
- 2. Development of new streets, and additional street width or improvements planned as a portion of an existing street, shall be improved in accordance with this Section, and public streets shall be dedicated to the City of Stanfield or other applicable jurisdiction;
- 3. New streets and drives connected to a collector or arterial street shall be paved; and
- 4. The City may accept a future improvement guarantee (e.g., owner agrees not to remonstrate or object against the formation of a local improvement district in the future) in lieu of street improvements if one or more of the following conditions exist:
 - a. A partial improvement may create a potential safety hazard to motorists or pedestrians;
 - Due to the developed condition of adjacent properties, it is unlikely that street improvements would be extended in the foreseeable future and the improvement associated with the project under review does not, by itself, provide increased street safety or capacity, or improved pedestrian circulation;
 - c. The improvement would conflict with an adopted capital improvement plan; or
 - d. The improvement is associated with an approved land partition on property zoned residential and the proposed land partition does not create any new streets.
- **B.** <u>Variances.</u> Variances to the transportation design standards in this Section may be granted by means of a Class B Variance, as governed by Chapter 5.1 Variances. A variance may be granted under this provision only if a required improvement is not feasible due to topographic or environmental constraints.
- C. Creation of Rights-of-Way for Streets and Related Purposes. Streets shall be created through the approval and recording of a final subdivision or partition plat; except the City may approve the creation of a street by acceptance of a deed, provided that the street is deemed essential by the City Council for the purpose of implementing the Transportation System Plan, and the deeded right-of- way conforms to the standards of this Code. All deeds of dedication shall be in a form prescribed by the City Engineer and shall name "the public," as grantee.
- D. <u>Creation of Access Easements</u>. The City may approve an access easement established by deed when the easement is necessary to provide for access and circulation in conformance with Chapter 3.1 Access and Circulation. Access easements shall be created and maintained in accordance with the Uniform Fire Code.
- **E.** Street Location, Width and Grade. The location, width and grade of all streets shall conform to the Transportation System Plan and an approved street plan or subdivision plat. Street location, width, and grade shall be determined in relation to existing and planned streets, topographic conditions, public convenience safety, and in appropriate relation to the proposed use of the land to be served by such streets. Applicable standards are found in the Public Works Standards.
- **F.** <u>Minimum Rights-of-Way and Street Sections.</u> Street rights-of-way and improvements shall be determined by the City Engineer based on the Transportation System Plan and the Public Works Standards.

G. Traffic Signals and Traffic Calming Features.

- 1. Traffic-calming features, such as traffic circles, curb extensions, narrow residential streets, and special paving may be used to slow traffic in neighborhoods and areas with high pedestrian traffic. When installed they shall conform to Public Works Standards.
- 2. Traffic signals shall be required with development when traffic signal warrants are met, in conformance with the Highway Capacity Manual and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The location of traffic signals shall be noted on approved street plans. Where a proposed street intersection will result in an immediate need for a traffic signal, a signal meeting approved specifications shall be installed. The developer's cost and the timing of improvements shall be included as a condition of approval.
- 3. Traffic signals and traffic calming features on Highway 395 shall be determined by the Oregon Department of Transportation.

H. Future Street Plan and Extension of Streets.

- A future street plan shall be filed by the applicant in conjunction with an application for a
 subdivision to facilitate orderly development of the street system. The plan shall show the
 pattern of existing and proposed streets from the boundaries of the proposed land division and
 shall include other parcels within 400 feet, or further if deemed necessary, surrounding and
 adjacent to the proposed land division. The street plan is not binding; rather it is intended to
 show potential future street extensions with future development.
- 2. Streets shall be extended to the boundary lines of the parcel or tract to be developed, when the Planning Official determines that the extension is necessary to give street access to, or permit a satisfactory future division of, adjoining land. The point where the streets temporarily end shall conform to a-c, below:
 - a. These extended streets or street stubs to adjoining properties are not considered to be culde-sacs since they are intended to continue as through streets when the adjoining property is developed.
 - b. A barricade (e.g., fence, bollards, boulders, or similar vehicle barrier) shall be constructed at the end of the street by the subdivider and shall not be removed until authorized by the City or other applicable agency with jurisdiction over the street. The cost of the barricade shall be included in the street construction cost.
 - c. Temporary turnarounds (e.g., hammerhead or bulb-shaped configuration) shall be constructed for stub streets over 150 feet in length.

I. Street Alignment and Connections.

- 1. Staggering of streets making "T" intersections at collectors and arterials shall not be designed so that jogs of less than 300 feet on such streets are created, as measured from the centerline of the street.
- 2. Spacing between local street intersections shall have a minimum separation of 125 feet, except

- where more closely spaced intersections are designed to provide an open space, pocket park, common area, or similar neighborhood amenity. This standard applies to four-way and three-way (offset) intersections.
- 3. All local and collector streets that abut a development site shall be extended within the site to provide through circulation unless prevented by environmental or topographical constraints, existing development patterns, or compliance with other standards in this code. This exception applies when it is not possible to redesign or reconfigure the street pattern to provide required extensions. Land is considered topographically constrained if the slope is greater than 15% for 250 feet or more. In the case of environmental or topographical constraints, the mere presence of a constraint is not sufficient to show that a street connection is not possible. The applicant must show why the environmental or topographic constraint precludes some reasonable street connection.
- 4. Proposed streets or street extensions shall be located to provide direct access to existing or planned commercial services and other neighborhood facilities, such as schools, shopping areas, and parks.
- 5. To promote efficient vehicular and pedestrian circulation throughout the city, the design of subdivisions and alignment of new streets shall conform to the Street Connectivity and Formation of Blocks standards in Chapter 3.1 Access and Circulation.
- J. <u>Sidewalks, Planter Strips, Bicycle Lanes.</u> Sidewalks, planter strips, and bicycle lanes shall be installed in conformance with the standards in Table 3.4.100, applicable provisions of the Transportation System Plan, and adopted street plans. Maintenance of sidewalks, curbs, and planter strips is the continuing obligation of the adjacent property owner.
- K. <u>Intersection Angles.</u> Streets shall be laid out to intersect at an angle as near to a right angle as practicable, except where topography requires a lesser angle or where a reduced angle is necessary to provide an open space, pocket park, common area, or similar neighborhood amenity. Public Works Standards shall apply.
- **L.** Existing Rights-of-Way. Whenever existing rights-of-way adjacent to or within a tract are of less than standard width, additional rights-of-way shall be provided at the time of subdivision or development, subject to the provision of Section 3.4.000.D.
- **M.** <u>Cul-de-sacs.</u> A dead-end street shall be no more than 200 feet long, shall not provide access to greater than 25 dwelling units, and shall only be used when environmental or topographical constraints, existing development patterns, or compliance with other standards in this code preclude street extension and through circulation:
 - 1. All cul-de-sacs shall terminate with a circular or hammerhead turnaround constructed to Public Works Standards. When an island or parking bay is provided, there shall be a fire apparatus lane of 20 feet in width; and
 - 2. The length of the cul-de-sac shall be measured along the centerline of the roadway from the near side of the intersecting street to the farthest point of the cul-de-sac.

- **N.** <u>Grades and Curves.</u> Grades and curves shall be done in compliance with the Public Works Standards.
- O. <u>Curbs, Curb Cuts, Ramps, and Driveway Approaches.</u> Concrete curbs, curb cuts, wheelchair ramps, bicycle ramps, and driveway approaches shall be constructed in accordance with standards specified the Public Works Standards.
- P. <u>Streets Adjacent to Railroad Right-of-Way</u>. Wherever the proposed development contains or is adjacent to a railroad right-of-way, a street approximately parallel to and on each side of such right-of-way at a distance suitable for the appropriate use of the land shall be created. New railroad crossings and modifications to existing crossings are subject to review and approval by Oregon Department of Transportation and the rail service provider.
- **Q.** <u>Development Adjoining Arterial Streets.</u> Where a development adjoins or is crossed by an existing or proposed arterial street, the development design shall separate residential access and through traffic and shall minimize traffic conflicts. The design shall include one or more of the following:
 - 1. A parallel access street along the arterial with a landscape buffer separating the two streets;
 - 2. Deep lots abutting the arterial or major collector to provide adequate buffering with frontage along another street. Double frontage lots shall conform to the buffering standards in Chapter 3.1.200.F;
 - 3. Screen planting at the rear or side property line to be contained in a non-access reservation (e.g., public easement or tract) along the arterial; or
 - 4. Other treatment suitable to meet the objectives of this subsection.
 - 5. If a lot has access to two streets with different classifications, primary access shall be from the lower classification street, in conformance with Chapter 3.1.200.
- R. Alleys, Public or Private. Alleys shall conform to adopted Public Works Standards.
- **S.** <u>Private Streets.</u> Private streets shall not be used to avoid connections with public streets. Design standards for private streets shall conform to adopted Public Works Standards.
- **T.** <u>Street Names.</u> No street name shall be used which will duplicate or be confused with the names of existing streets in Umatilla County, except for extensions of existing streets. Street names, signs, and numbers shall conform to the established pattern in the surrounding area, except as requested by emergency service providers.
- U. <u>Survey Monuments.</u> Upon completion of a street improvement and prior to acceptance by the City, it shall be the responsibility of the developer's registered professional land surveyor to provide certification to the City that all boundary and interior monuments shall be reestablished and protected.
- **V.** <u>Street Signs.</u> The city, county or state with jurisdiction shall install all signs for traffic control and street names. The cost of signs required for new development shall be the responsibility of the

developer. Street name signs shall be installed at all street intersections. Stop signs and other signs may be required. All street signs shall conform to Public Works Standards.

- W. <u>Street Light Standards.</u> Streetlights shall be installed in accordance with adopted Public Works Standards.
- X. Street Cross-Sections. Street Cross Sections are found in the Public Works Standards.

3.4.200 Public Use Areas.

A. Dedication Requirements.

- 1. Where a proposed park, playground, or other public use shown in a plan adopted by the City is located in whole or in part in a subdivision, the City may require the dedication or reservation of this area on the final plat for the subdivision.
- 2. If determined by the City Council to be in the public interest in accordance with adopted comprehensive plan policies, and where an adopted plan of the City does not indicate proposed public use areas, the City may require the dedication or reservation of areas within the subdivision of a character, extent, and location suitable for the development of parks and other public uses.
- 3. All required dedications of public use areas shall conform to Section 3.4.000.D (Conditions of Approval).
- **B.** Acquisition by Public Agency. If the developer is required to reserve land area for a park, playground, or other public use, the land shall be dedicated to the appropriate public agency within 6 months following final plat approval, at a price agreed upon prior to approval of the plat, or the reservation shall be released to the property owner.
- **C.** <u>System Development Charge Credit.</u> Dedication of land to the City for public use areas shall be eligible as a credit toward any required system development charge for parks.

3.4.300 Sanitary Sewer and Water Service Improvements.

- **A.** Sewers and Water Mains Required. Sanitary sewers and water mains shall be installed to serve each new development and to connect developments to existing mains in accordance with the City's construction specifications.
- **B.** Sewer and Water Plan Approval. Development permits for sewer and water improvements shall not be issued until the City Engineer has approved all sanitary sewer and water plans in conformance with City standards.
- **C.** <u>Over-sizing.</u> Proposed sewer and water systems shall be sized to accommodate additional development within the area as projected by the City based on population projections from

Portland State University's Population Research Center. The developer shall be entitled to system development charge credits for the over-sizing.

D. <u>Permits Denied.</u> Development permits may be restricted by the City where a deficiency exists in the existing water or sewer system which cannot be rectified by the development and which if not rectified will result in a threat to public health or safety, surcharging of existing mains, or violations of state or federal standards pertaining to operation of domestic water and sewerage treatment systems. Building moratoriums shall conform to the criteria and procedures contained in ORS 197.505 through 197.540.

3.4.400 Storm Drainage.

- **A.** <u>General Provisions.</u> The City shall issue a development permit only where adequate provisions for storm water runoff have been made in conformance with Chapter 3.5 Surface Water Management.
- **B.** <u>Accommodation of Upstream Drainage.</u> Culverts and other drainage facilities shall be large enough to accommodate potential runoff from the entire upstream drainage area, whether inside or outside the development. Such facilities shall be subject to review and approval by the City Engineer.
- **C.** Effect on Downstream Drainage. Where it is anticipated by the City Engineer that the additional runoff resulting from the development will overload an existing drainage facility, the City shall withhold approval of the development until provisions have been made for improvement of the potential condition or until provisions have been made for storage of additional runoff caused by the development in accordance with City standards.
- **D.** Over Sizing. The city may require as a condition of approval that sewer, water, or storm drainage systems serving new development be sized to accommodate future development within the area as projected by the applicable facility master plan, provided that the City may grant the developer credit toward any required system development charge for the same pursuant to the System Development Charge.
- **E.** <u>Easements.</u> Where a development is traversed by a watercourse, drainage way, channel, or stream, there shall be provided a storm water easement or drainage right-of-way conforming substantially to the lines of such watercourse and such further width as will be adequate for conveyance and maintenance to protect public health and safety.

3.4.5 Utilities.

A. <u>Underground Utilities.</u> All utility lines including, but not limited to, those required for electric, communication, lighting, and cable television services and related facilities shall be placed underground, except for surface mounted transformers, surface mounted connection boxes and meter cabinets which may be placed above ground, temporary utility service facilities during construction, and high-capacity electric lines operating at 50,000 volts or above. The following additional standards apply to all new subdivisions, to facilitate underground placement of utilities:

- 1. The developer shall make all necessary arrangements with the serving utility to provide the underground services. Care shall be taken to ensure that all above ground equipment does not obstruct vision clearance areas for vehicular traffic (Chapter 3.1);
- 2. The City reserves the right to approve the location of all surface mounted facilities;
- 3. All underground utilities, including sanitary sewers and storm drains installed in streets by the developer, shall be constructed prior to the surfacing of the streets; and
- 4. Stubs for service connections shall be long enough to avoid disturbing the street improvements when service connections are made.
- **B.** Exception to Under-Grounding Requirement. An exception to the undergrounding requirement may be granted due to physical constraints, such as steep topography, environmental considerations, or existing development conditions.

3.4.600 Easements.

Easements for sewers, storm drainage and water quality facilities, water mains, electric lines or other public or private utilities shall be dedicated on a final plat or provided for in the deed restrictions. (See also Chapter 4.2 Site Design Review, and Chapter 4.3 Land Divisions.) The developer or applicant shall make arrangements with the City, the applicable district, and each utility franchise for the provision and dedication of utility easements necessary to provide full services to the development. The City's standard width for public main line utility easements shall be 5 feet unless otherwise specified by the utility company, applicable district, or City Engineer.

3.4.700 Construction Plan Approval and Assurances.

No public improvements, including sanitary sewers, storm sewers, streets, sidewalks, curbs, lighting, parks, or other requirements shall be undertaken except after the plans have been approved by the City, permit fee paid, and permit issued. The City may require the developer or subdivider to provide bonding or other performance guarantees to ensure completion of required public improvements. See Section 4.2.400 Site Design Review and Chapter 4.3.180 Land Divisions.)

3.4.800 Installation.

- **A.** <u>Conformance Required.</u> Improvements installed by the developer, either as a requirement of these regulations or at his/her own option, shall conform to the requirements of this chapter, approved construction plans, and to improvement standards and specifications adopted by the City.
- **B.** Adopted Installation Standards. The City has adopted Public Works Standards. Other standards may also be required upon recommendation of the City Engineer.
- **C.** <u>Commencement.</u> Work shall not begin until all applicable agency permits have been approved and issued.

- **D.** Resumption. If work is discontinued for more than one month, it shall not be resumed until the City is notified in writing and grants approval for work to commence.
- **E.** <u>City Inspection.</u> Improvements shall be constructed under the inspection and to the satisfaction of the City. The City may require minor changes in typical sections and details if unusual conditions arising during construction warrant such changes in the public interest. Major modifications requested by the developer shall be subject to land use review under Chapter 4.6 Modifications to Approved Plans and Conditions of Approval. Any monuments that are disturbed before all improvements are completed by the subdivider shall be replaced prior to final acceptance of the improvements.
- **F.** Engineer's Certification and As-Built Plans. A registered civil engineer shall provide written certification in a form required by the City that all improvements, workmanship, and materials are in accord with current and standard engineering and construction practices, conform to approved plans and conditions of approval, and are of high grade, prior to City acceptance of the public improvements, or any portion thereof, for operation and maintenance. The developer's engineer shall also provide "as-built" plans, both a paper copy and a digital copy, in conformance with the City Engineer's specifications, for permanent filing with the City.